

# Converting Colors

Yxy(67.6679, 0.3394, 0.3566)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(67.6679, 0.3394, 0.3566)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2D6BD
RGB	226, 214, 189
RGB Percent	89%, 84%, 74%
CMY	0.1136, 0.1608, 0.2587
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.16, 0.11
HSL	40°, 39%, 81%
HSV	40°, 16%, 89%
XYZ	64.6039, 67.9360, 57.8637
YIQ	214.7380, 15.1770, -5.2310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

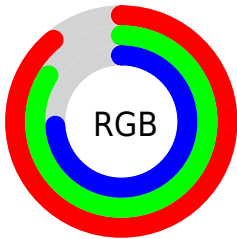
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">207, 226, 189</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14866109</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">85.97, 0.07, 13.82</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">86, 13.819, 89.691</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293056189 (0xFFE2D6BD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">214.7380, -12.6888, 9.8768</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.4233, -4.3313, 16.0729</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **58.1128, 0.2867, 0.2996**, and the grayscale version is **67.8531, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.3726, 0.3185, 0.3386**, and **35.1199, 0.3451, 0.3626** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.3961, 0.3576, 0.3746**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.8028, 0.3225, 0.3396**.

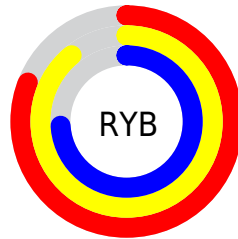
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (84%)

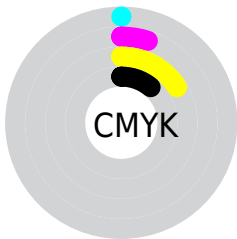
Blue (74%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (74%)

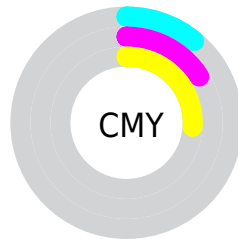


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (16%)


Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 67.9360, 0.3393,  
0.3568

 67.9360, 0.3393,  
0.3568


453.2692, 0.3268,  
0.3438

 49.8457, 0.3422,  
0.3598


 116.2606, 0.3349,  
0.3523

 35.2908, 0.3458,  
0.3635


147.2636, 0.3333,  
0.3505

 23.8870, 0.3503,  
0.3683


183.3397, 0.3318,  
0.3490

 15.2498, 0.3563,  
0.3745

224.8732, 0.3306,  
0.3477

 8.9949, 0.3645,  
0.3831

272.2485, 0.3295,  
0.3465

 4.7378, 0.3764,  
0.3955

325.8500, 0.3285,

 2.0943, 0.3950,

0.3455

0.4149

386.0621, 0.3276,  
0.3446

0.6614, 0.4880,  
0.5120

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

67.9360, 0.3393,  
0.3568

67.9360, 0.3393,  
0.3568

63.3961, 0.3576,  
0.3746

72.8028, 0.3225,  
0.3396

59.1647, 0.3773,  
0.3924

77.9962, 0.3074,  
0.3232

55.2351, 0.3979,  
0.4095

83.4090, 0.2949,  
0.3097

51.5966, 0.4189,  
0.4248

87.7296, 0.2950,  
0.3172

■ 48.2377, 0.4393,  
0.4374

■ 92.2264, 0.2952,  
0.3247

■ 45.1457, 0.4582,  
0.4460

■ 94.9132, 0.2952,  
0.3289

■ 42.3060, 0.4747,  
0.4499

■ 39.7007, 0.4878,  
0.4486

■ 38.8036, 0.4922,  
0.4474

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.9360, 0.3462, 0.3474



67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568



67.9360, 0.3253, 0.3588

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568



67.9360, 0.2826, 0.3230



67.9360, 0.3166, 0.3074

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568



58.1128, 0.2867, 0.2996

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.9360, 0.2996, 0.3009



67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568



67.9360, 0.2803, 0.3094

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568



67.9360, 0.2926, 0.3389



67.9360, 0.2865, 0.3015



67.9360, 0.3329, 0.3192



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568



67.9360, 0.3140, 0.3553



67.9360, 0.2865, 0.3015



67.9360, 0.3107, 0.3045

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.9390, 0.3393, 0.3568



96.5892, 0.3204, 0.3373



56.8118, 0.3338, 0.3152



20.5734, 0.3215, 0.3385



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

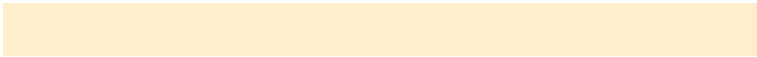


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.9390, 0.3393, 0.3568



87.0120, 0.3460, 0.3635



73.2766, 0.3327, 0.3701



15.2390, 0.3275, 0.3448



22.3560, 0.4907, 0.4485



1.7103, 0.4770, 0.4594



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1128, 0.2867, 0.2996



71.5502, 0.2803, 0.2920



53.5245, 0.2907, 0.2856



13.9674, 0.2981, 0.3127



6.0797, 0.1629, 0.1064

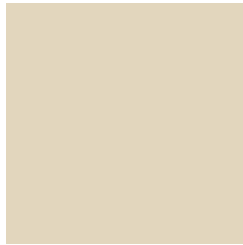


0.5805, 0.1715, 0.1374



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

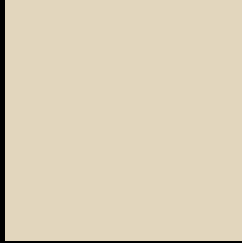
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

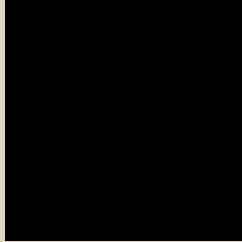
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

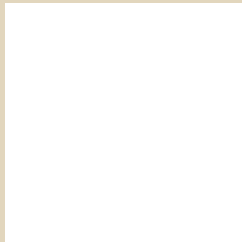
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568.

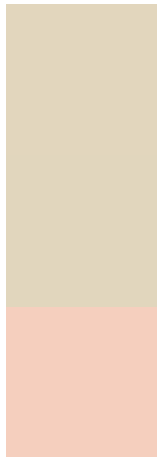


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568

### Protanopia

67.7748, 0.3385, 0.3569

### Deuteranopia

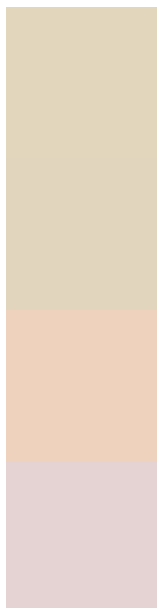
67.7558, 0.3549, 0.3472



## Tritanopia

68.0261, 0.3180, 0.3119

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568

## Protanomaly

67.7748, 0.3385, 0.3569

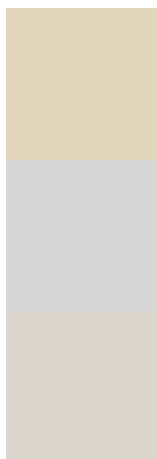
## Deuteranomaly

67.9880, 0.3487, 0.3507

## Tritanomaly

68.0000, 0.3255, 0.3280

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568

## Achromatopsia

67.9542, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

68.1172, 0.3218, 0.3391

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 214, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 214, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 214, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 214, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 214, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 214, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 214, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 214, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 214, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 214,  
189) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 67.9360, 0.3393, 0.3568 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 214, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
214, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor