

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(66.4540, 0.2855, 0.2970)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(66.4540, 0.2855, 0.2970)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9D5F2
RGB	201, 213, 242
RGB Percent	79%, 84%, 95%
CMY	0.2117, 0.1647, 0.0510
CMYK	0.17, 0.12, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	222°, 61%, 87%
HSV	222°, 17%, 95%
XYZ	63.9105, 66.4168, 93.4490
YIQ	212.7180, -16.4610, 6.4750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

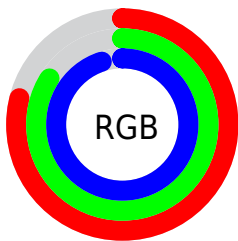
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	201, 210, 242
Decimal	13227506
CIE Lab	85.21, 1.80, -15.57
CIE LCh	85, 15.671, 276.585
Yxy	66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291417586 (0xFFC9D5F2)
YUV	212.7180, 14.4360, -10.2767
Hunter-Lab	81.4965, -2.6371, -10.9381

# Details

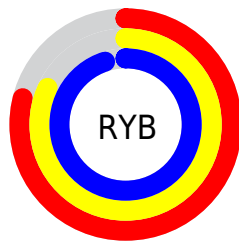
The Yxy color **66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **79.6919, 0.3402, 0.3593**, and the grayscale version is **66.2544, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **34.2019, 0.2792, 0.2883** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.1619, 0.2681, 0.2747**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.1148, 0.3020, 0.3166**.

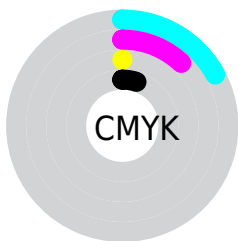
# Distribution



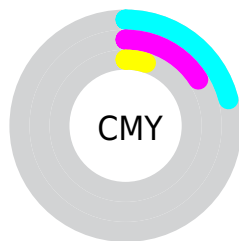
- Red (79%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66.4168, 0.2856,  
0.2968

■ 66.4168, 0.2856,  
0.2968

447.8660, 0.2983,  
0.3118

■ 48.6108, 0.2827,  
0.2934

114.0843, 0.2900,  
0.3020

■ 34.3109, 0.2790,  
0.2891

144.7147, 0.2917,  
0.3040

■ 23.1325, 0.2744,  
0.2837

180.3887, 0.2932,  
0.3058

■ 14.6914, 0.2683,  
0.2766

221.4906, 0.2945,  
0.3073

■ 8.6031, 0.2600,  
0.2669

268.4049, 0.2956,  
0.3086

■ 4.4832, 0.2479,  
0.2530

321.5160, 0.2966,

■ 1.9474, 0.2288,

0.3098

0.2313

381.2082, 0.2975,  
0.3109

0.5766, 0.1911,  
0.1862

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

66.4168, 0.2856,  
0.2968

66.4168, 0.2856,  
0.2968

55.1619, 0.2681,  
0.2747

79.1148, 0.3020,  
0.3166

45.2892, 0.2498,  
0.2505

93.2977, 0.3172,  
0.3341

36.7452, 0.2312,  
0.2245

99.1904, 0.3203,  
0.3415

29.4698, 0.2131,  
0.1974

■ 23.3976, 0.1962,  
0.1702

■ 18.4569, 0.1816,  
0.1441

■ 14.5668, 0.1700,  
0.1206

■ 11.6313, 0.1618,  
0.1006

■ 10.8888, 0.1598,  
0.0953

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.4168, 0.2766, 0.3038



66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968



66.4168, 0.3019, 0.2981

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968



66.4168, 0.3499, 0.3380



66.4168, 0.3031, 0.3526

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968



79.6919, 0.3402, 0.3593

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.4168, 0.3227, 0.3622



66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968



66.4168, 0.3501, 0.3530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968



66.4168, 0.3394, 0.3214



66.4168, 0.3400, 0.3621



66.4168, 0.2865, 0.3361



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968



66.4168, 0.3150, 0.3033



66.4168, 0.3400, 0.3621



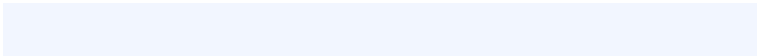
66.4168, 0.3095, 0.3568

# Sweetspot

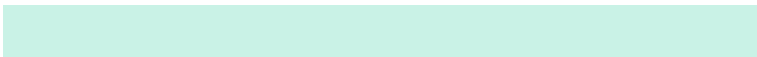
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.4195, 0.2856, 0.2968



92.0404, 0.3051, 0.3201



81.6162, 0.2940, 0.3423



19.4683, 0.3040, 0.3189



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.4195, 0.2856, 0.2968



70.6769, 0.2802, 0.2901



61.7778, 0.2907, 0.2839



15.9820, 0.2980, 0.3118



6.0544, 0.1606, 0.0981



0.6693, 0.1677, 0.1237



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.4613, 0.3360, 0.3164



69.5558, 0.3412, 0.3139



85.1760, 0.3325, 0.3719



15.8349, 0.3247, 0.3221



10.4045, 0.5788, 0.2962

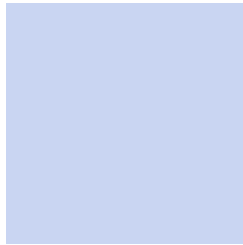


0.8823, 0.5415, 0.2757



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

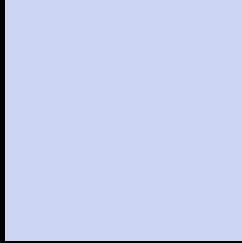
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

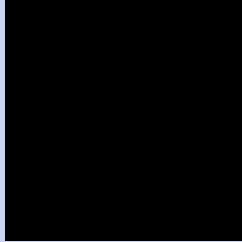
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968

### Protanopia

66.3493, 0.2908, 0.2960

### Deuteranopia

66.1568, 0.2971, 0.2903



## Tritanopia

66.5692, 0.2905, 0.3098

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968

## Protanomaly

66.4170, 0.2888, 0.2970

## Deuteranomaly

66.0690, 0.2923, 0.2920

## Tritanomaly

66.4286, 0.2886, 0.3043

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968

## Achromatopsia

66.5387, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

66.5256, 0.3025, 0.3167

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 213, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 213, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 213, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 213, 242) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 213, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 213, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 213, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 213, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 213, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 213,  
242) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 66.4168, 0.2856, 0.2968 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 213, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
213, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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