

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(63.9930, 0.2352, 0.2819)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(63.9930, 0.2352, 0.2819)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CDEFF
RGB	124, 222, 255
RGB Percent	49%, 87%, 100%
CMY	0.5134, 0.1294, 0.0001
CMYK	0.51, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	195°, 100%, 74%
HSV	195°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	52.4877, 63.7476, 104.1159
YIQ	196.4600, -69.0010, -10.5130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

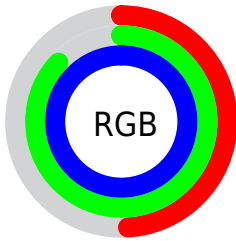
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	124, 180, 255
Decimal	8183551
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.83, -20.11, -24.91
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	84, 32.012, 231.090
Yxy	63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286373631 (0xFF7CDEFF)
YUV	196.4600, 28.8602, -63.5474
Hunter-Lab	79.8421, -22.3790, -21.4261

# Details

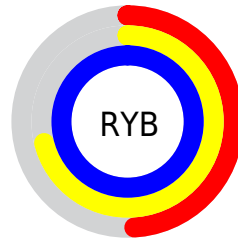
The Yxy color **63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **46.8445, 0.4416, 0.3634**, and the grayscale version is **55.3592, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.9303, 0.2721, 0.3289**, and **32.6753, 0.2213, 0.2795** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.7409, 0.2269, 0.2801**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.3802, 0.2510, 0.2982**.

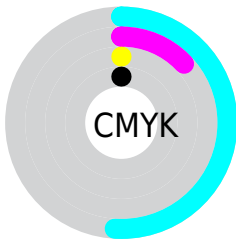
# Distribution



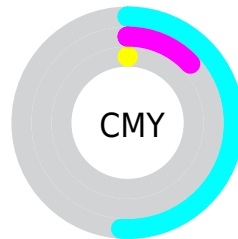
- Red (49%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63.7476, 0.2382,  
0.2893

 63.7476, 0.2382,  
0.2893


438.2776, 0.2723,  
0.3087


 46.4463, 0.2306,  
0.2846

 110.2474, 0.2499,  
0.2962

 32.5981, 0.2212,  
0.2788


 140.2146, 0.2545,  
0.2989

 21.8188, 0.2095,  
0.2713


 175.1726, 0.2585,  
0.3011

 13.7238, 0.1946,  
0.2612

215.5057, 0.2620,  
0.3031

 7.9288, 0.1750,  
0.2472

261.5984, 0.2650,  
0.3048

 4.0494, 0.1484,  
0.2268

313.8350, 0.2677,

 1.7013, 0.1112,

0.3063

0.1949

372.5999, 0.2702,  
0.3076

0.4245, 0.0000,  
0.1312

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

63.7476, 0.2382,  
0.2893

63.7476, 0.2382,  
0.2893

58.7409, 0.2269,  
0.2801

69.3802, 0.2510,  
0.2982

54.3128, 0.2174,  
0.2706

75.6674, 0.2650,  
0.3066

50.4198, 0.2099,  
0.2611

82.6444, 0.2798,  
0.3144

47.0070, 0.2044,  
0.2516

90.3416, 0.2951,  
0.3216

■ 44.3648, 0.2010,  
0.2435

■ 98.7871, 0.3107,  
0.3282

■ 99.9978, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7476, 0.2480, 0.3238



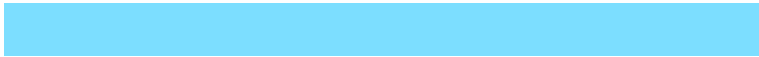
63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



63.7476, 0.2465, 0.2685

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



63.7476, 0.3498, 0.2975



63.7476, 0.3518, 0.4015

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



46.8445, 0.4416, 0.3634

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7476, 0.3819, 0.3882



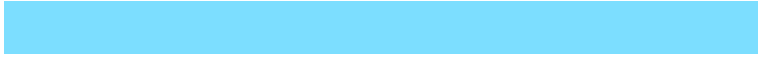
63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



63.7476, 0.3815, 0.3282

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



63.7476, 0.3090, 0.2746



63.7476, 0.3933, 0.3608



63.7476, 0.3123, 0.3929



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



63.7476, 0.2615, 0.2637



63.7476, 0.3933, 0.3608



63.7476, 0.3634, 0.3992

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.7500, 0.2382, 0.2893



87.4589, 0.2895, 0.3191



78.2177, 0.2905, 0.4531



18.3715, 0.2863, 0.3175



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

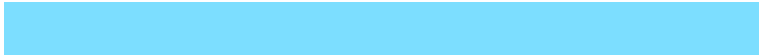


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.7500, 0.2382, 0.2893



58.4448, 0.2262, 0.2794



35.5583, 0.2215, 0.2051



19.6609, 0.2980, 0.3229



23.4391, 0.2014, 0.2451



2.4560, 0.2044, 0.2558



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.9646, 0.3495, 0.2323



34.7061, 0.3600, 0.2162



75.0846, 0.4038, 0.4266



18.2176, 0.3177, 0.3114



13.0942, 0.3972, 0.1962

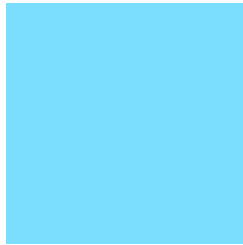


1.2925, 0.3865, 0.1903



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

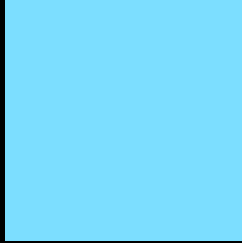
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893.

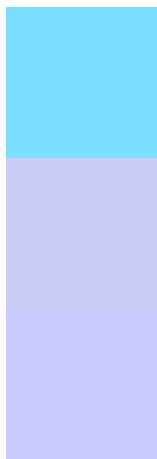


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893

### Protanopia

62.9536, 0.2833, 0.2866

### Deuteranopia

62.9623, 0.2778, 0.2733



## Tritanopia

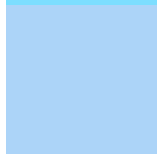
63.7152, 0.2427, 0.3066

# Trichromacy



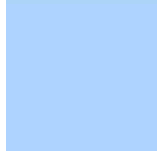
## Original Color

63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



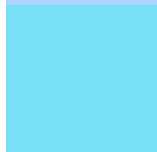
## Protanomaly

62.6349, 0.2638, 0.2873



## Deuteranomaly

62.8072, 0.2611, 0.2788



## Tritanomaly

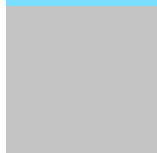
63.5557, 0.2406, 0.2995

# Monochromacy



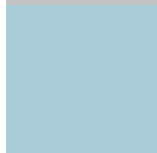
## Original Color

63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893



## Achromatopsia

55.2011, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

57.2184, 0.2796, 0.3141

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 222, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 222, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 222, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 222, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 222, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 222, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 222, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 222, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 222, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 222,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 63.7476, 0.2382, 0.2893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 222, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
222, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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