

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(68.3019, 0.2764, 0.3312)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(68.3019, 0.2764, 0.3312)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8E2E0
RGB	168, 226, 224
RGB Percent	66%, 89%, 88%
CMY	0.3412, 0.1137, 0.1216
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.01, 0.11
HSL	178°, 50%, 77%
HSV	178°, 26%, 89%
XYZ	56.7940, 68.0994, 80.6586
YIQ	208.4300, -33.9260, -12.9180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

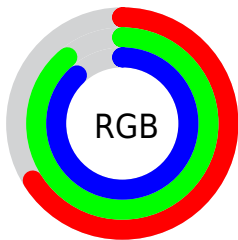
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">168, 198, 226</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11068128</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.06, -18.76, -5.01</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 19.415, 194.941</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289258208</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFA8E2E0</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">208.4300, 7.6760, -35.4571</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.5224, -21.5658, -0.1853</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.0717, 0.3653, 0.3268**, and the grayscale version is **63.3344, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.5873, 0.2940, 0.3289**, and **35.5678, 0.2676, 0.3320** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7910, 0.2641, 0.3323**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.8446, 0.2898, 0.3303**.

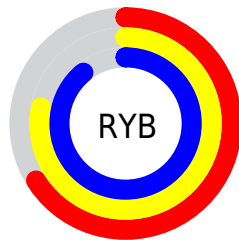
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (89%)

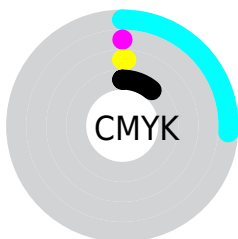
Blue (88%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (89%)

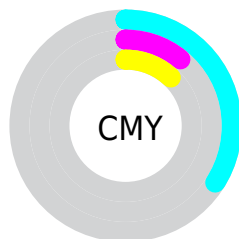


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 68.0994, 0.2763,  
0.3313

 68.0994, 0.2763,  
0.3313


453.8481, 0.2932,  
0.3304

 49.9786, 0.2724,  
0.3314


 116.4943, 0.2822,  
0.3310

 35.3964, 0.2676,  
0.3316


147.5373, 0.2845,  
0.3309

 23.9684, 0.2616,  
0.3318


183.6563, 0.2864,  
0.3308

 15.3102, 0.2536,  
0.3319

225.2360, 0.2881,  
0.3307

 9.0374, 0.2428,  
0.3319

272.6606, 0.2896,  
0.3307

 4.7656, 0.2271,  
0.3317

326.3146, 0.2910,

 2.1104, 0.2028,

0.3306

386.5823, 0.2921,  
0.3305

0.3305

0.6705, 0.0927,  
0.3466

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

68.0994, 0.2763,  
0.3313

68.0994, 0.2763,  
0.3313

65.7910, 0.2641,  
0.3323

70.8446, 0.2898,  
0.3303

63.8887, 0.2535,  
0.3334

74.0391, 0.3042,  
0.3295

62.3712, 0.2446,  
0.3345

77.7049, 0.3193,  
0.3287

61.2114, 0.2376,  
0.3357

81.2123, 0.3324,  
0.3279

■ 60.3791, 0.2326,  
0.3368

■ 81.2561, 0.3319,  
0.3271

■ 59.8389, 0.2294,  
0.3380

■ 81.3000, 0.3314,  
0.3264

■ 59.5472, 0.2280,  
0.3391

■ 81.3442, 0.3308,  
0.3256

■ 59.4663, 0.2277,  
0.3396

■ 81.3885, 0.3303,  
0.3248

■ 81.4331, 0.3298,  
0.3240

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.0994, 0.2945, 0.3531



68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313



68.0994, 0.2677, 0.3098

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313



68.0994, 0.3059, 0.2936



68.0994, 0.3563, 0.3623

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313



47.0717, 0.3653, 0.3268

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.0994, 0.3599, 0.3453



68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313



68.0994, 0.3302, 0.3065

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313



68.0994, 0.2843, 0.2891



68.0994, 0.3503, 0.3251



68.0994, 0.3408, 0.3711

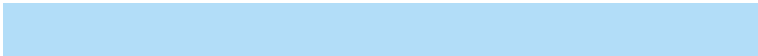


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313



68.0994, 0.2683, 0.2988



68.0994, 0.3503, 0.3251



68.0994, 0.3590, 0.3573

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.1022, 0.2763, 0.3313



96.2883, 0.3007, 0.3297



65.8698, 0.3113, 0.4017



20.4699, 0.2985, 0.3298



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

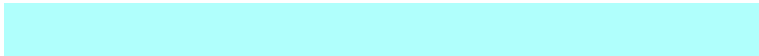


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.1022, 0.2763, 0.3313



87.7876, 0.2694, 0.3319



55.0756, 0.2722, 0.2969



15.5637, 0.2987, 0.3298



33.9258, 0.2276, 0.3394



2.3542, 0.2271, 0.3376



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.0717, 0.3653, 0.3268



55.5341, 0.3811, 0.3263



57.6227, 0.3598, 0.3591



13.7083, 0.3287, 0.3282



9.2378, 0.6362, 0.3278

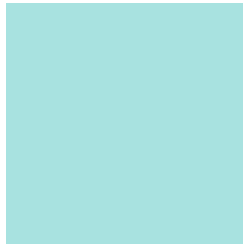


0.6431, 0.6249, 0.3216



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

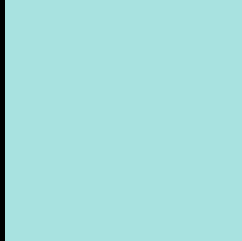
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

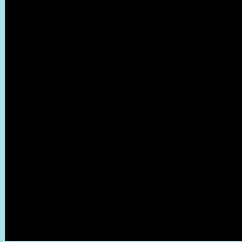
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

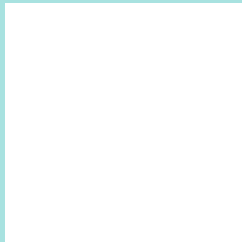
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313.

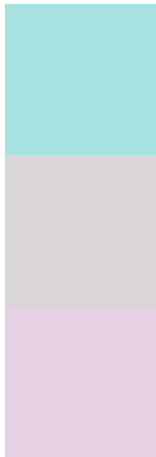


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313

### Protanopia

67.5037, 0.3137, 0.3246

### Deuteranopia

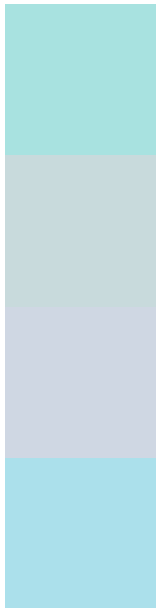
67.3712, 0.3145, 0.3076



## Tritanopia

67.8969, 0.2690, 0.3081

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313

**Protanomaly**

67.5895, 0.2987, 0.3267

**Deuteranomaly**

67.4123, 0.2991, 0.3156

**Tritanomaly**

67.9674, 0.2718, 0.3161

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313

**Achromatopsia**

63.0757, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

64.7934, 0.2977, 0.3301

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 226, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 226, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 226, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 226, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 226, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 226, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 226, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 226, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 226, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 226,  
224) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 68.0994, 0.2763, 0.3313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 226, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
226, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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