

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(63.3849, 0.3878, 0.3899)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.3849, 0.3878, 0.3899)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F2CA92
RGB	242, 202, 146
RGB Percent	95%, 79%, 57%
CMY	0.0509, 0.2079, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.40, 0.05
HSL	35°, 79%, 76%
HSV	35°, 40%, 95%
XYZ	62.9341, 63.1936, 36.0736
YIQ	207.5760, 41.8160, -8.9360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

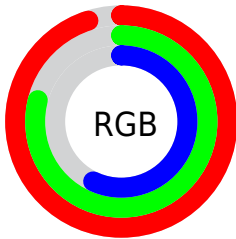
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	215, 242, 146
Decimal	15911570
CIE Lab	83.54, 6.73, 33.24
CIE LCh	84, 33.912, 78.555
Yxy	63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294101650 (0xFFFF2CA92)
YUV	207.5760, -30.3570, 30.1898
Hunter-Lab	79.4944, 2.1996, 28.7410

# Details

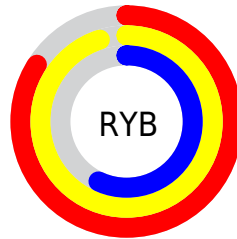
The Yxy color **63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **47.6552, 0.2471, 0.2591**, and the grayscale version is **62.9707, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.9501, 0.3454, 0.3830**, and **32.1964, 0.4055, 0.4027** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.9402, 0.4114, 0.4043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.9219, 0.3661, 0.3740**.

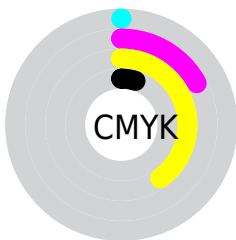
# Distribution



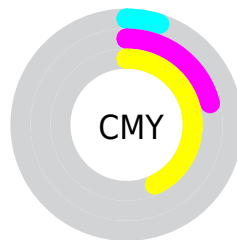
- Red (95%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.1936, 0.3880,  
0.3896

 63.1936, 0.3880,  
0.3896


436.2718, 0.3525,  
0.3619

 45.9978, 0.3961,  
0.3957


 109.4488, 0.3756,  
0.3801

 32.2441, 0.4061,  
0.4030


 139.2770, 0.3708,  
0.3764

 21.5480, 0.4186,  
0.4120


174.0848, 0.3667,  
0.3732

 13.5252, 0.4345,  
0.4230

214.2566, 0.3631,  
0.3703

 7.7912, 0.4553,  
0.4364

260.1768, 0.3600,  
0.3678

 3.9616, 0.4858,  
0.4551

312.2298, 0.3572,

 1.6521, 0.5259,

0.3656

0.4741

370.8000, 0.3547,  
0.3637

0.3924, 0.5779,  
0.4221

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

63.1936, 0.3880,  
0.3896

63.1936, 0.3880,  
0.3896

57.9402, 0.4114,  
0.4043

68.9219, 0.3661,  
0.3740

53.1369, 0.4356,  
0.4170

75.1314, 0.3462,  
0.3583

48.7693, 0.4596,  
0.4266

81.8389, 0.3282,  
0.3431

44.8182, 0.4821,  
0.4318

89.0579, 0.3122,  
0.3285

■ 41.2618, 0.5018,  
0.4317

■ 96.0031, 0.3048,  
0.3265

■ 38.0685, 0.5181,  
0.4266

■ 97.6224, 0.3048,  
0.3290

■ 37.9705, 0.5186,  
0.4265

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1936, 0.3983, 0.3596



63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896



63.1936, 0.3572, 0.4057

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896



63.1936, 0.2459, 0.3268



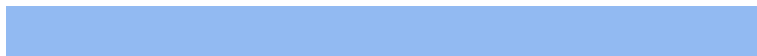
63.1936, 0.3050, 0.2700

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896



47.6552, 0.2471, 0.2591

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.1936, 0.2662, 0.2600



63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896



63.1936, 0.2340, 0.2893

# Square

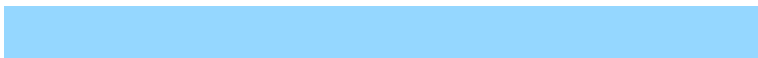
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896



63.1936, 0.2752, 0.3687



63.1936, 0.2412, 0.2661



63.1936, 0.3486, 0.2932



# Rectangle

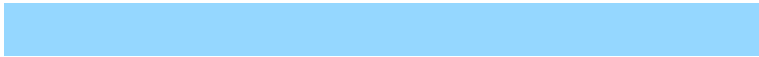
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896



63.1936, 0.3300, 0.4041



63.1936, 0.2412, 0.2661



63.1936, 0.2910, 0.2650

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.1966, 0.3880, 0.3896



90.3127, 0.3323, 0.3466



43.0540, 0.3687, 0.2838



19.1157, 0.3346, 0.3486



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.1966, 0.3880, 0.3896



66.1152, 0.4077, 0.4021



83.3661, 0.3676, 0.4290



17.2903, 0.3279, 0.3428



20.6687, 0.5165, 0.4281



1.9155, 0.5002, 0.4410

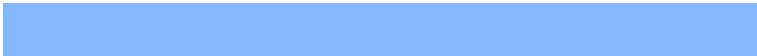


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.6552, 0.2471, 0.2591



46.3004, 0.2327, 0.2409



33.6842, 0.2436, 0.2086



16.3115, 0.2980, 0.3149



8.6877, 0.1698, 0.1314



0.9148, 0.1770, 0.1571



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

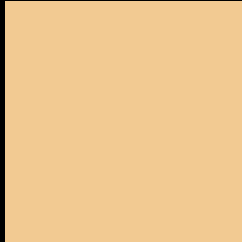
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

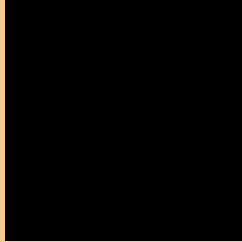
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896

### Protanopia

63.2892, 0.3693, 0.3959

### Deuteranopia

63.3716, 0.3931, 0.3854



## Tritanopia

63.1435, 0.3450, 0.3134

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896

**Protanomaly**

63.2697, 0.3757, 0.3937

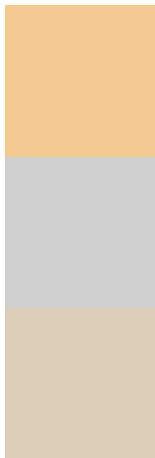
**Deuteranomaly**

63.4727, 0.3910, 0.3868

**Tritanomaly**

63.0705, 0.3612, 0.3409

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896

**Achromatopsia**

63.0757, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

62.8610, 0.3389, 0.3530

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 202, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 202, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 202, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 202, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 202, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 202, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 202, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 202, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 202, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 202,  
146) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.1936, 0.3880, 0.3896 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 202, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
202, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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