

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(63.3269, 0.3539, 0.4005)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.3269, 0.3539, 0.4005)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2D498
RGB	210, 212, 152
RGB Percent	82%, 83%, 60%
CMY	0.1764, 0.1686, 0.4038
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.28, 0.17
HSL	62°, 41%, 71%
HSV	62°, 28%, 83%
XYZ	55.7969, 63.0556, 38.9442
YIQ	204.5620, 18.0680, -19.0840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

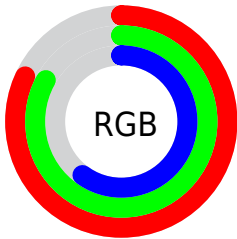
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">152, 212, 154</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13816984</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.47, -10.10, 29.53</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">83, 31.213, 108.875</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292007064 (0xFFD2D498)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">204.5620, -25.9131, 4.7691</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.4076, -13.5374, 26.5074</a>

# Details

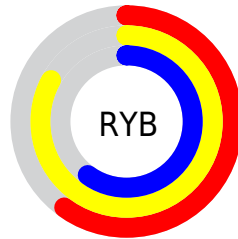
The Yxy color **63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **34.0854, 0.2651, 0.2480**, and the grayscale version is **60.9217, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.2850, 0.3412, 0.3760**, and **32.3424, 0.3632, 0.4189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.3228, 0.3676, 0.4242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.9186, 0.3391, 0.3744**.

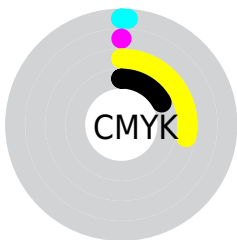
# Distribution



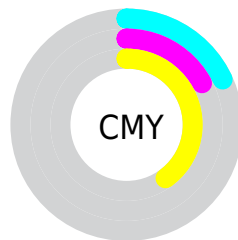
- Red (82%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.0556, 0.3536,  
0.3996

 63.0556, 0.3536,  
0.3996


435.7712, 0.3348,  
0.3656

 45.8862, 0.3578,  
0.4076

 109.2497, 0.3471,  
0.3876

 32.1560, 0.3629,  
0.4176


 139.0432, 0.3446,  
0.3830

 21.4807, 0.3691,  
0.4304


173.8135, 0.3424,  
0.3790

 13.4758, 0.3769,  
0.4473

213.9451, 0.3405,  
0.3756

 7.7570, 0.3865,  
0.4704

259.8222, 0.3388,  
0.3726

 3.9399, 0.3985,  
0.5038

311.8294, 0.3373,

 1.6400, 0.4257,

0.3700

0.5743

370.3509, 0.3360,  
0.3677

0.3843, 0.2361,  
0.7639

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

63.0556, 0.3536,  
0.3996

63.0556, 0.3536,  
0.3996

62.3228, 0.3676,  
0.4242

63.9186, 0.3391,  
0.3744

61.7052, 0.3806,  
0.4471

64.9095, 0.3245,  
0.3492

61.1984, 0.3919,  
0.4673

66.0369, 0.3103,  
0.3249

60.7943, 0.4010,  
0.4841

67.3061, 0.2968,  
0.3018

■ 60.4838, 0.4077,  
0.4967

■ 68.5261, 0.2860,  
0.2833

■ 60.2563, 0.4117,  
0.5049

■ 68.6306, 0.2865,  
0.2834

■ 60.0957, 0.4134,  
0.5092

■ 68.7354, 0.2869,  
0.2834

■ 60.0708, 0.4136,  
0.5098

■ 68.8407, 0.2874,  
0.2835

■ 68.9465, 0.2878,  
0.2835

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.0556, 0.3820, 0.3854



63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996



63.0556, 0.3153, 0.3929

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996



63.0556, 0.2398, 0.2923



63.0556, 0.3462, 0.2962

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996



34.0854, 0.2651, 0.2480

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.0556, 0.3061, 0.2744



63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996



63.0556, 0.2466, 0.2707

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996



63.0556, 0.2507, 0.3268



63.0556, 0.2701, 0.2650



63.0556, 0.3783, 0.3259



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996



63.0556, 0.2896, 0.3762



63.0556, 0.2701, 0.2650



63.0556, 0.3331, 0.2878

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.0584, 0.3536, 0.3996



98.6285, 0.3242, 0.3487



39.0534, 0.3741, 0.3304



21.0586, 0.3264, 0.3525



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.0584, 0.3536, 0.3996



95.0836, 0.3622, 0.4147



59.1772, 0.3305, 0.4052



14.4983, 0.3261, 0.3521



37.0956, 0.4137, 0.5097



2.2441, 0.4147, 0.5089



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0854, 0.2651, 0.2480



44.0099, 0.2529, 0.2275



37.2849, 0.2898, 0.2534



12.0279, 0.2986, 0.3049



2.9707, 0.1511, 0.0606

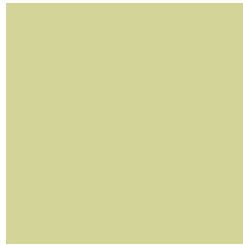


0.1862, 0.1546, 0.0625



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

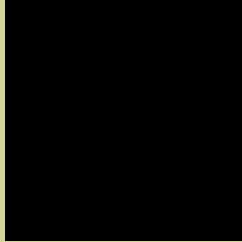
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

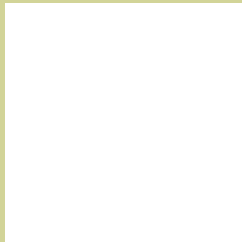
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996

### Protanopia

63.1611, 0.3677, 0.3950

### Deuteranopia

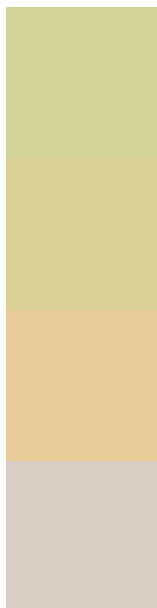
62.6259, 0.3847, 0.3765



## Tritanopia

62.8864, 0.3135, 0.3112

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996

## Protanomaly

62.8954, 0.3625, 0.3959

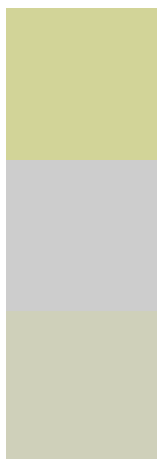
## Deuteranomaly

62.6746, 0.3728, 0.3849

## Tritanomaly

62.6817, 0.3283, 0.3416

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996

## Achromatopsia

61.0496, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

61.9223, 0.3276, 0.3549

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 212, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 212, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 212, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 212, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 212, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 212, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 212, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 212, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 212, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 212,  
152) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.0556, 0.3536, 0.3996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 212, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
212, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor