

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(66.7254, 0.2434, 0.2870)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(66.7254, 0.2434, 0.2870)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CE0FF
RGB	140, 224, 255
RGB Percent	55%, 88%, 100%
CMY	0.4508, 0.1216, 0.0000
CMYK	0.45, 0.12, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	196°, 100%, 77%
HSV	196°, 45%, 100%
XYZ	55.5261, 66.1068, 104.4506
YIQ	202.4180, -60.0150, -8.1670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

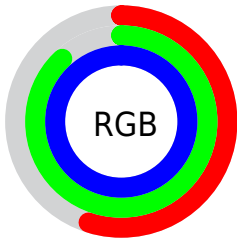
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	140, 189, 255
Decimal	9232639
CIE Lab	85.05, -17.58, -23.02
CIE LCh	85, 28.969, 232.630
Yxy	66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287422719 (0xFF8CE0FF)
YUV	202.4180, 25.9229, -54.7406
Hunter-Lab	81.3061, -20.3832, -19.2531

# Details

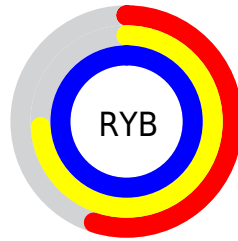
The Yxy color **66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **52.2945, 0.4188, 0.3617**, and the grayscale version is **59.2058, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7458, 0.2794, 0.3289**, and **34.2025, 0.2304, 0.2837** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.5215, 0.2331, 0.2827**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.3582, 0.2594, 0.3017**.

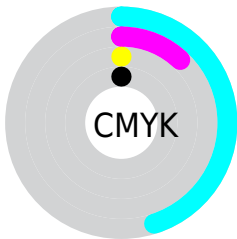
# Distribution



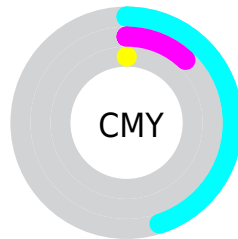
- Red (55%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 66.1068, 0.2456,  
0.2924


 66.1068, 0.2456,  
0.2924


446.7587, 0.2763,  
0.3101

 48.3591, 0.2387,  
0.2882


 113.6396, 0.2562,  
0.2987

 34.1114, 0.2303,  
0.2829


 144.1935, 0.2603,  
0.3011

 22.9792, 0.2198,  
0.2761


179.7849, 0.2639,  
0.3032

 14.5781, 0.2063,  
0.2671

220.7983, 0.2670,  
0.3049

 8.5238, 0.1885,  
0.2547

267.6179, 0.2697,  
0.3065

 4.4319, 0.1642,  
0.2365

320.6283, 0.2722,

 1.9180, 0.1296,

0.3079

0.2080

380.2138, 0.2743,  
0.3091

0.5592, 0.0292,  
0.1597

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

66.1068, 0.2456,  
0.2924

66.1068, 0.2456,  
0.2924

60.5215, 0.2331,  
0.2827

72.3582, 0.2594,  
0.3017

55.5596, 0.2222,  
0.2726

79.3049, 0.2741,  
0.3103

51.1803, 0.2132,  
0.2624

86.9801, 0.2893,  
0.3183

47.3346, 0.2061,  
0.2521

95.4130, 0.3048,  
0.3256

■ 43.9623, 0.2011,  
0.2420

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 42.4367, 0.1992,  
0.2371

# Harmonies

## Analogous

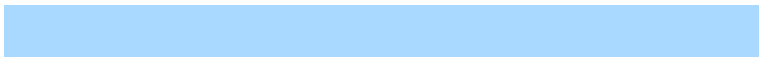
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.1068, 0.2537, 0.3228



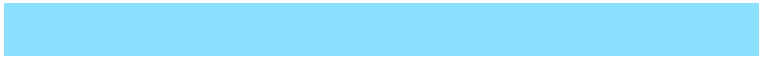
66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924



66.1068, 0.2540, 0.2742

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924



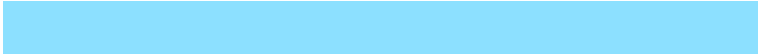
66.1068, 0.3477, 0.3020



66.1068, 0.3462, 0.3937

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924



52.2945, 0.4188, 0.3617

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.1068, 0.3737, 0.3833



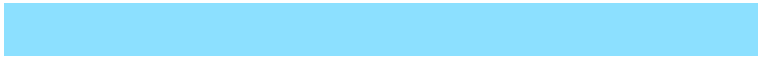
66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924



