

Converting Colors

$Yxy(7.4416, 0.5190, 0.4584)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(7.4416, 0.5190, 0.4584)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E4400
RGB	110, 68, 0
RGB Percent	43%, 27%, 0%
CMY	0.5686, 0.7333, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 1.00, 0.57
HSL	37°, 100%, 22%
HSV	37°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	8.4976, 7.4492, 0.9909
YIQ	72.8060, 46.8600, -12.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

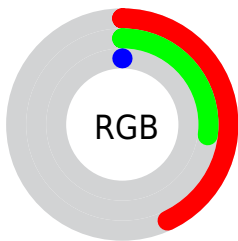
Format	Color
R_{YB}	68, 110, 0
Decimal	7226368
CIE _{Lab}	32.81, 13.19, 42.40
CIE _{LCh}	33, 44.403, 72.714
Yxy	7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285416448 (0xFF6E4400)
YUV	72.8060, -35.8934, 32.6191
Hunter-Lab	27.2932, 7.8122, 16.9528

Details

The Yxy color **7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **2.7841, 0.1693, 0.1293**, and the grayscale version is **6.6856, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **20.8457, 0.4562, 0.4210**, and **1.5651, 0.5362, 0.4124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.4480, 0.5017, 0.4398**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.0003, 0.4842, 0.4391**.

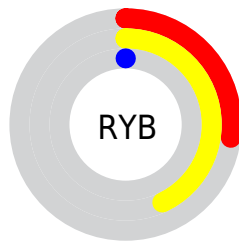
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (27%)

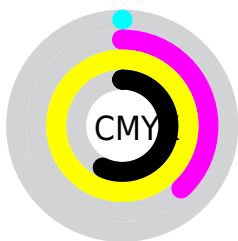
Blue (0%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (0%)

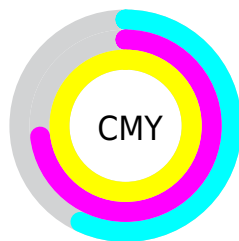


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)


Magenta (73%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 7.4492, 0.5017,
0.4398


 7.4492, 0.5017,
0.4398


 171.3457, 0.3871,
0.3815

 3.7446, 0.5441,
0.4559

 20.8713, 0.4566,
0.4216


 1.5317, 0.5627,
0.4373


 31.3576, 0.4403,
0.4132

 0.3109, 0.6652,
0.3348

 44.8733, 0.4270,
0.4059

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 61.8027, 0.4161,
0.3995


 82.5303, 0.4070,
0.3940


 107.4404, 0.3993,


0.3893


 136.9174, 0.3928,
0.3851


 7.4492, 0.5017,
0.4398

 7.4492, 0.5017,
0.4398


 7.4480, 0.5017,
0.4398

 8.0003, 0.4842,
0.4391

 8.5978, 0.4659,
0.4360

 9.2513, 0.4455,
0.4285

 9.9636, 0.4241,
0.4176

 10.7371, 0.4027,
0.4043

■ 11.5740, 0.3819,
0.3895

■ 12.4765, 0.3622,
0.3740

■ 13.4464, 0.3441,
0.3585

■ 14.4857, 0.3276,
0.3434

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.4492, 0.5321, 0.3632



7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398



7.4492, 0.4229, 0.5132

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398



7.4492, 0.1592, 0.3345



7.4492, 0.2664, 0.1876

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398



2.7841, 0.1693, 0.1293

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.4492, 0.1854, 0.1703



7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398



7.4492, 0.1333, 0.2326

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398



7.4492, 0.2265, 0.4680



7.4492, 0.1427, 0.1823



7.4492, 0.3804, 0.2307

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398



7.4492, 0.3576, 0.5411



7.4492, 0.1427, 0.1823



7.4492, 0.2350, 0.1788

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



7.4496, 0.5017, 0.4398



21.7754, 0.3638, 0.3753



3.4842, 0.5330, 0.2710



4.9497, 0.3698, 0.3802



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



7.4496, 0.5017, 0.4398



12.8446, 0.5044, 0.4377



13.7026, 0.3999, 0.5207



3.7126, 0.3261, 0.3420



8.8904, 0.5027, 0.4391



42.5826, 0.5086, 0.4344

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.7841, 0.1693, 0.1293



4.6657, 0.1680, 0.1247



1.2110, 0.1566, 0.0637



3.4900, 0.2996, 0.3157



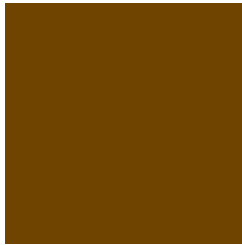
3.2886, 0.1688, 0.1276



14.8254, 0.1661, 0.1179

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398

Protanopia

7.5410, 0.4337, 0.4815

Deuteranopia

7.4942, 0.4669, 0.4675



Tritanopia

7.4831, 0.4095, 0.3182

Trichromacy



Original Color

7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398

Protanomaly

7.3953, 0.4597, 0.4657

Deuteranomaly

7.4595, 0.4788, 0.4581

Tritanomaly

7.3998, 0.4585, 0.3766

Monochromacy



Original Color

7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398

Achromatopsia

6.6626, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.6822, 0.3921, 0.3979

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 68, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 68, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 68, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 68, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 68, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 68, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 68, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 68, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 68, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 68, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 7.4492, 0.5017, 0.4398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 68, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 68,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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