

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(65.2956, 0.2357, 0.3450)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(65.2956, 0.2357, 0.3450)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>Yxy(65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446)</b> .....      | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 27 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 30 |

# Color

**Yxy(65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 3DEADE                       |
| RGB         | 61, 234, 222                 |
| RGB Percent | 24%, 92%, 87%                |
| CMY         | 0.7601, 0.0824, 0.1296       |
| CMYK        | 0.74, 0.00, 0.05, 0.08       |
| HSL         | 176°, 80%, 58%               |
| HSV         | 176°, 74%, 92%               |
| XYZ         | 44.5352, 65.1117, 79.3017    |
| YIQ         | 180.9050, -99.2560, -40.4080 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

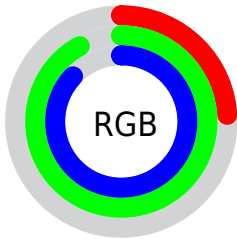
| Format                              | Color  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">61, 151, 234</a>                     |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">4057822</a>                          |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">84.54, -45.02, -6.60</a>             |
| CIElCh                              | <a href="#">85, 45.497, 188.337</a>              |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">65.1117, 0.2357,<br/>0.3446</a>      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4282247902<br/>(0xFF3DEADE)</a>      |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">180.9050, 20.2598,<br/>-105.1567</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">80.6918, -42.6935,<br/>-1.7843</a>   |

# Details

The Yxy color **65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **21.3310, 0.5523, 0.3200**, and the grayscale version is **46.1081, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.8083, 0.2497, 0.3288**, and **34.2343, 0.2295, 0.3461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.4375, 0.2325, 0.3470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.1156, 0.2408, 0.3422**.

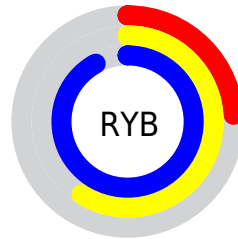
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (92%)

Blue (87%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (92%)

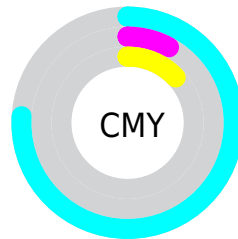


Cyan (74%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (8%)


Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 65.1117, 0.2357,  
0.3446


 65.1117, 0.2357,  
0.3446


443.1933, 0.2713,  
0.3380

 47.5517, 0.2276,  
0.3459


 112.2104, 0.2480,  
0.3425


 33.4720, 0.2177,  
0.3475


 142.5179, 0.2528,  
0.3416

 22.4883, 0.2052,  
0.3492


 177.8433, 0.2570,  
0.3408

 14.2161, 0.1892,  
0.3512

 218.5711, 0.2606,  
0.3401

 8.2711, 0.1677,  
0.3534

265.0855, 0.2637,  
0.3395

 4.2689, 0.1381,  
0.3551

317.7711, 0.2665,

 1.8251, 0.0847,

0.3390

377.0122, 0.2690,  
0.3385

0.3587

0.5027, 0.0000,  
0.3325

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

65.1117, 0.2357,  
0.3446

65.1117, 0.2357,  
0.3446

64.4375, 0.2325,  
0.3470

66.1156, 0.2408,  
0.3422


64.0401, 0.2310,  
0.3493


67.4792, 0.2479,  
0.3399


63.8914, 0.2308,  
0.3507


69.2372, 0.2569,  
0.3376


71.4183, 0.2675,  
0.3354

 74.0486, 0.2796,  
0.3334

 77.1521, 0.2929,  
0.3314

 80.7509, 0.3071,  
0.3296

 84.8659, 0.3218,  
0.3280

 86.1975, 0.3253,  
0.3265

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.1117, 0.2793, 0.3999



65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



65.1117, 0.2131, 0.2902

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



65.1117, 0.2830, 0.2464



65.1117, 0.4201, 0.3943

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



21.3310, 0.5523, 0.3200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.1117, 0.4237, 0.3516



65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



65.1117, 0.3402, 0.2707

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



65.1117, 0.2384, 0.2398



65.1117, 0.3937, 0.3079



65.1117, 0.3863, 0.4256



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



65.1117, 0.2113, 0.2635



65.1117, 0.3937, 0.3079



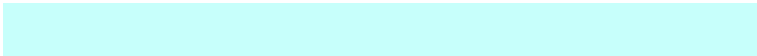
65.1117, 0.4251, 0.3807

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.1142, 0.2357, 0.3446



90.6194, 0.2819, 0.3330



60.7024, 0.3066, 0.5604



19.1920, 0.2784, 0.3336



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.1142, 0.2357, 0.3446



78.0113, 0.2315, 0.3483



32.7730, 0.2047, 0.2259



17.1027, 0.2991, 0.3306



35.9118, 0.2307, 0.3503



2.8254, 0.2298, 0.3471



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.3310, 0.5523, 0.3200



22.2736, 0.6118, 0.3236



34.6550, 0.4982, 0.3997



15.0711, 0.3282, 0.3274



9.8579, 0.6325, 0.3258

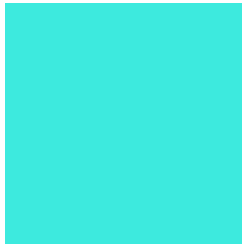


0.7800, 0.6131, 0.3151



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

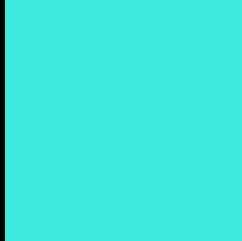
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

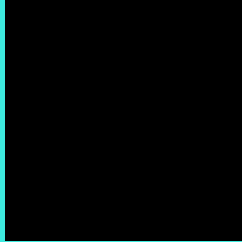
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

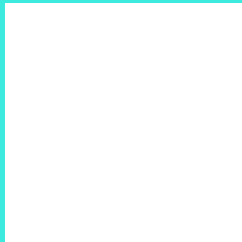
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446.

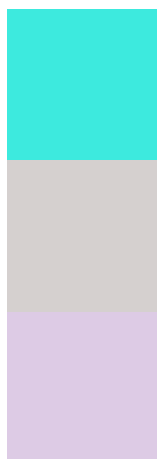


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

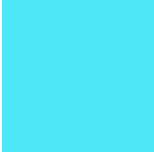
65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446

### Protanopia

63.7629, 0.3172, 0.3302

### Deuteranopia

63.7412, 0.3080, 0.3006



## **Tritanopia**

65.0529, 0.2277, 0.3051

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



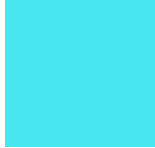
## Protanomaly

61.6483, 0.2761, 0.3351



## Deuteranomaly

61.3707, 0.2708, 0.3143



## Tritanomaly

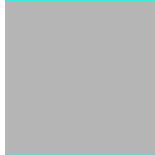
64.7615, 0.2304, 0.3186

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446



## Achromatopsia

46.2077, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

50.6124, 0.2704, 0.3343

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 234, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 234, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 234, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 234, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 234, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 234, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 234, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 234, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 234, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 234,  
222) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 65.1117, 0.2357, 0.3446 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 234, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 234,  
222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor