

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(63.8493, 0.3336, 0.3500)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.8493, 0.3336, 0.3500)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DAD0BE
RGB	218, 208, 190
RGB Percent	85%, 82%, 75%
CMY	0.1451, 0.1843, 0.2549
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.13, 0.15
HSL	39°, 27%, 80%
HSV	39°, 13%, 85%
XYZ	60.7633, 63.7349, 57.8099
YIQ	208.9380, 11.7380, -3.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

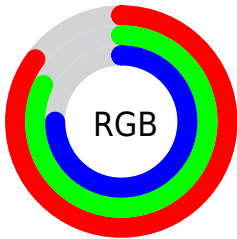
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">206, 218, 190</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14340286</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">83.83, 0.44, 10.17</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">84, 10.177, 87.534</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292530366 (0xFFDAD0BE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">208.9380, -9.3364, 7.9474</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">79.8341, -3.8500, 12.9505</a>

# Details

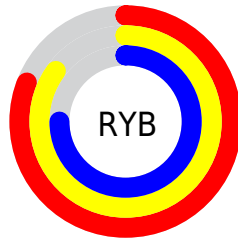
The Yxy color **63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.3125, 0.2926, 0.3075**, and the grayscale version is **63.7757, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.4338, 0.3179, 0.3376**, and **32.7039, 0.3381, 0.3546** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.1529, 0.3513, 0.3664**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.6513, 0.3170, 0.3334**.

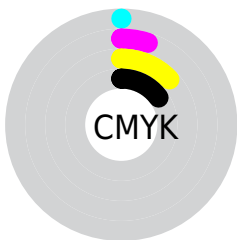
# Distribution



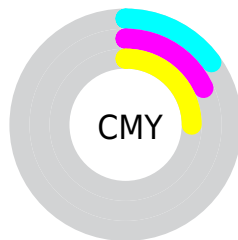
- Red (85%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 63.7349, 0.3333,  
0.3496

 63.7349, 0.3333,  
0.3496


438.2317, 0.3235,  
0.3399

 46.4360, 0.3356,  
0.3519


 110.2291, 0.3299,  
0.3462

 32.5900, 0.3385,  
0.3547


140.1931, 0.3285,  
0.3449

 21.8126, 0.3421,  
0.3584

175.1476, 0.3274,  
0.3437

 13.7192, 0.3470,  
0.3633

215.4771, 0.3264,  
0.3427

 7.9256, 0.3539,  
0.3700

261.5658, 0.3256,  
0.3419

 4.0474, 0.3640,  
0.3801

313.7982, 0.3248,

 1.7001, 0.3807,

0.3411

372.5587, 0.3241,  
0.3405

0.3964

0.4237, 0.4939,  
0.5061

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

63.7349, 0.3333,  
0.3496

63.7349, 0.3333,  
0.3496

59.1529, 0.3513,  
0.3664

68.6513, 0.3170,  
0.3334

54.8878, 0.3709,  
0.3835

73.9022, 0.3025,  
0.3182

50.9330, 0.3918,  
0.4002

79.4730, 0.2897,  
0.3044

47.2785, 0.4136,  
0.4156

83.9347, 0.2900,  
0.3126

■ 43.9132, 0.4355,  
0.4287

■ 88.5926, 0.2903,  
0.3207

■ 40.8252, 0.4564,  
0.4383

■ 93.4491, 0.2906,  
0.3286

■ 38.0011, 0.4753,  
0.4434

■ 93.6458, 0.2906,  
0.3289

■ 35.4252, 0.4911,  
0.4433

■ 33.7185, 0.5007,  
0.4406

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7349, 0.3379, 0.3423



63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496



63.7349, 0.3231, 0.3514

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496



63.7349, 0.2903, 0.3255



63.7349, 0.3147, 0.3121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496



57.3125, 0.2926, 0.3075

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7349, 0.3020, 0.3076



63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496



63.7349, 0.2881, 0.3150

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496



63.7349, 0.2984, 0.3372



63.7349, 0.2924, 0.3085



63.7349, 0.3271, 0.3209



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496



63.7349, 0.3147, 0.3490



63.7349, 0.2924, 0.3085



63.7349, 0.3104, 0.3100

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.7377, 0.3333, 0.3496



97.0595, 0.3189, 0.3353



55.9123, 0.3278, 0.3172



20.6582, 0.3201, 0.3365



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

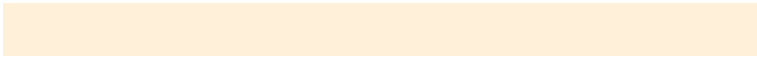


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.7377, 0.3333, 0.3496



89.3734, 0.3373, 0.3534



68.1982, 0.3290, 0.3609



14.4412, 0.3276, 0.3440



20.4104, 0.4992, 0.4418



1.4828, 0.4829, 0.4548



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.3125, 0.2926, 0.3075



78.7512, 0.2889, 0.3033



53.3194, 0.2952, 0.2956



13.3740, 0.2981, 0.3135



6.4660, 0.1653, 0.1149

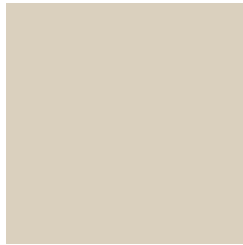


0.5785, 0.1744, 0.1479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

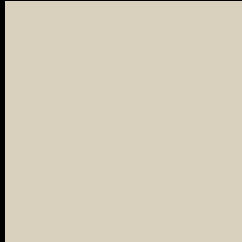
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

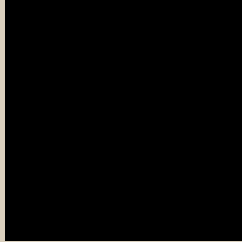
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

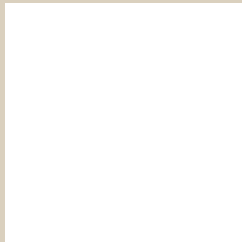
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496.

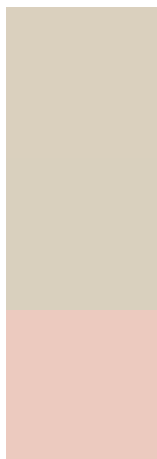


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496

### Protanopia

63.5812, 0.3325, 0.3496

### Deuteranopia

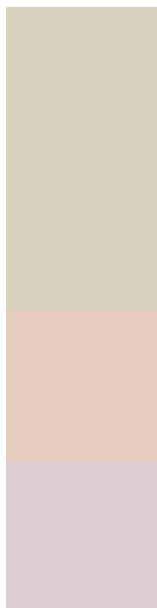
63.8355, 0.3480, 0.3411



## Tritanopia

63.8826, 0.3151, 0.3114

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496

## Protanomaly

63.5812, 0.3325, 0.3496

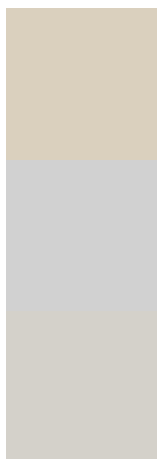
## Deuteranomaly

63.6053, 0.3419, 0.3435

## Tritanomaly

63.6382, 0.3221, 0.3246

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496

## Achromatopsia

63.7597, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

63.8622, 0.3199, 0.3370

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(218, 208, 190) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 208, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 208, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 208, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 208, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 208, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 208, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 208, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 208, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 208,  
190) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.7349, 0.3333, 0.3496 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 208, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
208, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor