

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(7.1898, 0.0641, 0.0535)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(7.1898, 0.0641, 0.0535)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0059FF
RGB	0, 89, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 100%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6510, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.65, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	219°, 100%, 50%
HSV	219°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	21.6266, 14.3648, 96.2812
YIQ	81.3130, -106.3300, 32.7580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

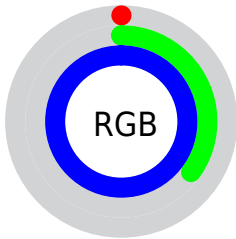
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	0, 66, 255
Decimal	23039
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.75, 43.39, -87.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 97.417, 296.448
Yxy	14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278213119 (0xFF0059FF)
YUV	81.3130, 85.6277, -71.3115
Hunter-Lab	37.9009, 35.5269, -124.0861

# Details

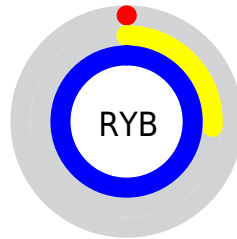
The Yxy color **14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **48.5366, 0.4994, 0.4417**, and the grayscale version is **8.1357, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.3301, 0.2119, 0.1809**, and **5.9080, 0.1567, 0.0840** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3628, 0.1635, 0.1086**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6568, 0.1708, 0.1279**.

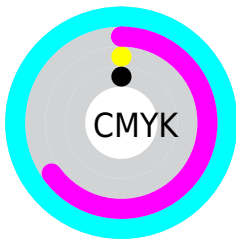
# Distribution



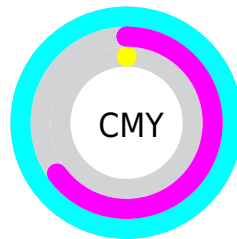
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 14.3648, 0.1635,  
0.1086


 14.3648, 0.1635,  
0.1086


219.4886, 0.2430,  
0.2106


 8.3748, 0.1447,  
0.0885


 33.7349, 0.1921,  
0.1421


 4.3357, 0.1220,  
0.0662


 47.8839, 0.2031,  
0.1558


 1.8631, 0.0951,  
0.0428

 65.5212, 0.2124,  
0.1679

 0.5260, 0.0645,  
0.0190

 87.0315, 0.2203,  
0.1786

 0.0000, 0.0305,  
0.0000

 112.7989, 0.2272,  
0.1880

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

143.2080, 0.2332,

0.1964

178.6431, 0.2384,  
0.2039

■ 14.3648, 0.1635,  
0.1086

■ 14.3648, 0.1635,  
0.1086

■ 14.3628, 0.1635,  
0.1086

■ 17.6568, 0.1708,  
0.1279

■ 21.8898, 0.1811,  
0.1502

■ 27.1821, 0.1944,  
0.1746

■ 33.6185, 0.2100,  
0.1999

■ 41.2734, 0.2271,  
0.2252

■ 50.2137, 0.2450,  
0.2496

■ 60.5010, 0.2629,  
0.2724

■ 72.1925, 0.2804,  
0.2933

■ 85.3420, 0.2971,  
0.3122

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3648, 0.0914, 0.1032



14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086



14.3648, 0.3090, 0.1446

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086



14.3648, 0.6248, 0.3752



14.3648, 0.1100, 0.4657

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086



48.5366, 0.4994, 0.4417

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.3648, 0.2172, 0.6958



14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086



14.3648, 0.5044, 0.4956

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086



14.3648, 0.6488, 0.2881



14.3648, 0.3557, 0.6443



14.3648, 0.0646, 0.2293



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086



14.3648, 0.4471, 0.1863



14.3648, 0.3557, 0.6443



14.3648, 0.1398, 0.5656

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.3628, 0.1635, 0.1086



60.5010, 0.2629, 0.2724



74.2640, 0.2584, 0.4503



11.9854, 0.2554, 0.2630



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.3628, 0.1635, 0.1086



7.6368, 0.1551, 0.0628



18.4145, 0.2979, 0.3131



7.7562, 0.1643, 0.1116



0.9506, 0.1706, 0.1340

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.9811, 0.5630, 0.2875



86.2334, 0.3926, 0.5265



18.0917, 0.3239, 0.3207



11.5110, 0.5587, 0.2852



1.1405, 0.5272, 0.2678

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086

### Protanopia

14.1624, 0.1741, 0.1469

### Deuteranopia

14.1440, 0.1858, 0.1890



## Tritanopia

14.1526, 0.2206, 0.3143

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086

## Protanomaly

14.2065, 0.1697, 0.1309

## Deuteranomaly

13.9108, 0.1752, 0.1508

## Tritanomaly

13.4557, 0.1895, 0.2023

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086

## Achromatopsia

8.2283, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

9.0843, 0.2076, 0.1960

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 89, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 89, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 89, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 89, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 89, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 89, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 89, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 89, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 89, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 89, 255)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.3648, 0.1635, 0.1086 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 89, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 89,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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