

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(65.9176, 0.2641, 0.4459)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(65.9176, 0.2641, 0.4459)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37F19E
RGB	55, 241, 158
RGB Percent	22%, 95%, 62%
CMY	0.7840, 0.0549, 0.3805
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.34, 0.05
HSL	153°, 87%, 58%
HSV	153°, 77%, 95%
XYZ	39.2042, 66.1914, 43.0489
YIQ	175.9240, -84.2130, -65.2450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

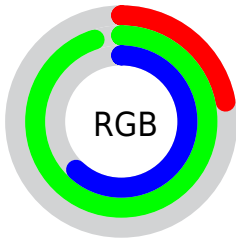
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">55, 175, 241</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3666334</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.09, -63.56, 27.51</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">85, 69.255, 156.595</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281856414</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF37F19E</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">175.9240, -8.8365, -106.0503</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">81.3581, -56.3625, 25.5786</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. The color can be described as light washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **23.2792, 0.4598, 0.2534**, and the grayscale version is **43.4669, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.9912, 0.2663, 0.3795**, and **35.3216, 0.2651, 0.4743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.3160, 0.2647, 0.4634**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.4366, 0.2656, 0.4282**.

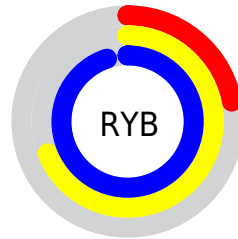
# Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (95%)

Blue (62%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (95%)

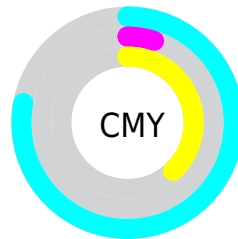


Cyan (77%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (5%)


Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 66.1914, 0.2641,  
0.4459


 66.1914, 0.2641,  
0.4459


447.0611, 0.2889,  
0.3868

 48.4278, 0.2578,  
0.4607


 113.7610, 0.2732,  
0.4244

 34.1658, 0.2497,  
0.4796


 144.3358, 0.2766,  
0.4163

 23.0210, 0.2389,  
0.5047


 179.9497, 0.2795,  
0.4095

 14.6090, 0.2238,  
0.5393

 220.9873, 0.2819,  
0.4036

 8.5454, 0.2017,  
0.5895

267.8328, 0.2840,  
0.3986

 4.4459, 0.1671,  
0.6668

320.8707, 0.2859,

 1.9260, 0.0187,

0.3942

0.9813

380.4853, 0.2875,  
0.3903

■ 0.5639, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 66.1914, 0.2641,  
0.4459

■ 66.1914, 0.2641,  
0.4459

■ 65.3160, 0.2647,  
0.4634

■ 67.4366, 0.2656,  
0.4282


■ 64.7465, 0.2671,  
0.4802


■ 69.0870, 0.2691,  
0.4107


■ 64.6156, 0.2680,  
0.4849


■ 71.1824, 0.2743,  
0.3938

■ 73.7555, 0.2810,  
0.3778

 76.8360, 0.2887,  
0.3629

 80.4509, 0.2972,  
0.3493

 84.6254, 0.3062,  
0.3370

 89.3830, 0.3154,  
0.3260

 91.3809, 0.3134,  
0.3157

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.1914, 0.3441, 0.4881



66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



66.1914, 0.2018, 0.3556

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



66.1914, 0.2024, 0.2017



66.1914, 0.4787, 0.3513

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



23.2792, 0.4598, 0.2534

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.1914, 0.4312, 0.2922



66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



66.1914, 0.2628, 0.2107

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



66.1914, 0.1718, 0.2198



66.1914, 0.3471, 0.2427



66.1914, 0.4717, 0.4130



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



66.1914, 0.1776, 0.2959



66.1914, 0.3471, 0.2427



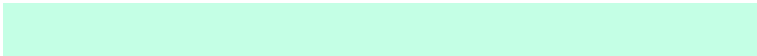
66.1914, 0.4687, 0.3310

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.1940, 0.2641, 0.4459



88.9493, 0.2921, 0.3572



68.6552, 0.3392, 0.5447



18.7333, 0.2891, 0.3623



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.1940, 0.2641, 0.4459



73.8204, 0.2660, 0.4738



64.7131, 0.2264, 0.3169



17.8029, 0.3040, 0.3397



35.0667, 0.2673, 0.4822



2.9372, 0.2612, 0.4602



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.2792, 0.4598, 0.2534



23.1366, 0.5048, 0.2591



22.6874, 0.5754, 0.3363



15.8762, 0.3223, 0.3185



10.7500, 0.5184, 0.2630

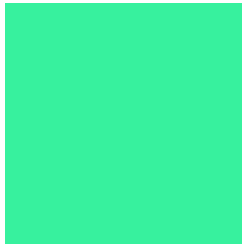


0.9140, 0.4859, 0.2451



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

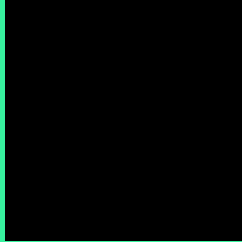
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

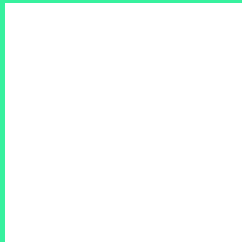
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459.

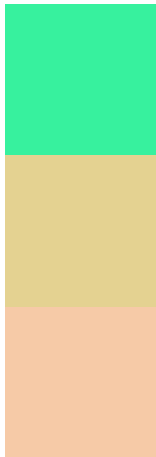


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

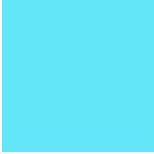
66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459

### Protanopia

64.6315, 0.3739, 0.4017

### Deuteranopia

64.6239, 0.3750, 0.3666



## **Tritanopia**

65.9676, 0.2337, 0.3066

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



## Protanomaly

61.9142, 0.3186, 0.4208



## Deuteranomaly

61.1392, 0.3189, 0.3948



## Tritanomaly

65.5458, 0.2438, 0.3538

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459



## Achromatopsia

43.4154, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

49.0787, 0.2840, 0.3734

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 241, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 241, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 241, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 241, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 241, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 241, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 241, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 241, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 241, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 241,  
158) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 66.1914, 0.2641, 0.4459 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 241, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 241,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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