

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(7.0498, 0.2559, 0.4412)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(7.0498, 0.2559, 0.4412)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005738
RGB	0, 87, 56
RGB Percent	0%, 34%, 22%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6588, 0.7804
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.36, 0.66
HSL	159°, 100%, 17%
HSV	159°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	4.1216, 7.1019, 4.8952
YIQ	57.4530, -41.9010, -28.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

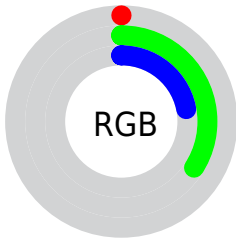
Format	Color
RYB	0, 53, 87
Decimal	22328
CIELab	32.04, -31.40, 11.71
CIELCh	32, 33.509, 159.550
Yxy	7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212408 (0xFF005738)
YUV	57.4530, -0.7163, -50.3863
Hunter-Lab	26.6494, -19.0299, 7.7635

Details

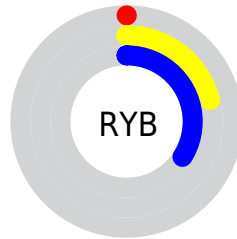
The Yxy color **7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **2.1253, 0.5364, 0.2728**, and the grayscale version is **4.1599, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.2800, 0.2742, 0.4054**, and **1.6149, 0.2768, 0.5164** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.1025, 0.2557, 0.4406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **7.1899, 0.2563, 0.4277**.

Distribution



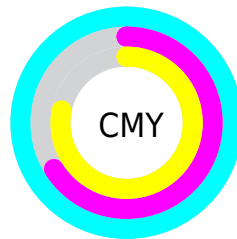
- Red (0%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 7.1019, 0.2557,
0.4406


 7.1019, 0.2557,
0.4406


168.5077, 0.2944,
0.3645


 3.5259, 0.2385,
0.4749

 20.1779, 0.2739,
0.4047


 1.4121, 0.1966,
0.5549


 30.4467, 0.2792,
0.3942

 0.2256, 0.0000,
1.0000

 43.7153, 0.2833,
0.3862

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 60.3679, 0.2865,
0.3800


 80.7891, 0.2890,
0.3749


 105.3632, 0.2912,


0.3708


 134.4746, 0.2929,
0.3674


 7.1019, 0.2557,
0.4406


 7.1019, 0.2557,
0.4406


 7.1025, 0.2557,
0.4406

 7.1899, 0.2563,
0.4277

 7.2899, 0.2574,
0.4150

 7.4231, 0.2602,
0.4023

 7.5931, 0.2645,
0.3900

 7.8029, 0.2703,
0.3780

■ 8.0550, 0.2773,
0.3667

■ 8.3518, 0.2853,
0.3561

■ 8.6954, 0.2940,
0.3462

■ 9.0881, 0.3032,
0.3372

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.1019, 0.3361, 0.4901



7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406



7.1019, 0.1954, 0.3463

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406



7.1019, 0.2054, 0.1996



7.1019, 0.4834, 0.3574

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406



2.1253, 0.5364, 0.2728

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.1019, 0.4403, 0.2971



7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406



7.1019, 0.2694, 0.2112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406



7.1019, 0.1715, 0.2149



7.1019, 0.3566, 0.2457



7.1019, 0.4707, 0.4199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406



7.1019, 0.1731, 0.2872



7.1019, 0.3566, 0.2457



7.1019, 0.4752, 0.3368

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.1025, 0.2557, 0.4406



14.1992, 0.2845, 0.3571



7.1224, 0.3256, 0.5797



3.4323, 0.2825, 0.3597



47.7000, 0.3127, 0.3290



3.9682, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.1025, 0.2557, 0.4406



12.1033, 0.2568, 0.4444



5.7752, 0.2138, 0.2895



2.3507, 0.3044, 0.3362



10.9652, 0.2566, 0.4438



61.4225, 0.2589, 0.4520

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.1253, 0.5364, 0.2728



3.6109, 0.5441, 0.2771



2.2798, 0.6182, 0.3473



2.1303, 0.3219, 0.3220



3.2730, 0.5428, 0.2764



18.2278, 0.5591, 0.2853

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406

Protanopia

7.2017, 0.3694, 0.3993

Deuteranopia

7.1556, 0.3692, 0.3671



Tritanopia

7.2160, 0.2342, 0.3071

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406

Protanomaly

6.7244, 0.3068, 0.4188

Deuteranomaly

6.5950, 0.3062, 0.3944

Tritanomaly

7.0394, 0.2395, 0.3487

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406

Achromatopsia

4.0915, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

4.8047, 0.2728, 0.3710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 87, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 87, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 87, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 87, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 87, 56) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 87, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 87, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 87, 56); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 87, 56); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 87, 56) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 7.1019, 0.2557, 0.4406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 87, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 87,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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