

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(67.2275, 0.3141, 0.3304)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(67.2275, 0.3141, 0.3304)
contains.

Yxy(67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	23
Color Blindness Simulation	26
CSS Examples	29

Color

Yxy(67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7D6D5
RGB	215, 214, 213
RGB Percent	84%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.1569, 0.1608, 0.1646
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.16
HSL	30°, 2%, 84%
HSV	30°, 1%, 84%
XYZ	64.0801, 67.3443, 72.5874
YIQ	214.1850, 0.9170, -0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	215, 215, 213
Decimal	14145237
CIE Lab	85.68, 0.16, 0.59
CIE LCh	86, 0.613, 74.595
Yxy	67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292335317 (0xFFD7D6D5)
YUV	214.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148
Hunter-Lab	82.0636, -4.2279, 5.0009

Details

The Yxy color **67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **67.1500, 0.3113, 0.3279**, and the grayscale version is **67.3809, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **34.7385, 0.3146, 0.3305** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.0753, 0.3304, 0.3426**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.1212, 0.2998, 0.3184**.

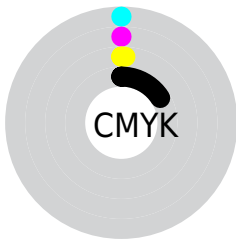
Distribution



- Red (84%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.3443, 0.3141,
0.3301

■ 67.3443, 0.3141,
0.3301

451.1693, 0.3135,
0.3296

■ 49.3645, 0.3142,
0.3302

115.4136, 0.3139,
0.3299

■ 34.9087, 0.3144,
0.3304

146.2719, 0.3138,
0.3299

■ 23.5926, 0.3147,
0.3306

182.1918, 0.3137,
0.3298

■ 15.0317, 0.3150,
0.3308

223.5577, 0.3136,
0.3297

■ 8.8416, 0.3154,
0.3311

270.7540, 0.3136,
0.3297

■ 4.6380, 0.3161,
0.3316

324.1651, 0.3135,

■ 2.0365, 0.3171,

0.3297

384.1754, 0.3135,
0.3296

0.3325

0.6285, 0.3211,
0.3356

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

67.3443, 0.3141,
0.3301

67.3443, 0.3141,
0.3301

61.0753, 0.3304,
0.3426

74.1212, 0.2998,
0.3184

55.2932, 0.3491,
0.3558

81.3434, 0.2880,
0.3086

49.9877, 0.3702,
0.3694

87.6868, 0.2885,
0.3199

45.1451, 0.3937,
0.3828

93.1850, 0.2889,
0.3289

■ 40.7510, 0.4194,
0.3953

■ 36.7899, 0.4466,
0.4060

■ 33.2451, 0.4741,
0.4134

■ 30.0987, 0.5004,
0.4165

■ 27.3300, 0.5238,
0.4142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.3443, 0.3142, 0.3296



67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301



67.3443, 0.3136, 0.3303

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301



67.3443, 0.3116, 0.3291



67.3443, 0.3125, 0.3278

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301



67.1500, 0.3113, 0.3279

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.3443, 0.3118, 0.3277



67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301



67.3443, 0.3113, 0.3285

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301



67.3443, 0.3122, 0.3298



67.3443, 0.3114, 0.3279



67.3443, 0.3133, 0.3283

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301



67.3443, 0.3132, 0.3303



67.3443, 0.3114, 0.3279



67.3443, 0.3123, 0.3278

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.3472, 0.3141, 0.3301

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



66.9010, 0.3135, 0.3279



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



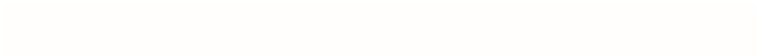
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.3472, 0.3141, 0.3301



99.0279, 0.3142, 0.3302



67.8440, 0.3140, 0.3312



14.5983, 0.3141, 0.3301



15.2364, 0.5395, 0.4098



1.0845, 0.5133, 0.4306

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.1500, 0.3113, 0.3279



98.7069, 0.3112, 0.3278



66.6562, 0.3114, 0.3268



14.5541, 0.3113, 0.3279



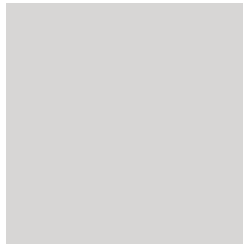
9.4676, 0.1773, 0.1583



0.7366, 0.1860, 0.1897

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

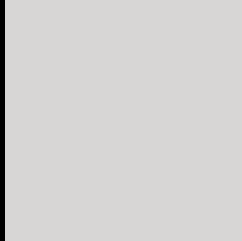
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

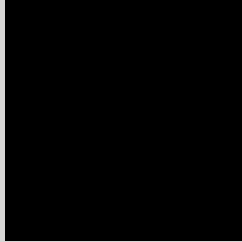
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

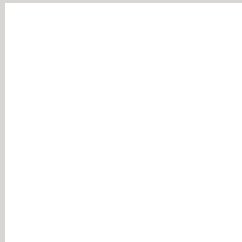
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301.

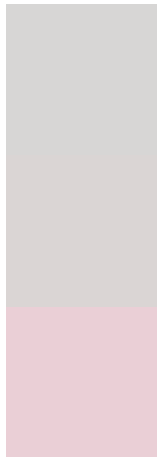


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301

Protanopia

67.2474, 0.3171, 0.3301

Deuteranopia

66.9731, 0.3283, 0.3215



Tritanopia

67.4401, 0.3056, 0.3115

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301

Protanomaly

67.0937, 0.3163, 0.3301

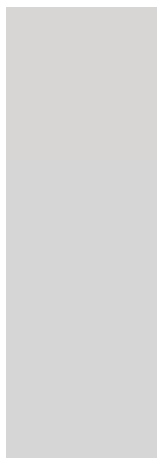
Deuteranomaly

67.2791, 0.3227, 0.3247

Tritanomaly

67.5151, 0.3081, 0.3180

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301

Achromatopsia

67.2443, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

67.2443, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 214, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 214, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 214, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 214, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 214, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 214, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 214, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 214, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 214,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 67.3443, 0.3141, 0.3301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 214, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
214, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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