

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(69.1259, 0.2215, 0.2983)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(69.1259, 0.2215, 0.2983)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3DEDFF
RGB	61, 237, 255
RGB Percent	24%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.7607, 0.0706, 0.0001
CMYK	0.76, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	186°, 100%, 62%
HSV	186°, 76%, 100%
XYZ	50.2566, 68.7805, 105.2227
YIQ	186.4280, -110.6740, -31.7140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

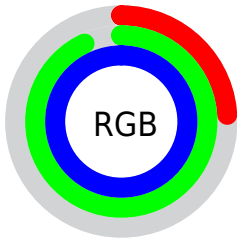
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	61, 153, 255
Decimal	4058623
CIE Lab	86.40, -37.04, -21.19
CIE LCh	86, 42.675, 209.772
Yxy	68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282248703 (0xFF3DEDFF)
YUV	186.4280, 33.8060, -110.0004
Hunter-Lab	82.9340, -36.9665, -17.1705

# Details

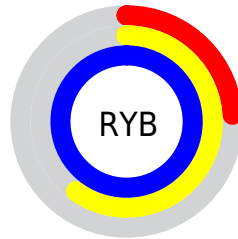
The Yxy color **68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **27.1856, 0.5655, 0.3426**, and the grayscale version is **49.2112, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **84.1433, 0.2512, 0.3288**, and **37.1250, 0.2172, 0.3018** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.7971, 0.2197, 0.3035**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.1712, 0.2304, 0.3099**.

# Distribution



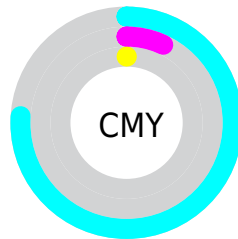
- Red (24%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 68.7805, 0.2241,  
0.3067


 68.7805, 0.2241,  
0.3067


456.2564, 0.2639,  
0.3185


 50.5330, 0.2154,  
0.3037


 117.4680, 0.2376,  
0.3111


 35.8371, 0.2048,  
0.2998


 148.6768, 0.2430,  
0.3127

 24.3084, 0.1917,  
0.2947


 184.9747, 0.2476,  
0.3140

 15.5625, 0.1753,  
0.2876

 226.7463, 0.2517,  
0.3152

 9.2151, 0.1541,  
0.2775

274.3759, 0.2553,  
0.3162

 4.8818, 0.1262,  
0.2619

328.2478, 0.2585,

 2.1781, 0.0890,

0.3171

0.2362

388.7465, 0.2614,  
0.3178

0.7080, 0.0000,  
0.1956

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

68.7805, 0.2241,  
0.3067

68.7805, 0.2241,  
0.3067

66.7971, 0.2197,  
0.3035

71.1712, 0.2304,  
0.3099

65.1535, 0.2171,  
0.3003

74.0098, 0.2387,  
0.3132

64.5668, 0.2164,  
0.2991

77.3400, 0.2488,  
0.3163

81.1983, 0.2606,  
0.3194

■ 85.6175, 0.2738,  
0.3223

■ 90.6277, 0.2881,  
0.3250

■ 96.2568, 0.3033,  
0.3276

■ 99.9992, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.7805, 0.2514, 0.3589



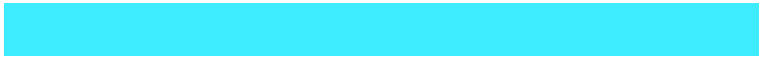
68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



68.7805, 0.2187, 0.2673

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



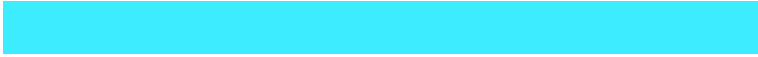
68.7805, 0.3228, 0.2670



68.7805, 0.3922, 0.4122

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



27.1856, 0.5655, 0.3426

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.7805, 0.4159, 0.3795



68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



68.7805, 0.3747, 0.2989

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



68.7805, 0.2720, 0.2486



68.7805, 0.4100, 0.3387



68.7805, 0.3479, 0.4242

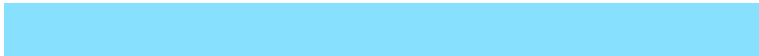


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



68.7805, 0.2274, 0.2520



68.7805, 0.4100, 0.3387



68.7805, 0.4030, 0.4029

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.7830, 0.2241, 0.3067



87.1027, 0.2781, 0.3232



73.0425, 0.2975, 0.5569



18.2735, 0.2731, 0.3222



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

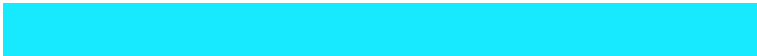


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.7830, 0.2241, 0.3067



65.9564, 0.2183, 0.3019



27.5085, 0.1905, 0.1769



20.1765, 0.2980, 0.3267



33.8599, 0.2166, 0.2996



3.3774, 0.2176, 0.3032



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.7110, 0.3385, 0.1787



27.7820, 0.3435, 0.1694



51.9301, 0.4747, 0.4306



18.2696, 0.3152, 0.3077



14.1461, 0.3458, 0.1678

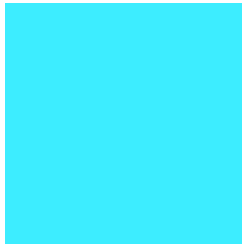


1.3855, 0.3426, 0.1661



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

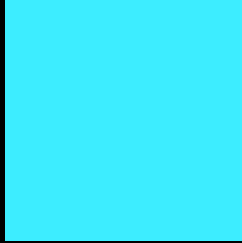
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

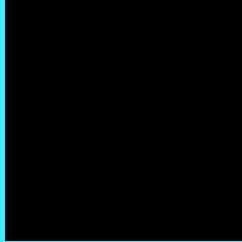
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067.

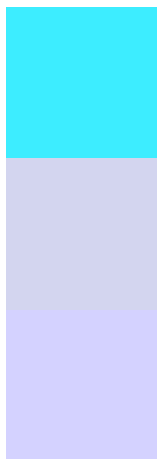


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

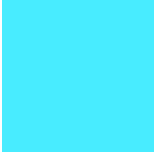
68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067

### Protanopia

67.6694, 0.2942, 0.3006

### Deuteranopia

67.3102, 0.2849, 0.2810



## **Tritanopia**

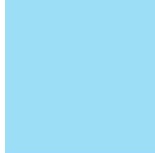
68.5886, 0.2259, 0.3055

# Trichromacy



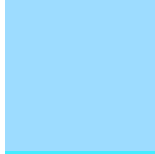
## Original Color

68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



## Protanomaly

65.9030, 0.2579, 0.3018



## Deuteranomaly

65.5745, 0.2531, 0.2884



## Tritanomaly

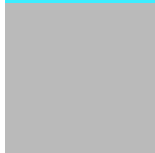
68.4398, 0.2251, 0.3055

# Monochromacy



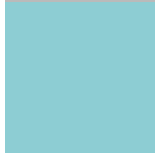
## Original Color

68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067



## Achromatopsia

49.1021, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

54.0285, 0.2648, 0.3210

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 237, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 237, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 237, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 237, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 237, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 237, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 237, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 237, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 237, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 237,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 68.7805, 0.2241, 0.3067 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 237, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 237,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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