

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(65.0094, 0.3560, 0.3692)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(65.0094, 0.3560, 0.3692)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6D0AC
RGB	230, 208, 172
RGB Percent	90%, 82%, 67%
CMY	0.0979, 0.1843, 0.3254
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.25, 0.10
HSL	37°, 54%, 79%
HSV	37°, 25%, 90%
XYZ	62.6452, 64.9133, 48.2630
YIQ	210.4740, 24.6680, -6.5320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

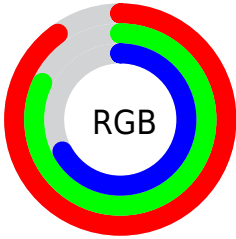
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">207, 230, 172</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15126700</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">84.44, 2.20, 20.68</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">84, 20.796, 83.916</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293316780</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE6D0AC</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">210.4740, -18.9677, 17.1243</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">80.5688, -2.2051, 20.8818</a>

# Details

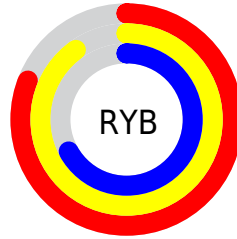
The Yxy color **64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **53.0971, 0.2718, 0.2852**, and the grayscale version is **64.8964, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.3261, 0.3292, 0.3562**, and **33.4659, 0.3666, 0.3786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.9625, 0.3767, 0.3858**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.2579, 0.3376, 0.3528**.

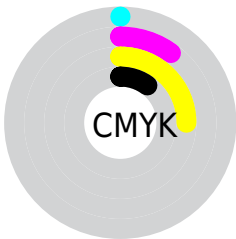
# Distribution



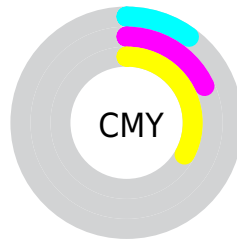
- Red (90%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 64.9133, 0.3563,  
0.3692

 64.9133, 0.3563,  
0.3692

442.4803, 0.3357,  
0.3504

 47.3908, 0.3611,  
0.3735


 111.9252, 0.3491,  
0.3626

 33.3447, 0.3670,  
0.3789


142.1834, 0.3463,  
0.3601

 22.3906, 0.3745,  
0.3856


177.4555, 0.3439,  
0.3579

 14.1442, 0.3845,  
0.3944

218.1261, 0.3418,  
0.3560

 8.2210, 0.3979,  
0.4062

264.5795, 0.3400,  
0.3544

 4.2367, 0.4172,  
0.4227

317.2001, 0.3384,

 1.8068, 0.4621,

0.3529

0.4625

376.3722, 0.3370,  
0.3516

0.4914, 0.5146,  
0.4854

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

64.9133, 0.3563,  
0.3692

64.9133, 0.3563,  
0.3692

59.9625, 0.3767,  
0.3858

70.2579, 0.3376,  
0.3528

55.3850, 0.3985,  
0.4018

75.9983, 0.3208,  
0.3369

51.1713, 0.4212,  
0.4163

82.1480, 0.3058,  
0.3220

47.3080, 0.4439,  
0.4282

88.1217, 0.2975,  
0.3169

■ 43.7803, 0.4655,  
0.4363

■ 93.4768, 0.2976,  
0.3257

■ 40.5717, 0.4848,  
0.4395

■ 95.5693, 0.2976,  
0.3290

■ 37.6625, 0.5008,  
0.4375

■ 36.3658, 0.5076,  
0.4352

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.9133, 0.3645, 0.3527



64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692



64.9133, 0.3363, 0.3753

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692



64.9133, 0.2691, 0.3240



64.9133, 0.3132, 0.2939

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692



53.0971, 0.2718, 0.2852

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.9133, 0.2881, 0.2861



64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692



64.9133, 0.2635, 0.3021

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692



64.9133, 0.2861, 0.3486



64.9133, 0.2703, 0.2887



64.9133, 0.3391, 0.3102



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692



64.9133, 0.3193, 0.3719



64.9133, 0.2703, 0.2887



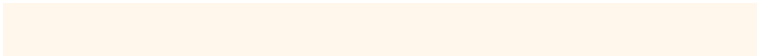
64.9133, 0.3044, 0.2903

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.9162, 0.3563, 0.3692



93.9092, 0.3254, 0.3413



50.2457, 0.3459, 0.3040



19.8632, 0.3279, 0.3437



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.9162, 0.3563, 0.3692



78.8518, 0.3662, 0.3774



75.3245, 0.3457, 0.3930



15.8490, 0.3277, 0.3435



20.8237, 0.5058, 0.4366



1.7167, 0.4898, 0.4493



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.0971, 0.2718, 0.2852



61.6442, 0.2633, 0.2752



44.7830, 0.2744, 0.2583



14.7802, 0.2981, 0.3140



7.3468, 0.1669, 0.1209



0.7176, 0.1750, 0.1501



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

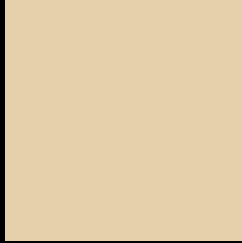
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

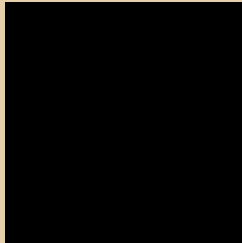
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692

### Protanopia

64.7983, 0.3494, 0.3710

### Deuteranopia

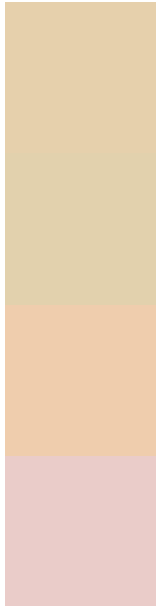
64.9621, 0.3683, 0.3614



## Tritanopia

65.0837, 0.3282, 0.3130

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692

**Protanomaly**

64.7868, 0.3520, 0.3696

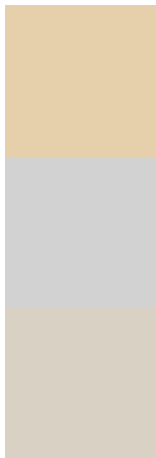
**Deuteranomaly**

65.0305, 0.3636, 0.3640

**Tritanomaly**

64.8952, 0.3383, 0.3323

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692

**Achromatopsia**

64.4480, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

64.3382, 0.3280, 0.3438

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 208, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 208, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 208, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 208, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 208, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 208, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 208, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 208, 172); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 208, 172); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 208, 172) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 64.9133, 0.3563, 0.3692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 208, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
208, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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