

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7BEF7
RGB	247, 190, 247
RGB Percent	97%, 75%, 97%
CMY	0.0314, 0.2548, 0.0314
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	300°, 78%, 86%
HSV	300°, 23%, 97%
XYZ	73.5544, 63.3165, 96.3390
YIQ	213.5410, 15.6750, 29.8110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

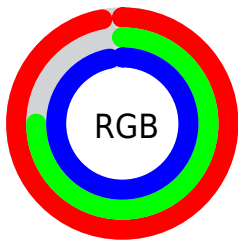
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 190, 247
Decimal	16236279
CIE Lab	83.61, 29.70, -20.27
CIE LCh	84, 35.957, 325.695
Yxy	63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294426359 (0xFFF7BEF7)
YUV	213.5410, 16.4953, 29.3435
Hunter-Lab	79.5717, 25.7513, -16.0834

# Details

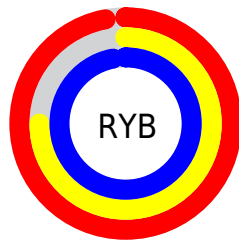
The Yxy color  $63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $81.1909, 0.3097, 0.3941$ , and the grayscale version is  $66.8013, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.0015, 0.3131, 0.3214$ , and  $32.3171, 0.3150, 0.2581$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $53.5086, 0.3166, 0.2467$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $74.9430, 0.3142, 0.2967$ .

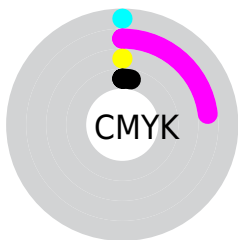
# Distribution



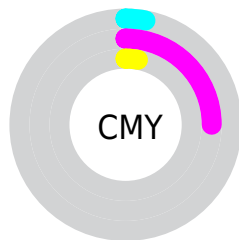
- Red (97%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (3%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.3165, 0.3154,  
0.2715

 63.3165, 0.3154,  
0.2715

436.7172, 0.3147,  
0.2974

 46.0973, 0.3155,  
0.2657


 109.6260, 0.3152,  
0.2804

 32.3226, 0.3155,  
0.2587


139.4851, 0.3151,  
0.2838

 21.6080, 0.3154,  
0.2500


174.3263, 0.3151,  
0.2869

 13.5692, 0.3151,  
0.2388

214.5339, 0.3150,  
0.2895

 7.8216, 0.3145,  
0.2240

260.4924, 0.3149,  
0.2918

 3.9810, 0.3131,  
0.2036


312.5862, 0.3148,


 1.6630, 0.3097,


0.2939


0.1739

371.1997, 0.3147,  
0.2958

 0.3995, 0.3075,  
0.1084


 0.0000, 0.0752,  
0.0000


 63.3165, 0.3154,  
0.2715


 63.3165, 0.3154,  
0.2715


 53.5086, 0.3166,  
0.2467


 74.9430, 0.3142,  
0.2967


 45.4196, 0.3176,  
0.2233

 88.4647, 0.3131,  
0.3215

 38.9531, 0.3186,  
0.2022

 98.0104, 0.3124,  
0.3368

 33.9995, 0.3195,  
0.1844

 98.0118, 0.3124,  
0.3368

30.4361, 0.3201,  
0.1706

98.0132, 0.3124,  
0.3368

28.1207, 0.3205,  
0.1611

98.0146, 0.3124,  
0.3368

26.8810, 0.3208,  
0.1559

98.0160, 0.3124,  
0.3368

26.4756, 0.3208,  
0.1541

98.0174, 0.3124,  
0.3368

98.0188, 0.3124,  
0.3368

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.3165, 0.2722, 0.2573



63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



63.3165, 0.3609, 0.2985

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



63.3165, 0.3862, 0.3988



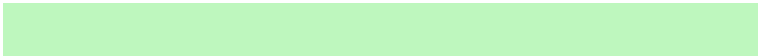
63.3165, 0.2374, 0.3160

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



81.1909, 0.3097, 0.3941

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.3165, 0.2641, 0.3610



63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



63.3165, 0.3497, 0.4112

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



63.3165, 0.4031, 0.3693



63.3165, 0.3050, 0.3978



63.3165, 0.2297, 0.2794



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



63.3165, 0.3852, 0.3212



63.3165, 0.3050, 0.3978



63.3165, 0.2443, 0.3308

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.3193, 0.3154, 0.2715



89.1342, 0.3135, 0.3118



54.9102, 0.2734, 0.2651



18.8883, 0.3136, 0.3103



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.3193, 0.3154, 0.2715



62.5908, 0.3160, 0.2591



61.7457, 0.3364, 0.2984



16.7681, 0.3138, 0.3057



14.0022, 0.3208, 0.1541



1.2307, 0.3209, 0.1541



# Inverse Universe

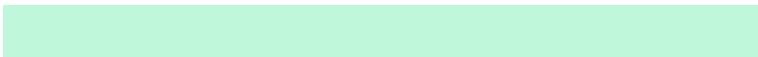
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.3262, 0.3605, 0.3291



58.8199, 0.3744, 0.3292



82.5091, 0.2943, 0.3618



16.4826, 0.3294, 0.3290



10.4580, 0.6400, 0.3300



0.9192, 0.6400, 0.3299



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

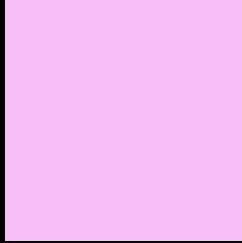
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

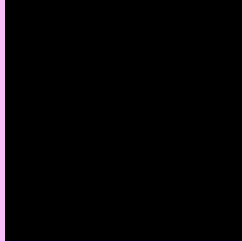
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715

### Protanopia

63.7160, 0.2748, 0.2762

### Deuteranopia

63.7144, 0.2915, 0.2854



## Tritanopia

63.1106, 0.3375, 0.3121

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



## Protanomaly

63.2486, 0.2884, 0.2744



## Deuteranomaly

63.4470, 0.3001, 0.2802



## Tritanomaly

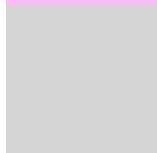
63.2529, 0.3292, 0.2967

# Monochromacy



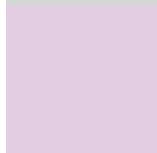
## Original Color

63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715



## Achromatopsia

67.2443, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

65.3224, 0.3138, 0.3063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 190, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 190, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 190, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 190, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 190, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 190, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 190, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 190, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 190, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 190,  
247) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.3165, 0.3154, 0.2715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 190, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
190, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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