

Converting Colors

$Yxy(63.7986, 0.2792, 0.2749)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(63.7986, 0.2792, 0.2749)
contains.

Yxy(63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCCDFF
RGB	204, 205, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.2003, 0.1960, 0.0001
CMYK	0.20, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	239°, 100%, 90%
HSV	239°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	64.7638, 63.7200, 103.4783
YIQ	210.4010, -16.6460, 15.3380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

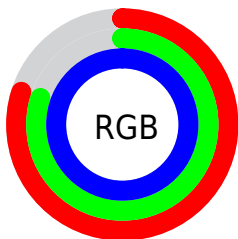
Format	Color
R _Y B	204, 205, 255
Decimal	13422079
CIE Lab	83.82, 9.72, -24.53
CIE LCh	84, 26.388, 291.623
Yxy	63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291612159 (0xFFCCCDFF)
YUV	210.4010, 21.9873, -5.6137
Hunter-Lab	79.8248, 5.1280, -20.9813

Details

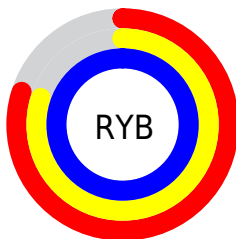
The Yxy color $63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $96.4142, 0.3432, 0.3781$, and the grayscale version is $64.5810, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290$, and $32.6000, 0.2710, 0.2625$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.4121, 0.2595, 0.2427$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80.5251, 0.2970, 0.3035$.

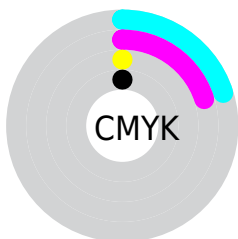
Distribution



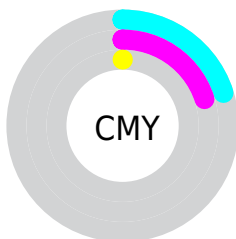
- Red (80%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.7200, 0.2792,
0.2747

■ 63.7200, 0.2792,
0.2747

438.1778, 0.2951,
0.2996

■ 46.4239, 0.2755,
0.2691

110.2076, 0.2848,
0.2833

■ 32.5805, 0.2709,
0.2622

140.1679, 0.2869,
0.2867

■ 21.8053, 0.2650,
0.2535

175.1184, 0.2888,
0.2896

■ 13.7139, 0.2573,
0.2423

215.4435, 0.2904,
0.2921

■ 7.9219, 0.2468,
0.2273

261.5276, 0.2918,
0.2943

■ 4.0450, 0.2315,
0.2064

313.7551, 0.2930,

■ 1.6988, 0.2078,

0.2963

0.1757

372.5104, 0.2941,
0.2981

0.4229, 0.1676,
0.1108

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

63.7200, 0.2792,
0.2747

63.7200, 0.2792,
0.2747

49.4121, 0.2595,
0.2427

80.5251, 0.2970,
0.3035

37.4749, 0.2385,
0.2082

99.9302, 0.3127,
0.3289

27.7829, 0.2169,
0.1728

99.9989, 0.3127,
0.3290

20.1956, 0.1962,
0.1385

■ 14.5569, 0.1779,
0.1081

■ 10.6890, 0.1637,
0.0841

■ 8.3817, 0.1545,
0.0684

■ 7.3395, 0.1503,
0.0609

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7200, 0.2578, 0.2787



63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747



63.7200, 0.3105, 0.2837

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747



63.7200, 0.3791, 0.3565



63.7200, 0.2808, 0.3565

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747



96.4142, 0.3432, 0.3781

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7200, 0.3122, 0.3807



63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747



63.7200, 0.3696, 0.3787

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747



63.7200, 0.3696, 0.3293



63.7200, 0.3448, 0.3885



63.7200, 0.2587, 0.3246

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747



63.7200, 0.3331, 0.2958



63.7200, 0.3448, 0.3885



63.7200, 0.2906, 0.3660

Sweetspot

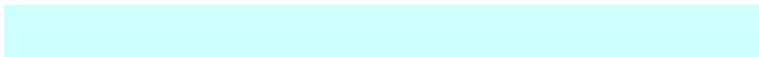
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.7226, 0.2792, 0.2747



88.0326, 0.3035, 0.3142



91.4450, 0.2835, 0.3307



18.5761, 0.3025, 0.3125



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.7226, 0.2792, 0.2747



57.7528, 0.2716, 0.2623



66.8192, 0.2955, 0.2760



17.4411, 0.2978, 0.3049



3.8630, 0.1504, 0.0613



0.3975, 0.1512, 0.0644

Inverse Universe

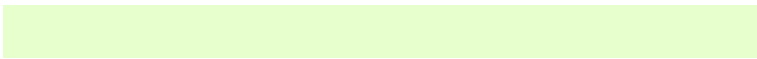
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.8134, 0.3519, 0.3280



63.7008, 0.3620, 0.3278



92.8795, 0.3273, 0.3817



17.9935, 0.3291, 0.3285



11.1179, 0.6379, 0.3288



1.0847, 0.6326, 0.3259

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

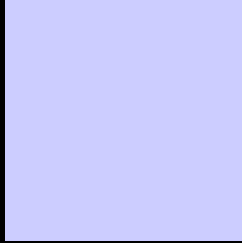
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

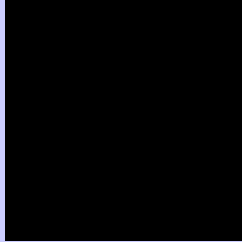
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747

Protanopia

63.8514, 0.2755, 0.2763

Deuteranopia

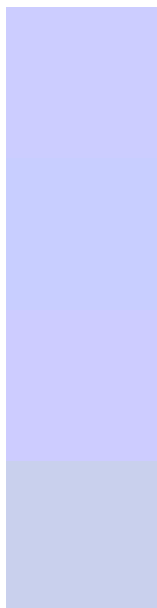
63.5275, 0.2805, 0.2738



Tritanopia

63.7814, 0.2935, 0.3096

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747

Protanomaly

63.6420, 0.2767, 0.2754

Deuteranomaly

63.3849, 0.2798, 0.2736

Tritanomaly

63.6437, 0.2884, 0.2964

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747

Achromatopsia

64.4480, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

64.0126, 0.3005, 0.3087

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 205, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 205, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 205, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 205, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 205, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 205, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 205, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 205, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 205, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 205,  
255) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.7200, 0.2792, 0.2747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 205, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
205, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor