

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(70.3006, 0.4245, 0.4141)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(70.3006, 0.4245, 0.4141)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD078
RGB	255, 208, 120
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 47%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1843, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.53, 0.00
HSL	39°, 100%, 74%
HSV	39°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	67.1925, 67.7278, 27.3020
YIQ	212.0210, 56.2600, -17.4040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

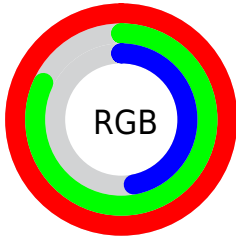
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	192, 255, 120
Decimal	16765048
CIE Lab	85.87, 6.32, 49.52
CIE LCh	86, 49.922, 82.729
Yxy	67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955128 (0xFFFFD078)
YUV	212.0210, -45.3664, 37.6926
Hunter-Lab	82.2969, 1.7193, 37.9384

# Details

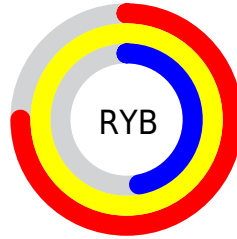
The Yxy color **67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **38.8544, 0.2220, 0.2177**, and the grayscale version is **66.1310, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.8360, 0.3608, 0.4086**, and **35.2643, 0.4364, 0.4351** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.9789, 0.4359, 0.4307**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.8819, 0.3924, 0.4019**.

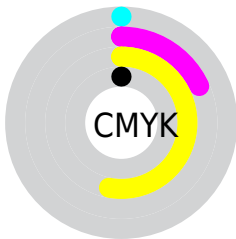
# Distribution



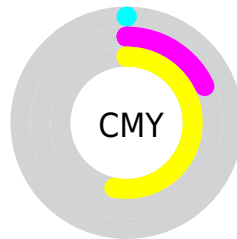
- Red (100%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 67.7278, 0.4142,  
0.4175

 67.7278, 0.4142,  
0.4175


452.5310, 0.3681,  
0.3785

 49.6763, 0.4241,  
0.4255

 115.9627, 0.3986,  
0.4046

 35.1563, 0.4358,  
0.4347


 146.9148, 0.3924,  
0.3994

 23.7833, 0.4497,  
0.4453


 182.9360, 0.3870,  
0.3949

 15.1729, 0.4662,  
0.4572

224.4106, 0.3823,  
0.3908

 8.9408, 0.4852,  
0.4695

271.7230, 0.3781,  
0.3872

 4.7026, 0.5131,  
0.4869

325.2576, 0.3744,

 2.0739, 0.5210,

0.3840

0.4790

385.3988, 0.3711,  
0.3811

0.6499, 0.5429,  
0.4571

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

67.7278, 0.4142,  
0.4175

67.7278, 0.4142,  
0.4175

62.9789, 0.4359,  
0.4307

72.8819, 0.3924,  
0.4019

58.6208, 0.4565,  
0.4403

78.4601, 0.3714,  
0.3849

54.6331, 0.4749,  
0.4452

84.4757, 0.3517,  
0.3674

50.9929, 0.4902,  
0.4448

90.9426, 0.3336,  
0.3502

48.6100, 0.4992,  
0.4419

97.8734, 0.3172,  
0.3337

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.7278, 0.4355, 0.3752



67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175



67.7278, 0.3662, 0.4409

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175



67.7278, 0.2150, 0.3154



67.7278, 0.3092, 0.2509

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175



38.8544, 0.2220, 0.2177

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.7278, 0.2532, 0.2342



67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175



67.7278, 0.2033, 0.2649

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175



67.7278, 0.2515, 0.3789



67.7278, 0.2165, 0.2379



67.7278, 0.3720, 0.2841



# Rectangle

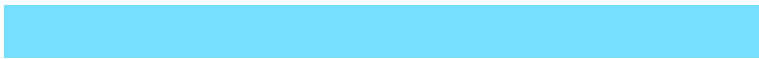
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175



67.7278, 0.3267, 0.4374



67.7278, 0.2165, 0.2379



67.7278, 0.2889, 0.2432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.7268, 0.4142, 0.4175



88.9140, 0.3390, 0.3554



37.4940, 0.4117, 0.2809



18.7445, 0.3427, 0.3590



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.7268, 0.4142, 0.4175



62.4981, 0.4381, 0.4319



90.4960, 0.3757, 0.4636



19.9635, 0.3278, 0.3445



25.6901, 0.4975, 0.4432



2.7060, 0.4862, 0.4521



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.8544, 0.2220, 0.2177



30.8610, 0.2035, 0.1896



26.2523, 0.2231, 0.1644



18.4121, 0.2979, 0.3131



7.7384, 0.1643, 0.1114



0.9487, 0.1705, 0.1338



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175

### Protanopia

67.8638, 0.3932, 0.4271

### Deuteranopia

67.8386, 0.3994, 0.3959



## Tritanopia

67.8374, 0.3463, 0.3168

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175

## Protanomaly

67.5468, 0.4010, 0.4231

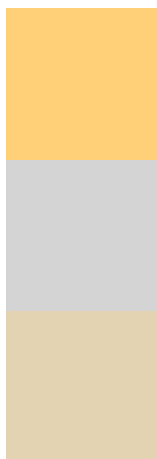
## Deuteranomaly

67.6069, 0.4051, 0.4036

## Tritanomaly

67.7004, 0.3723, 0.3551

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175

## Achromatopsia

65.8375, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

66.3372, 0.3487, 0.3647

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 208, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 208, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 208, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 208, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 208, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 208, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 208, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 208, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 208, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 208,  
120) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 67.7278, 0.4142, 0.4175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 208, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
208, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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