

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(68.8284, 0.3264, 0.3730)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(68.8284, 0.3264, 0.3730)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEDEB8
RGB	206, 222, 184
RGB Percent	81%, 87%, 72%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1294, 0.2784
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.17, 0.13
HSL	85°, 37%, 80%
HSV	85°, 17%, 87%
XYZ	60.2266, 68.8251, 55.4660
YIQ	212.8840, 2.6620, -15.2100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

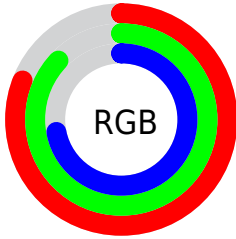
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">184, 222, 200</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13557432</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">86.42, -12.00, 16.85</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">86, 20.686, 125.447</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291747512 (0xFFCEDEB8)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">212.8840, -14.2398, -6.0373</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">82.9609, -15.5971, 18.4325</a>

# Details

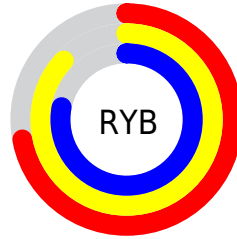
The Yxy color **68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **51.8455, 0.2971, 0.2844**, and the grayscale version is **66.5554, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.0713, 0.3214, 0.3434**, and **35.9515, 0.3297, 0.3841** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.6692, 0.3342, 0.4010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.2128, 0.3184, 0.3466**.

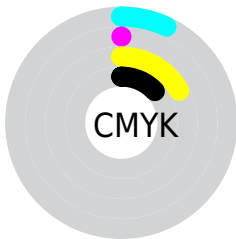
# Distribution



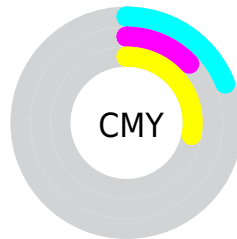
- Red (81%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 68.8251, 0.3264,  
0.3730

 68.8251, 0.3264,  
0.3730

456.4139, 0.3202,  
0.3520

 50.5693, 0.3278,  
0.3780


 117.5317, 0.3243,  
0.3656

 35.8659, 0.3294,  
0.3842


148.7513, 0.3235,  
0.3627

 24.3307, 0.3314,  
0.3922


185.0610, 0.3228,  
0.3603

 15.5791, 0.3339,  
0.4029

226.8451, 0.3221,  
0.3582

 9.2268, 0.3372,  
0.4178

274.4880, 0.3216,  
0.3563

 4.8894, 0.3413,  
0.4402

328.3742, 0.3211,

 2.1825, 0.3469,

0.3547

0.4778

388.8880, 0.3206,  
0.3533

0.7104, 0.3499,  
0.6501

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

68.8251, 0.3264,  
0.3730

68.8251, 0.3264,  
0.3730

66.6692, 0.3342,  
0.4010

71.2128, 0.3184,  
0.3466

64.7280, 0.3413,  
0.4299

73.8311, 0.3104,  
0.3222

62.9957, 0.3474,  
0.4588

76.6902, 0.3027,  
0.2998

61.4629, 0.3520,  
0.4865

78.5956, 0.3063,  
0.2962

■ 60.1193, 0.3546,  
0.5117

■ 80.3070, 0.3127,  
0.2968

■ 58.9531, 0.3549,  
0.5328

■ 80.7257, 0.3142,  
0.2970

■ 57.9511, 0.3528,  
0.5490

■ 57.0961, 0.3485,  
0.5599

■ 56.8687, 0.3471,  
0.5626

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.8251, 0.3488, 0.3720



68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730



68.8251, 0.3009, 0.3608

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730



68.8251, 0.2658, 0.2966



68.8251, 0.3468, 0.3182

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730



51.8455, 0.2971, 0.2844

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.8251, 0.3232, 0.3000



68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730



68.8251, 0.2769, 0.2874

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730



68.8251, 0.2666, 0.3153



68.8251, 0.2976, 0.2889



68.8251, 0.3611, 0.3395



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730



68.8251, 0.2857, 0.3470



68.8251, 0.2976, 0.2889



68.8251, 0.3396, 0.3116

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.8281, 0.3264, 0.3730



98.2008, 0.3167, 0.3414



60.2290, 0.3424, 0.3472



20.9663, 0.3173, 0.3431



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

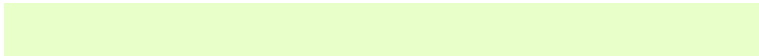


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.8281, 0.3264, 0.3730



92.9861, 0.3296, 0.3842



66.2949, 0.3128, 0.3749



15.7268, 0.3203, 0.3526



33.8437, 0.3481, 0.5618



2.3982, 0.3588, 0.5533



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.8455, 0.2971, 0.2844



65.0539, 0.2928, 0.2730



54.5976, 0.3121, 0.2864



13.5242, 0.3046, 0.3052



4.5948, 0.1884, 0.0811

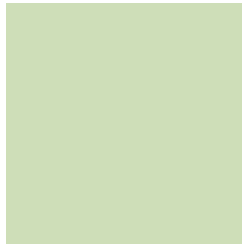


0.3703, 0.2057, 0.0907



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

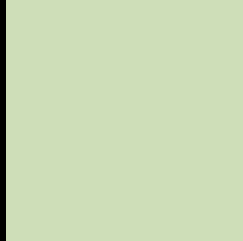
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

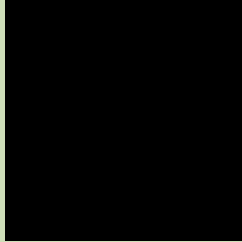
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

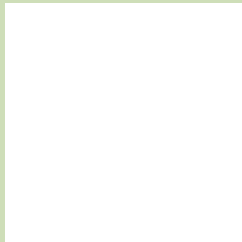
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730

### Protanopia

68.4311, 0.3464, 0.3668

### Deuteranopia

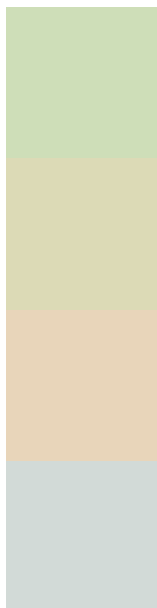
68.4738, 0.3586, 0.3513



## Tritanopia

68.5732, 0.3001, 0.3103

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730

## Protanomaly

68.7359, 0.3389, 0.3696

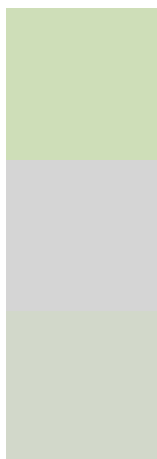
## Deuteranomaly

68.2895, 0.3463, 0.3587

## Tritanomaly

68.7507, 0.3090, 0.3324

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730

## Achromatopsia

66.5387, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

67.0776, 0.3178, 0.3450

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 222, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 222, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 222, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 222, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 222, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 222, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 222, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 222, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 222, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 222, 184) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 68.8251, 0.3264, 0.3730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 222, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
222, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor