

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(63.8154, 0.2486, 0.4150)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.8154, 0.2486, 0.4150)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00EDB1
RGB	0, 237, 177
RGB Percent	0%, 93%, 69%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0706, 0.3058
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.07
HSL	165°, 100%, 46%
HSV	165°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	38.2179, 63.7427, 51.8958
YIQ	159.2970, -121.9920, -68.9040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

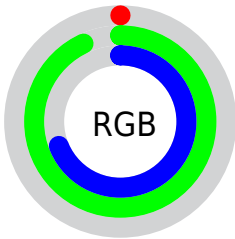
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 136, 237</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">60849</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.83, -61.26, 15.90</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">84, 63.293, 165.453</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278250929</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF00EDB1</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">159.2970, 8.7276, -139.7035</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.8390, -54.2726, 17.3485</a>

# Details

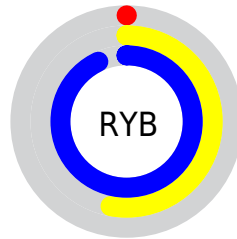
The Yxy color **63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **18.3318, 0.5957, 0.3055**, and the grayscale version is **34.8181, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.7827, 0.2507, 0.3551**, and **34.0978, 0.2538, 0.4335** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.7476, 0.2484, 0.4143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.1827, 0.2473, 0.4049**.

# Distribution



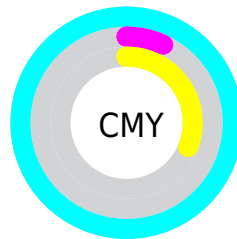
- Red (0%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.7427, 0.2484,  
0.4143


 63.7427, 0.2484,  
0.4143


438.2599, 0.2797,  
0.3717


 46.4423, 0.2409,  
0.4249

 110.2403, 0.2596,  
0.3989

 32.5950, 0.2314,  
0.4384


 140.2063, 0.2638,  
0.3931

 21.8164, 0.2191,  
0.4562


 175.1629, 0.2675,  
0.3881

 13.7220, 0.2025,  
0.4807

 215.4947, 0.2706,  
0.3839

 7.9276, 0.1792,  
0.5164

 261.5858, 0.2733,  
0.3803

 4.0486, 0.1447,  
0.5724


313.8208, 0.2757,

 1.7008, 0.0000,

0.3770

0.7537

372.5840, 0.2778,  
0.3742


 0.4242, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 63.7427, 0.2484,  
0.4143


 63.7427, 0.2484,  
0.4143

 63.7476, 0.2484,  
0.4143

 64.1827, 0.2473,  
0.4049

 64.8613, 0.2479,  
0.3954

 65.8568, 0.2504,  
0.3858

 67.2126, 0.2549,  
0.3764

68.9650, 0.2614,  
0.3672

71.1460, 0.2695,  
0.3584

73.7842, 0.2789,  
0.3501

76.9056, 0.2895,  
0.3424

80.5343, 0.3009,  
0.3354

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7427, 0.3206, 0.4702



63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



63.7427, 0.1975, 0.3287

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



63.7427, 0.2235, 0.2096



63.7427, 0.4702, 0.3685

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



18.3318, 0.5957, 0.3055

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7427, 0.4402, 0.3112



63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



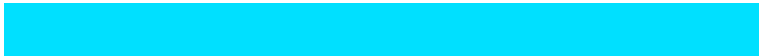
63.7427, 0.2881, 0.2248

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



63.7427, 0.1860, 0.2191



63.7427, 0.3694, 0.2607



63.7427, 0.4508, 0.4254



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



63.7427, 0.1804, 0.2783



63.7427, 0.3694, 0.2607



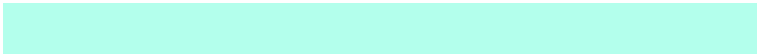
63.7427, 0.4659, 0.3491

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.7476, 0.2484, 0.4143



87.0794, 0.2788, 0.3502



61.6358, 0.3105, 0.5916



18.3424, 0.2747, 0.3537



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.7476, 0.2484, 0.4143



75.2580, 0.2485, 0.4147



39.4501, 0.2029, 0.2505



17.0530, 0.3015, 0.3350



34.8238, 0.2480, 0.4127



2.7498, 0.2444, 0.3997



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3318, 0.5957, 0.3055



21.6363, 0.5966, 0.3060



20.7668, 0.6136, 0.3510



15.1166, 0.3253, 0.3231



10.0257, 0.5917, 0.3033

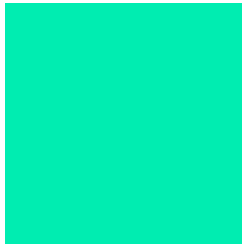


0.8024, 0.5526, 0.2818



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

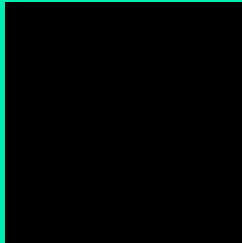
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143

### Protanopia

62.6421, 0.3560, 0.3796

### Deuteranopia

62.4735, 0.3523, 0.3456



## Tritanopia

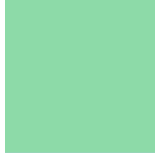
63.6771, 0.2277, 0.3061

# Trichromacy



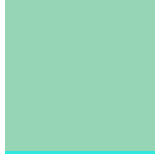
## Original Color

63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



## Protanomaly

58.6327, 0.2917, 0.3966



## Deuteranomaly

57.4499, 0.2887, 0.3701



## Tritanomaly

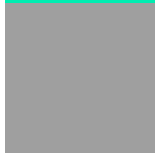
63.0007, 0.2327, 0.3421

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143



## Achromatopsia

34.6704, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

41.0605, 0.2645, 0.3618

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 237, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 237, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 237, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 237, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 237, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 237, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 237, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 237, 177); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 237, 177); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 237, 177) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.7427, 0.2484, 0.4143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 237, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 237,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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