

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(63.5705, 0.3266, 0.3726)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.5705, 0.3266, 0.3726)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C7D6B2
RGB	199, 214, 178
RGB Percent	78%, 84%, 70%
CMY	0.2195, 0.1608, 0.3020
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.17, 0.16
HSL	85°, 31%, 77%
HSV	85°, 17%, 84%
XYZ	55.6399, 63.4496, 51.4281
YIQ	205.4110, 2.6160, -14.3760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

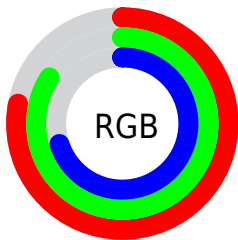
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	178, 214, 193
Decimal	13096626
CIELab	83.68, -11.38, 16.10
CIELCh	84, 19.720, 125.253
Yxy	63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291286706 (0xFFC7D6B2)
YUV	205.4110, -13.5136, -5.6224
Hunter-Lab	79.6553, -14.7129, 17.4791

# Details

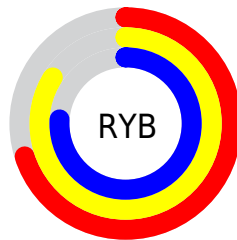
The Yxy color **63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **48.0246, 0.2973, 0.2853**, and the grayscale version is **61.4157, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.7205, 0.3250, 0.3493**, and **32.2967, 0.3297, 0.3834** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.4767, 0.3342, 0.3999**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.6333, 0.3182, 0.3458**.

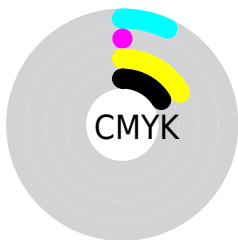
# Distribution



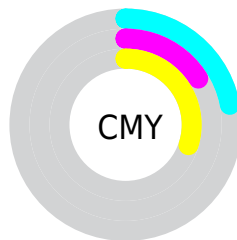
- Red (78%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 63.4496, 0.3263,  
0.3721

 63.4496, 0.3263,  
0.3721


437.1993, 0.3201,  
0.3512

 46.2050, 0.3277,  
0.3771


 109.8179, 0.3242,  
0.3647

 32.4076, 0.3294,  
0.3834


139.7104, 0.3233,  
0.3618

 21.6731, 0.3315,  
0.3916


174.5877, 0.3226,  
0.3594

 13.6169, 0.3342,  
0.4027

214.8341, 0.3220,  
0.3573

 7.8547, 0.3376,  
0.4185

260.8341, 0.3214,  
0.3555

 4.0021, 0.3421,  
0.4425


312.9720, 0.3209,

 1.6747, 0.3539,


0.3539


0.4924

371.6323, 0.3205,  
0.3525


 0.4072, 0.2114,  
0.7886


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 63.4496, 0.3263,  
0.3721


 63.4496, 0.3263,  
0.3721


 61.4767, 0.3342,  
0.3999

 65.6333, 0.3182,  
0.3458


 59.6990, 0.3414,  
0.4287

 68.0264, 0.3102,  
0.3215

 58.1111, 0.3477,  
0.4575

 70.6384, 0.3024,  
0.2993

 56.7047, 0.3524,  
0.4851

 72.9099, 0.3004,  
0.2873

■ 55.4703, 0.3552,  
0.5102

■ 74.4593, 0.3065,  
0.2880

■ 54.3974, 0.3557,  
0.5315

■ 76.0855, 0.3128,  
0.2888

■ 53.4739, 0.3537,  
0.5478

■ 76.5726, 0.3146,  
0.2891

■ 52.6846, 0.3496,  
0.5588

■ 52.4541, 0.3481,  
0.5618

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.4496, 0.3482, 0.3710



63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721



63.4496, 0.3014, 0.3603

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721



63.4496, 0.2667, 0.2974



63.4496, 0.3459, 0.3183

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721



48.0246, 0.2973, 0.2853

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.4496, 0.3228, 0.3005



63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721



63.4496, 0.2775, 0.2883

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721



63.4496, 0.2676, 0.3157



63.4496, 0.2978, 0.2896



63.4496, 0.3601, 0.3392



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721



63.4496, 0.2864, 0.3467



63.4496, 0.2978, 0.2896



63.4496, 0.3389, 0.3118

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.4524, 0.3263, 0.3721



98.2142, 0.3168, 0.3414



55.3825, 0.3419, 0.3461



20.9696, 0.3174, 0.3431



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

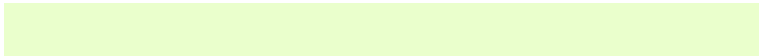


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.4524, 0.3263, 0.3721



93.3373, 0.3290, 0.3813



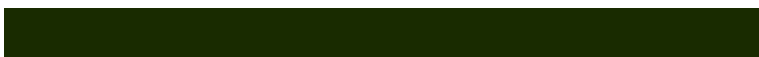
61.2020, 0.3132, 0.3739



14.2507, 0.3203, 0.3525



31.7678, 0.3491, 0.5610



1.9641, 0.3610, 0.5516



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.0246, 0.2973, 0.2853



66.4463, 0.2937, 0.2758



50.4522, 0.3117, 0.2872



12.2584, 0.3046, 0.3054



4.2756, 0.1876, 0.0807



0.3058, 0.2073, 0.0916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

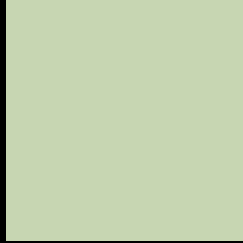
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

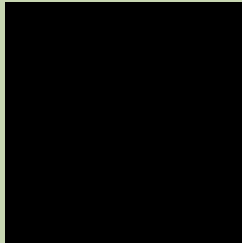
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

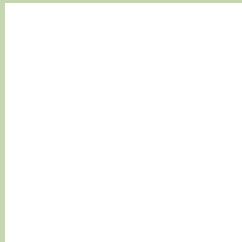
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721

### Protanopia

63.4225, 0.3460, 0.3669

### Deuteranopia

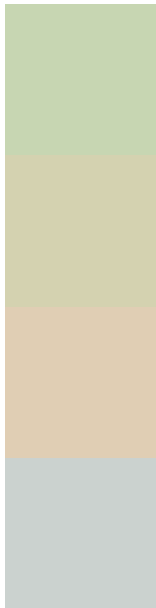
63.2866, 0.3577, 0.3510



## Tritanopia

63.6154, 0.3004, 0.3109

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721

**Protanomaly**

63.2248, 0.3384, 0.3687

**Deuteranomaly**

63.2852, 0.3459, 0.3585

**Tritanomaly**

63.2947, 0.3096, 0.3325

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721

**Achromatopsia**

61.0496, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

61.7484, 0.3181, 0.3443

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 214, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 214, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 214, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 214, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

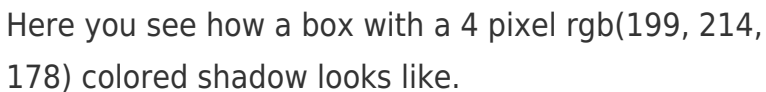
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 214, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 214, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 214, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 214, 178); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 214, 178); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 214, 178) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.4496, 0.3263, 0.3721 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 214, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
214, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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