

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(65.8790, 0.2768, 0.3119)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(65.8790, 0.2768, 0.3119)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3DBE9
RGB	179, 219, 233
RGB Percent	70%, 86%, 91%
CMY	0.2978, 0.1412, 0.0862
CMYK	0.23, 0.06, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	196°, 55%, 81%
HSV	196°, 23%, 91%
XYZ	58.6411, 66.1299, 86.7770
YIQ	208.6360, -28.3340, -4.1260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

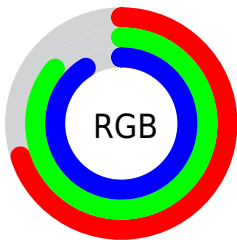
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">179, 202, 233</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11787241</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.06, -9.96, -11.18</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">85, 14.975, 228.312</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289977321</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB3DBE9</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">208.6360, 12.0115, -25.9908</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.3203, -13.5919, -6.3442</a>

# Details

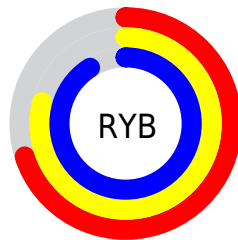
The Yxy color **66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.7612, 0.3570, 0.3448**, and the grayscale version is **63.4536, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.5729, 0.3011, 0.3290**, and **34.0852, 0.2688, 0.3088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.4822, 0.2625, 0.3044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.3672, 0.2924, 0.3201**.

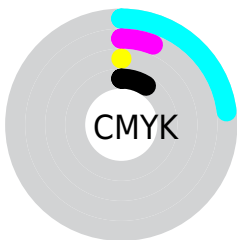
# Distribution



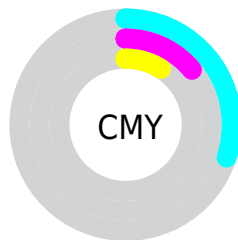
- Red (70%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66.1299, 0.2772,  
0.3126

■ 66.1299, 0.2772,  
0.3126

446.8413, 0.2937,  
0.3205

■ 48.3779, 0.2734,  
0.3107

■ 113.6728, 0.2829,  
0.3154

■ 34.1262, 0.2687,  
0.3083

144.2324, 0.2852,  
0.3165

■ 22.9906, 0.2628,  
0.3053

179.8299, 0.2871,  
0.3174

■ 14.5866, 0.2550,  
0.3012

220.8499, 0.2888,  
0.3182

■ 8.5297, 0.2443,  
0.2953

267.6766, 0.2902,  
0.3189

■ 4.4357, 0.2289,  
0.2866

320.6945, 0.2915,

■ 1.9202, 0.2050,

0.3195

0.2720

380.2879, 0.2927,  
0.3200

0.5605, 0.1254,  
0.2428

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

66.1299, 0.2772,  
0.3126

66.1299, 0.2772,  
0.3126

60.4822, 0.2625,  
0.3044

72.3672, 0.2924,  
0.3201

55.3914, 0.2487,  
0.2957

79.2090, 0.3078,  
0.3270

50.8331, 0.2360,  
0.2865

86.6799, 0.3232,  
0.3332

46.7780, 0.2250,  
0.2769

91.3777, 0.3267,  
0.3390

■ 43.1931, 0.2157,  
0.2672

■ 95.0679, 0.3261,  
0.3448

■ 40.0407, 0.2084,  
0.2574

■ 98.6642, 0.3256,  
0.3503

■ 37.2750, 0.2030,  
0.2476

■ 35.5576, 0.2003,  
0.2410

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.1299, 0.2830, 0.3290



66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126



66.1299, 0.2805, 0.3014

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126



66.1299, 0.3284, 0.3128



66.1299, 0.3329, 0.3619

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126



58.7612, 0.3570, 0.3448

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.1299, 0.3457, 0.3563



66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126



66.1299, 0.3432, 0.3279

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126



66.1299, 0.3097, 0.3019



66.1299, 0.3496, 0.3437



66.1299, 0.3149, 0.3582



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126



66.1299, 0.2875, 0.2980



66.1299, 0.3496, 0.3437



66.1299, 0.3380, 0.3610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.1326, 0.2772, 0.3126



93.8453, 0.3019, 0.3244



71.7087, 0.3016, 0.3773



19.9770, 0.3009, 0.3240



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

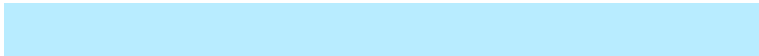


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.1326, 0.2772, 0.3126



77.6047, 0.2698, 0.3086



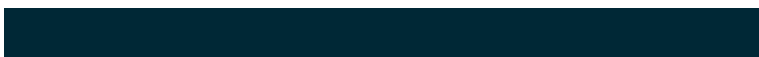
53.4148, 0.2747, 0.2806



16.4206, 0.2981, 0.3227



20.3838, 0.2007, 0.2425



1.7548, 0.2044, 0.2559



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.7037, 0.3265, 0.2857



61.4567, 0.3301, 0.2760



71.5226, 0.3507, 0.3731



15.2430, 0.3178, 0.3117



11.5506, 0.3997, 0.1976

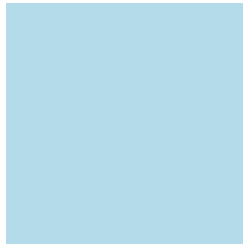


0.9226, 0.3864, 0.1902



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

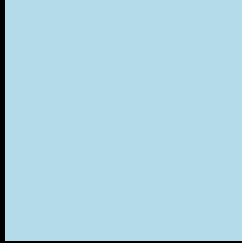
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

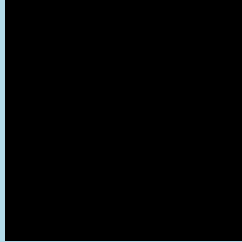
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126.

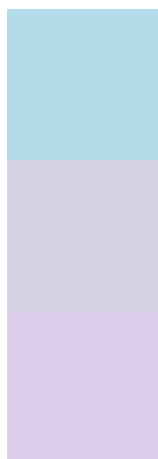


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126

### Protanopia

66.0389, 0.3013, 0.3101

### Deuteranopia

65.7283, 0.3039, 0.2967



## Tritanopia

66.4225, 0.2761, 0.3093

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126

## Protanomaly

65.9484, 0.2917, 0.3108

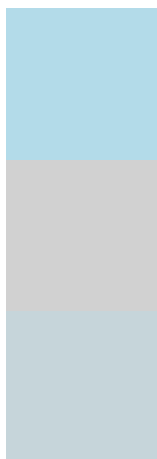
## Deuteranomaly

65.7085, 0.2932, 0.3023

## Tritanomaly

66.3645, 0.2767, 0.3104

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126

## Achromatopsia

63.7597, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

64.6562, 0.2986, 0.3232

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 219, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 219, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 219, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 219, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 219, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 219, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 219, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 219, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 219, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 219,  
233) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 66.1299, 0.2772, 0.3126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 219, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
219, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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