

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(65.0392, 0.2510, 0.2879)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(65.0392, 0.2510, 0.2879)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99DCFF
RGB	153, 220, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 86%, 100%
CMY	0.3997, 0.1373, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.14, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 100%, 80%
HSV	201°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	56.7882, 65.1787, 104.1909
YIQ	203.9570, -51.1670, -3.3190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

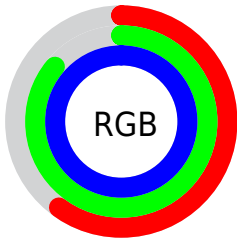
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 193, 255
Decimal	10083583
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	84.58, -12.39, -23.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 26.725, 242.375
Yxy	65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288273663 (0xFF99DCFF)
YUV	203.9570, 25.1642, -44.6893
Hunter-Lab	80.7333, -15.7255, -20.0038

# Details

The Yxy color **65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.5582, 0.3992, 0.3659**, and the grayscale version is **60.2270, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5889, 0.2866, 0.3289**, and **33.5289, 0.2372, 0.2783** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.4813, 0.2370, 0.2759**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.6521, 0.2661, 0.2998**.

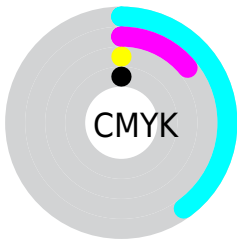
# Distribution



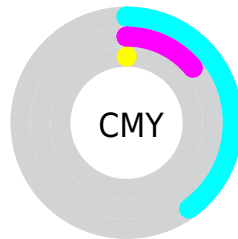
- Red (60%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 65.1787, 0.2511,  
0.2882


 65.1787, 0.2511,  
0.2882


443.4339, 0.2794,  
0.3077

 47.6060, 0.2447,  
0.2836


 112.3067, 0.2609,  
0.2951

 33.5150, 0.2369,  
0.2779


 142.6309, 0.2647,  
0.2977

 22.5212, 0.2270,  
0.2706


177.9742, 0.2680,  
0.3000

 14.2404, 0.2144,  
0.2610

218.7213, 0.2709,  
0.3019

 8.2881, 0.1976,  
0.2478

265.2564, 0.2734,  
0.3037

 4.2798, 0.1743,  
0.2287

317.9639, 0.2756,

 1.8313, 0.1408,

0.3052

0.1992

377.2283, 0.2776,  
0.3065

0.5066, 0.0511,  
0.1446

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

65.1787, 0.2511,  
0.2882

65.1787, 0.2511,  
0.2882

58.4813, 0.2370,  
0.2759

72.6521, 0.2661,  
0.2998

52.5147, 0.2242,  
0.2630

80.9286, 0.2816,  
0.3104

47.2397, 0.2131,  
0.2498

90.0429, 0.2972,  
0.3202

42.6088, 0.2039,  
0.2364

99.9997, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 38.5662, 0.1969,  
0.2231

■ 35.0234, 0.1917,  
0.2102

■ 35.0141, 0.1917,  
0.2101

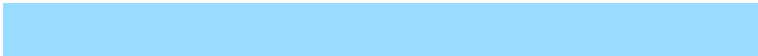
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.1787, 0.2537, 0.3134



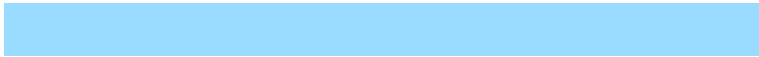
65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882



65.1787, 0.2638, 0.2754

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882



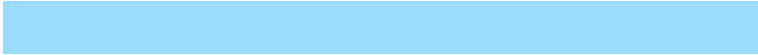
65.1787, 0.3548, 0.3120



65.1787, 0.3336, 0.3882

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882



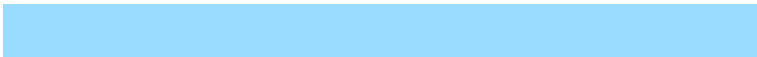
59.5582, 0.3992, 0.3659

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.1787, 0.3624, 0.3842



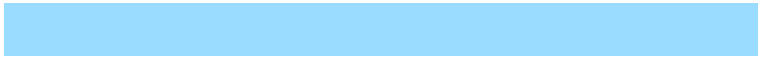
65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882



65.1787, 0.3755, 0.3392

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882



65.1787, 0.3228, 0.2895



65.1787, 0.3781, 0.3656

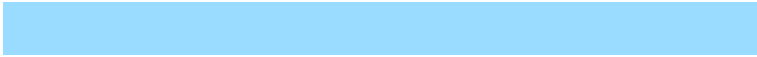


65.1787, 0.3002, 0.3739



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882



65.1787, 0.2797, 0.2745



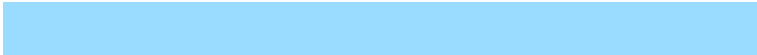
65.1787, 0.3781, 0.3656



65.1787, 0.3442, 0.3889

# Sweetspot

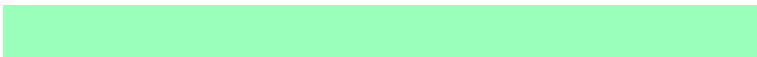
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.1812, 0.2511, 0.2882



88.1289, 0.2940, 0.3183



81.8861, 0.2900, 0.4103



18.6028, 0.2920, 0.3171



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

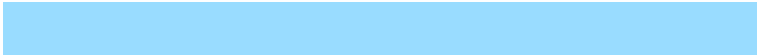


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

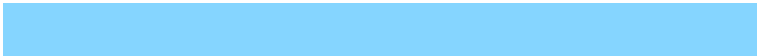


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.1812, 0.2511, 0.2882



59.7457, 0.2397, 0.2784



42.7690, 0.2414, 0.2265



19.3694, 0.2980, 0.3206



18.5852, 0.1923, 0.2123



2.0132, 0.1964, 0.2271



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.2308, 0.3477, 0.2611



42.7281, 0.3575, 0.2481



84.7151, 0.3789, 0.4138



18.1881, 0.3191, 0.3135



12.6042, 0.4316, 0.2151

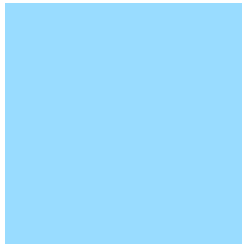


1.2478, 0.4157, 0.2064



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

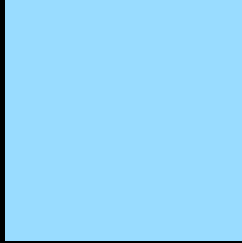
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

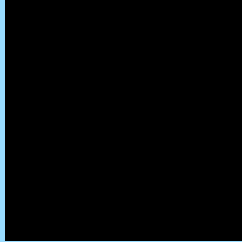
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882.

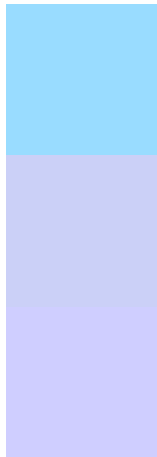


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882

### Protanopia

64.5237, 0.2836, 0.2860

### Deuteranopia

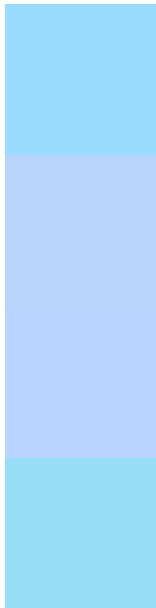
64.6280, 0.2813, 0.2761



## Tritanopia

64.9234, 0.2567, 0.3073

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882

**Protanomaly**

64.3034, 0.2705, 0.2861

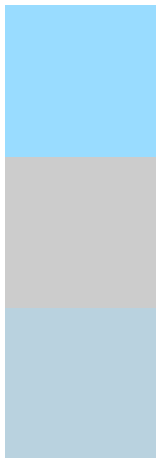
**Deuteranomaly**

64.3733, 0.2689, 0.2799

**Tritanomaly**

64.7895, 0.2546, 0.3004

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882

**Achromatopsia**

60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

61.7352, 0.2864, 0.3136

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 220, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 220, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 220, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 220, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 220, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 220, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 220, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 220, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 220, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 220,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 65.1787, 0.2511, 0.2882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 220, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
220, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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