

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(63.7272, 0.2395, 0.2888)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.7272, 0.2395, 0.2888)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | 7FDDFF                      |
| RGB         | 127, 221, 255               |
| RGB Percent | 50%, 87%, 100%              |
| CMY         | 0.5014, 0.1334, 0.0000      |
| CMYK        | 0.50, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00      |
| HSL         | 196°, 100%, 75%             |
| HSV         | 196°, 50%, 100%             |
| XYZ         | 52.6762, 63.4449, 104.0972  |
| YIQ         | 196.7700, -66.9380, -9.3540 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

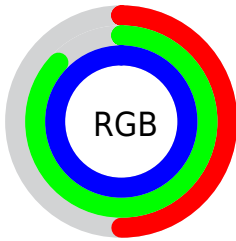
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                   |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 127, 181, 255                  |
| Decimal                             | 8379903                        |
| CIELab                              | 83.68, -18.93, -25.17          |
| CIELCh                              | 84, 31.497, 233.049            |
| Yxy                                 | 63.4449, 0.2392,<br>0.2881     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4286569983<br>(0xFF7FDDFF)     |
| YUV                                 | 196.7700, 28.7074,<br>-61.1883 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 79.6523, -21.3447,<br>-21.7292 |

# Details

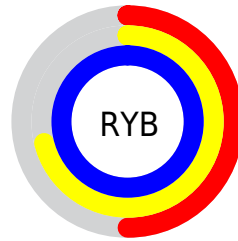
The Yxy color **63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **48.3395, 0.4363, 0.3646**, and the grayscale version is **55.5614, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.1791, 0.2731, 0.3289**, and **32.4735, 0.2227, 0.2780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.2167, 0.2275, 0.2784**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.3151, 0.2523, 0.2975**.

# Distribution



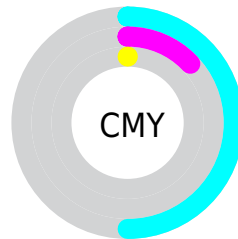
- Red (50%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.4449, 0.2392,  
0.2881

 63.4449, 0.2392,  
0.2881


437.1823, 0.2729,  
0.3081


 46.2012, 0.2316,  
0.2833


 109.8111, 0.2508,  
0.2952

 32.4046, 0.2224,  
0.2774


 139.7024, 0.2553,  
0.2979

 21.6708, 0.2108,  
0.2697


 174.5784, 0.2593,  
0.3002

 13.6152, 0.1960,  
0.2594

214.8235, 0.2627,  
0.3022

 7.8535, 0.1765,  
0.2452

260.8220, 0.2657,  
0.3040

 4.0014, 0.1500,  
0.2244

312.9584, 0.2684,

 1.6743, 0.1130,

0.3055

0.1922

371.6170, 0.2708,  
0.3069

0.4069, 0.0000,  
0.1265

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

63.4449, 0.2392,  
0.2881

63.4449, 0.2392,  
0.2881

58.2167, 0.2275,  
0.2784

69.3151, 0.2523,  
0.2975

53.5882, 0.2176,  
0.2683

75.8605, 0.2666,  
0.3063

49.5148, 0.2096,  
0.2582

83.1148, 0.2816,  
0.3145

45.9428, 0.2037,  
0.2481

91.1083, 0.2970,  
0.3221

■ 42.8273, 0.1996,  
0.2384

99.8692, 0.3125,  
0.3289

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

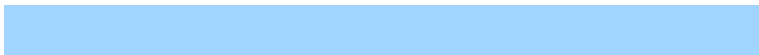
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.4449, 0.2477, 0.3214



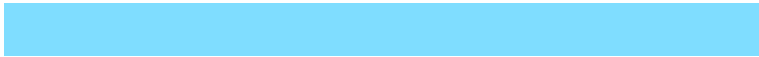
63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



63.4449, 0.2486, 0.2686

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



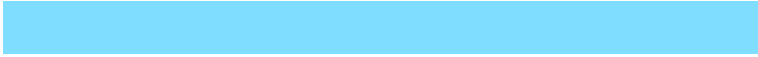
63.4449, 0.3517, 0.2997



63.4449, 0.3489, 0.4005

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



48.3395, 0.4363, 0.3646

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.4449, 0.3795, 0.3888



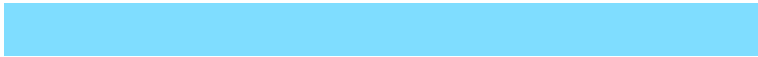
63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



63.4449, 0.3819, 0.3304

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



63.4449, 0.3117, 0.2764



63.4449, 0.3921, 0.3625



63.4449, 0.3098, 0.3906



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



63.4449, 0.2641, 0.2645



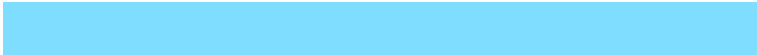
63.4449, 0.3921, 0.3625



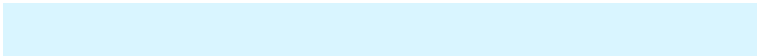
63.4449, 0.3605, 0.3988

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.4457, 0.2392, 0.2881



87.1315, 0.2895, 0.3185



78.5492, 0.2908, 0.4497



18.2922, 0.2862, 0.3169



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.4457, 0.2392, 0.2881



58.2870, 0.2277, 0.2785



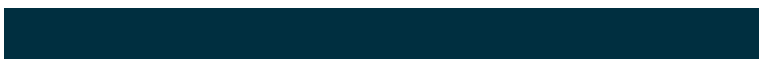
36.5738, 0.2237, 0.2085



19.6156, 0.2980, 0.3225



22.6364, 0.2000, 0.2400



2.3835, 0.2032, 0.2514



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41.6934, 0.3502, 0.2359



35.6328, 0.3603, 0.2207



75.5894, 0.4015, 0.4246



18.2130, 0.3179, 0.3117



13.0131, 0.4023, 0.1990



1.2852, 0.3909, 0.1927



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

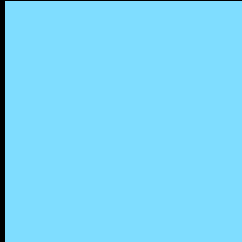
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881.

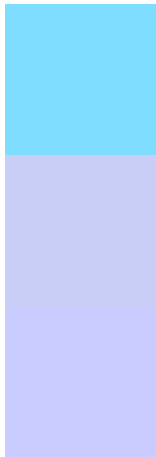


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881

### Protanopia

63.0145, 0.2827, 0.2856

### Deuteranopia

62.9623, 0.2778, 0.2733



## Tritanopia

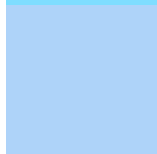
63.3372, 0.2442, 0.3066

# Trichromacy



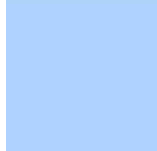
## Original Color

63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



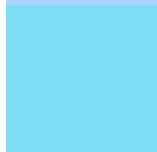
## Protanomaly

62.4268, 0.2643, 0.2852



## Deuteranomaly

62.4271, 0.2615, 0.2777



## Tritanomaly

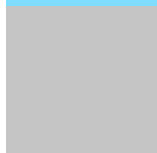
63.2563, 0.2425, 0.2996

# Monochromacy



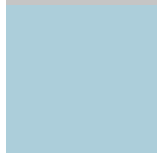
## Original Color

63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881



## Achromatopsia

55.8340, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

57.9752, 0.2804, 0.3142

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 221, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 221, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 221, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 221, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 221, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 221, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 221, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 221, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 221, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 221,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.4449, 0.2392, 0.2881 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 221, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
221, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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