

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(69.9739, 0.2994, 0.4287)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(69.9739, 0.2994, 0.4287)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92EEA0
RGB	146, 238, 160
RGB Percent	57%, 93%, 63%
CMY	0.4275, 0.0666, 0.3725
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.33, 0.07
HSL	129°, 73%, 75%
HSV	129°, 39%, 93%
XYZ	48.7724, 69.7981, 44.1669
YIQ	201.6000, -29.7940, -43.7620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

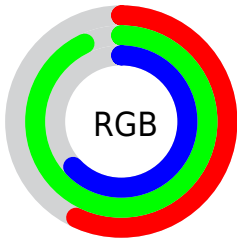
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	146, 226, 238
Decimal	9629344
CIELab	86.90, -43.23, 29.36
CIELCh	87, 52.256, 145.816
Yxy	69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287819424 (0xFF92EEA0)
YUV	201.6000, -20.5088, -48.7612
Hunter-Lab	83.5453, -41.9987, 27.1375

# Details

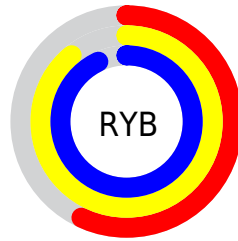
The Yxy color **69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **44.1109, 0.3295, 0.2464**, and the grayscale version is **58.9443, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.1228, 0.3034, 0.3722**, and **36.3041, 0.2942, 0.4555** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.1927, 0.2970, 0.4603**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.9778, 0.3029, 0.3992**.

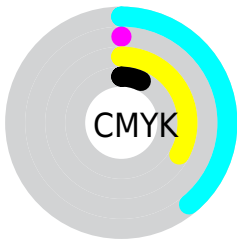
# Distribution



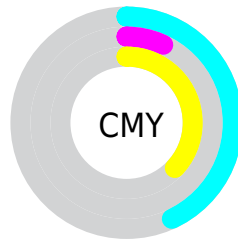
- Red (57%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 69.7981, 0.2997,  
0.4289


 69.7981, 0.2997,  
0.4289


459.8408, 0.3073,  
0.3795

 51.3620, 0.2975,  
0.4410


 118.9208, 0.3027,  
0.4111

 36.4967, 0.2945,  
0.4562


 150.3761, 0.3038,  
0.4044

 24.8181, 0.2903,  
0.4762


186.9400, 0.3046,  
0.3987

 15.9416, 0.2841,  
0.5033

228.9967, 0.3054,  
0.3938

 9.4828, 0.2741,  
0.5419

276.9308, 0.3060,  
0.3895

 5.0574, 0.2566,  
0.6001


331.1266, 0.3065,


 2.2810, 0.2406,


0.3858


0.7594


391.9684, 0.3069,  
0.3825


 0.7636, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 69.7981, 0.2997,  
0.4289


 69.7981, 0.2997,  
0.4289


 67.1927, 0.2970,  
0.4603


 72.9778, 0.3029,  
0.3992


 65.1191, 0.2949,  
0.4921

 76.7542, 0.3063,  
0.3721

 63.5425, 0.2938,  
0.5226

 81.1591, 0.3098,  
0.3477

 62.4204, 0.2938,  
0.5498

 86.2193, 0.3132,  
0.3263

■ 61.7031, 0.2949,  
0.5718

■ 89.6329, 0.3135,  
0.3127

■ 61.3199, 0.2967,  
0.5872

■ 61.2821, 0.2969,  
0.5888

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.7981, 0.3617, 0.4457



69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



69.7981, 0.2444, 0.3741

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



69.7981, 0.2162, 0.2334



69.7981, 0.4276, 0.3325

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



44.1109, 0.3295, 0.2464

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.7981, 0.3804, 0.2868



69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



69.7981, 0.2563, 0.2321

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



69.7981, 0.2001, 0.2585



69.7981, 0.3157, 0.2512



69.7981, 0.4392, 0.3812



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



69.7981, 0.2183, 0.3295



69.7981, 0.3157, 0.2512



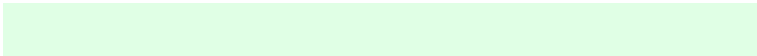
69.7981, 0.4153, 0.3166

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.8010, 0.2997, 0.4289



93.0922, 0.3086, 0.3556



79.1074, 0.3606, 0.4285



19.7790, 0.3081, 0.3588



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

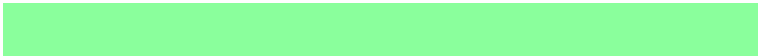


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.8010, 0.2997, 0.4289



79.2842, 0.2976, 0.4524



71.7087, 0.2752, 0.3686



17.6957, 0.3095, 0.3496



34.1989, 0.2964, 0.5870



2.8568, 0.2907, 0.5665



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.1109, 0.3295, 0.2464



45.4718, 0.3336, 0.2313



41.9527, 0.3747, 0.2933



15.9876, 0.3161, 0.3092



12.5277, 0.3636, 0.1777

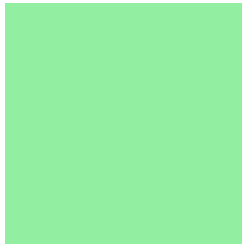


1.0533, 0.3571, 0.1741



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

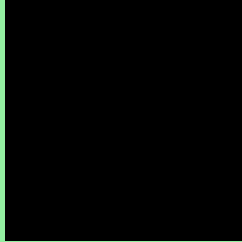
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289

### Protanopia

68.8385, 0.3723, 0.4000

### Deuteranopia

68.9726, 0.3795, 0.3717



## Tritanopia

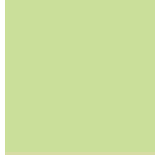
69.3785, 0.2619, 0.3069

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



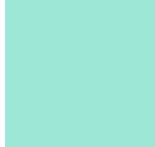
## Protanomaly

68.2010, 0.3429, 0.4114



## Deuteranomaly

67.7904, 0.3474, 0.3921



## Tritanomaly

69.2262, 0.2755, 0.3483

# Monochromacy



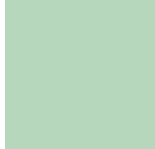
## Original Color

69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289



## Achromatopsia

59.0619, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

62.1338, 0.3075, 0.3635

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 238, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 238, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 238, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 238, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 238, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 238, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 238, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 238, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 238, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 238,  
160) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 69.7981, 0.2997, 0.4289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 238, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
238, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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