66.1068, 0.3751, 0.3301

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924



66.1068, 0.3114, 0.2807



66.1068, 0.3847, 0.3595

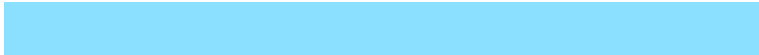


66.1068, 0.3107, 0.3848



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924



66.1068, 0.2681, 0.2701



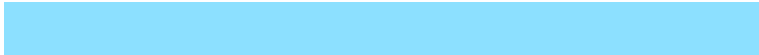
66.1068, 0.3847, 0.3595



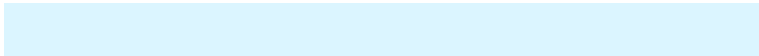
66.1068, 0.3567, 0.3922

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.1085, 0.2456, 0.2924



87.8573, 0.2910, 0.3191



80.0271, 0.2915, 0.4328



18.4333, 0.2877, 0.3175



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

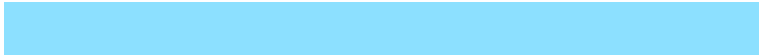


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

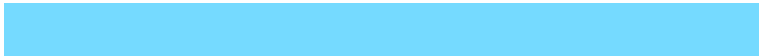


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.1085, 0.2456, 0.2924



61.0964, 0.2344, 0.2838



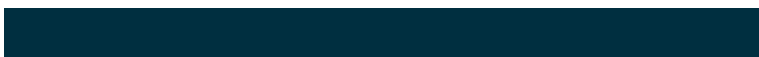
40.3848, 0.2329, 0.2204



19.6041, 0.2980, 0.3224



22.4342, 0.1997, 0.2387



2.3652, 0.2029, 0.2503



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.4081, 0.3456, 0.2449



39.1076, 0.3546, 0.2301



78.7376, 0.3911, 0.4174



18.2118, 0.3180, 0.3118



12.9927, 0.4036, 0.1997

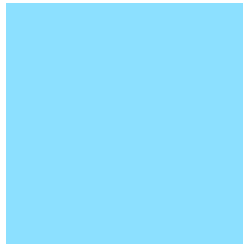


1.2833, 0.3920, 0.1933



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

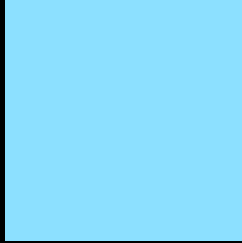
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

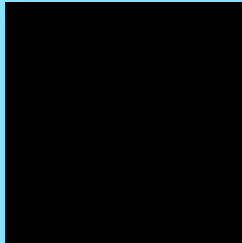
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924.

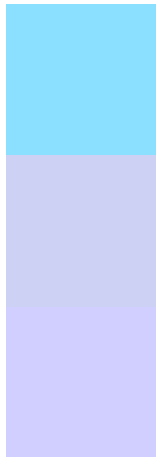


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924

### Protanopia

65.6649, 0.2863, 0.2905

### Deuteranopia

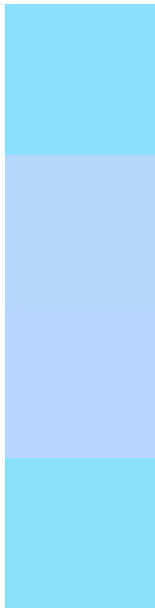
65.2555, 0.2820, 0.2773



## Tritanopia

66.2427, 0.2497, 0.3072

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924

## Protanomaly

65.2642, 0.2690, 0.2904

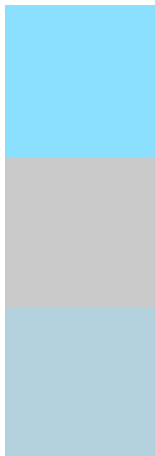
## Deuteranomaly

64.8758, 0.2667, 0.2819

## Tritanomaly

66.0310, 0.2481, 0.3014

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924

## Achromatopsia

59.0619, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

60.8974, 0.2836, 0.3158

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 224, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 224, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 224, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 224, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 224, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 224, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 224, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 224, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 224, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 224,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 66.1068, 0.2456, 0.2924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 224, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
224, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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