

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(7.5373, 0.1559, 0.2293)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(7.5373, 0.1559, 0.2293)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00597C
RGB	0, 89, 124
RGB Percent	0%, 35%, 49%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6510, 0.5137
CMYK	1.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	197°, 100%, 24%
HSV	197°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	7.2113, 8.6000, 20.3536
YIQ	66.3790, -64.2790, -7.9830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

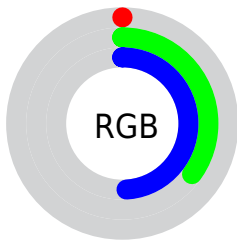
Format	Color
RYB	0, 52, 124
Decimal	22908
CIELab	35.20, -9.03, -26.08
CIElCh	35, 27.594, 250.900
Yxy	8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212988 (0xFF00597C)
YUV	66.3790, 28.4072, -58.2144
Hunter-Lab	29.3258, -7.4265, -20.6223

Details

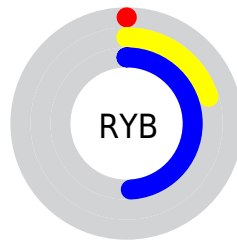
The Yxy color **8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **5.4905, 0.5945, 0.3661**, and the grayscale version is **5.4737, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.1761, 0.2281, 0.2624**, and **2.3094, 0.1893, 0.2014** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.5992, 0.1994, 0.2378**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.2782, 0.2050, 0.2480**.

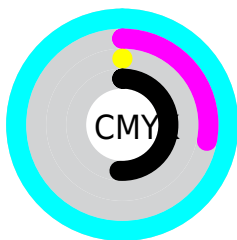
Distribution



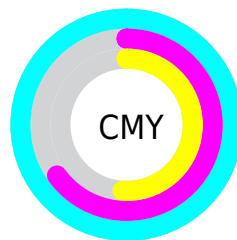
- Red (0%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

8.6000, 0.1994,
0.2378

8.6000, 0.1994,
0.2378

180.3652, 0.2684,
0.2953

4.4812, 0.1769,
0.2177

23.1266, 0.2281,
0.2625

1.9462, 0.1446,
0.1874

34.3031, 0.2377,
0.2705

0.5759, 0.0770,
0.1356

48.6011, 0.2454,
0.2769

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

66.4048, 0.2517,
0.2820

88.0986, 0.2569,
0.2862

114.0671, 0.2614,

0.2897

144.6945, 0.2651,
0.2927

8.6000, 0.1994,
0.2378

8.6000, 0.1994,
0.2378

8.5992, 0.1994,
0.2378

9.2782, 0.2050,
0.2480

10.0264, 0.2117,
0.2583

10.8729, 0.2203,
0.2685

11.8263, 0.2305,
0.2786

12.8942, 0.2423,
0.2883

■ 14.0831, 0.2552,
0.2977

■ 15.3991, 0.2690,
0.3065

■ 16.8479, 0.2834,
0.3146

■ 18.4345, 0.2980,
0.3222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6000, 0.1955, 0.2771



8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378



8.6000, 0.2291, 0.2247

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378



8.6000, 0.4137, 0.3075



8.6000, 0.3313, 0.4503

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378



5.4905, 0.5945, 0.3661

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.6000, 0.3937, 0.4450



8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378



8.6000, 0.4460, 0.3579

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378



8.6000, 0.3509, 0.2641



8.6000, 0.4370, 0.4077



8.6000, 0.2672, 0.4099

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378



8.6000, 0.2624, 0.2290



8.6000, 0.4370, 0.4077



8.6000, 0.3531, 0.4534

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.6003, 0.1994, 0.2378



26.9153, 0.2680, 0.3058



14.5296, 0.2893, 0.5616



6.1443, 0.2631, 0.3028



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.6003, 0.1994, 0.2378



14.8867, 0.1988, 0.2355



2.3322, 0.1585, 0.0907



4.3302, 0.2994, 0.3228



8.7351, 0.1994, 0.2377



40.1684, 0.1979, 0.2325

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.0079, 0.4045, 0.2002



8.7851, 0.4069, 0.2015



12.4857, 0.4657, 0.4684



4.0591, 0.3176, 0.3138



5.0887, 0.4046, 0.2003



24.1222, 0.4101, 0.2033

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

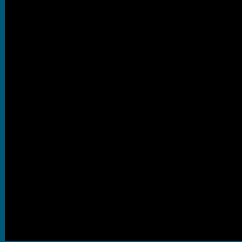
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378.

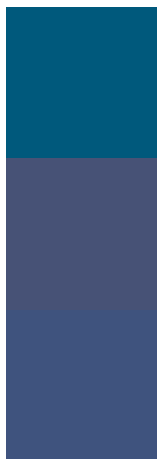


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378

Protanopia

8.6822, 0.2474, 0.2417

Deuteranopia

8.7496, 0.2307, 0.2266



Tritanopia

8.5551, 0.2189, 0.3081

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378

Protanomaly

8.4110, 0.2199, 0.2395

Deuteranomaly

8.4288, 0.2122, 0.2286

Tritanomaly

8.5649, 0.2113, 0.2807

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378

Achromatopsia

5.4480, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.0779, 0.2426, 0.2878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 89, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 89, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 89, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 89, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 89, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 89, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 89, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 89, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 89, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 89, 124)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.6000, 0.1994, 0.2378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 89, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 89,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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