

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(68.3243, 0.3045, 0.2760)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(68.3243, 0.3045, 0.2760)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0CBFF
RGB	240, 203, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.0589, 0.2039, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	283°, 100%, 90%
HSV	283°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	75.3424, 68.4571, 103.8745
YIQ	219.9910, 5.3600, 24.0160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

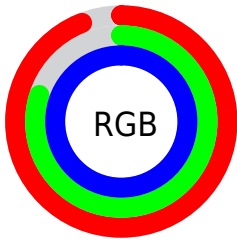
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 203, 255
Decimal	15780863
CIE Lab	86.23, 22.07, -20.62
CIE LCh	86, 30.206, 316.952
Yxy	68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293970943 (0xFFFF0CBFF)
YUV	219.9910, 17.2594, 17.5479
Hunter-Lab	82.7388, 17.7502, -16.5185

# Details

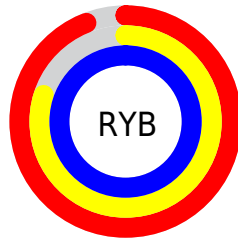
The Yxy color **68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **90.7393, 0.3194, 0.3841**, and the grayscale version is **71.4377, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **35.7625, 0.3023, 0.2656** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.1259, 0.2989, 0.2490**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.8233, 0.3088, 0.3030**.

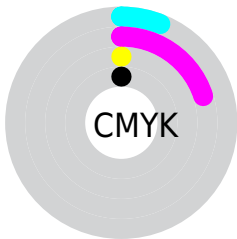
# Distribution



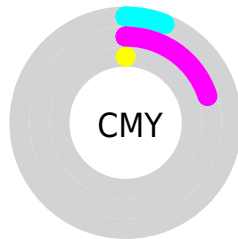
- Red (94%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



68.4571, 0.3042,  
0.2764

68.4571, 0.3042,  
0.2764

455.1138, 0.3085,  
0.3000

50.2697, 0.3031,  
0.2712

117.0058, 0.3058,  
0.2844

35.6277, 0.3018,  
0.2649

148.1359, 0.3064,  
0.2876

24.1468, 0.3000,  
0.2570

184.3491, 0.3069,  
0.2904

15.4426, 0.2975,  
0.2469

226.0296, 0.3073,  
0.2928

9.1306, 0.2941,  
0.2337

273.5620, 0.3077,  
0.2949

4.8265, 0.2887,  
0.2155

327.3305, 0.3080,

2.1458, 0.2799,

0.2968

0.1892

387.7197, 0.3083,  
0.2985

0.6902, 0.2638,  
0.1461

0.0000, 0.1262,  
0.0000

68.4571, 0.3042,  
0.2764

68.4571, 0.3042,  
0.2764

56.1259, 0.2989,  
0.2490

82.8233, 0.3088,  
0.3030

45.7294, 0.2927,  
0.2216

99.3122, 0.3126,  
0.3281

37.1631, 0.2858,  
0.1950

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

30.3111, 0.2784,  
0.1707

■ 25.0444, 0.2705,  
0.1496

■ 21.2149, 0.2626,  
0.1329

■ 18.6457, 0.2548,  
0.1211

■ 17.0921, 0.2476,  
0.1138

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.4571, 0.2707, 0.2684



68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764



68.4571, 0.3420, 0.2964

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764



68.4571, 0.3792, 0.3810



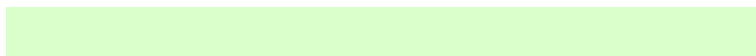
68.4571, 0.2554, 0.3294

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764



90.7393, 0.3194, 0.3841

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4571, 0.2820, 0.3650



68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764



68.4571, 0.3535, 0.3951

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764



68.4571, 0.3867, 0.3547



68.4571, 0.3177, 0.3900



68.4571, 0.2439, 0.2963



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764



68.4571, 0.3641, 0.3144



68.4571, 0.3177, 0.3900



68.4571, 0.2628, 0.3416

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.4581, 0.3042, 0.2764



89.7957, 0.3105, 0.3142



70.3735, 0.2796, 0.2897



18.9923, 0.3103, 0.3125



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.4581, 0.3042, 0.2764



63.7770, 0.3024, 0.2666



70.5423, 0.3224, 0.2878



18.0216, 0.3091, 0.3052



9.0110, 0.2488, 0.1144



0.9332, 0.2573, 0.1191



# Inverse Universe

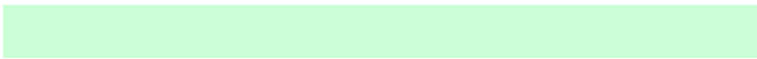
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.0367, 0.3421, 0.3138



64.4811, 0.3487, 0.3110



89.0418, 0.3043, 0.3740



18.0733, 0.3249, 0.3222



11.3866, 0.5808, 0.2973



1.1266, 0.5488, 0.2797



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

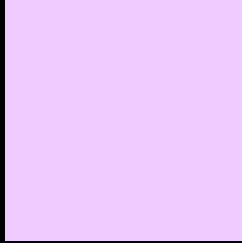
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

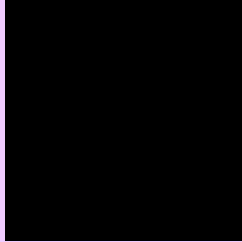
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

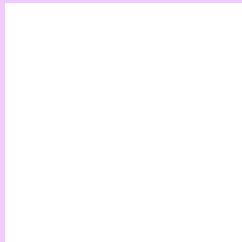
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764

### Protanopia

68.5785, 0.2818, 0.2849

### Deuteranopia

68.7404, 0.2909, 0.2847



## Tritanopia

68.2102, 0.3210, 0.3110

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764

## Protanomaly

68.3733, 0.2896, 0.2816

## Deuteranomaly

68.5984, 0.2957, 0.2812

## Tritanomaly

68.2033, 0.3149, 0.2978

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764

## Achromatopsia

71.5694, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

70.3072, 0.3093, 0.3088

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 203, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 203, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 203, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 203, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 203, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 203, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 203, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 203, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 203, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 203,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 68.4571, 0.3042, 0.2764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 203, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
203, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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