

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED0CD
RGB	254, 208, 205
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 80%
CMY	0.0041, 0.1842, 0.1960
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	4°, 96%, 90%
HSV	4°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	74.4365, 70.5904, 67.4667
YIQ	221.4120, 28.3790, 8.8190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

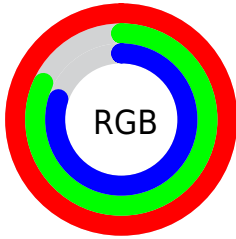
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 208, 205
Decimal	16699597
CIE Lab	87.29, 15.68, 7.57
CIE LCh	87, 17.414, 25.776
Yxy	70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294889677 (0xFF FED0CD)
YUV	221.4120, -8.0911, 28.5797
Hunter-Lab	84.0181, 11.1119, 11.2026

# Details

The Yxy color **70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **89.0919, 0.2835, 0.3258**, and the grayscale version is **72.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **37.2159, 0.3595, 0.3331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.7019, 0.3769, 0.3340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.4306, 0.3288, 0.3305**.

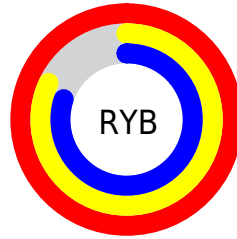
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

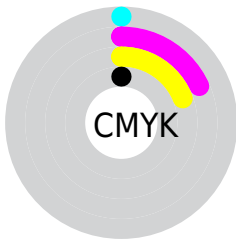
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (80%)

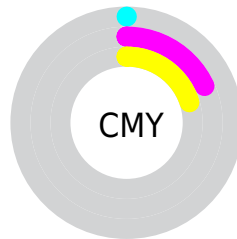


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)


Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 70.5904, 0.3503,  
0.3322

 70.5904, 0.3503,  
0.3322


462.6203, 0.3327,  
0.3310

 52.0080, 0.3544,  
0.3324


120.0503, 0.3441,  
0.3318

 37.0115, 0.3595,  
0.3327


151.6966, 0.3418,  
0.3317

 25.2164, 0.3659,  
0.3329


188.4664, 0.3397,  
0.3315

 16.2383, 0.3745,  
0.3332

230.7439, 0.3379,  
0.3314

 9.6930, 0.3863,  
0.3333

278.9137, 0.3364,  
0.3313

 5.1959, 0.4035,  
0.3333

333.3601, 0.3350,

 2.3626, 0.4311,

0.3312

0.3323

394.4675, 0.3338,  
0.3311

0.8066, 0.5071,  
0.3441

0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

70.5904, 0.3503,  
0.3322

70.5904, 0.3503,  
0.3322

58.7019, 0.3769,  
0.3340

84.4306, 0.3288,  
0.3305

48.6683, 0.4094,  
0.3358

99.8020, 0.3121,  
0.3290

40.3988, 0.4483,  
0.3373

33.7915, 0.4926,  
0.3384

■ 28.7338, 0.5395,  
0.3385

■ 25.0993, 0.5834,  
0.3375

■ 22.7415, 0.6170,  
0.3353

■ 21.4782, 0.6359,  
0.3326

■ 21.4215, 0.6369,  
0.3325

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.5904, 0.3354, 0.3146



70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322



70.5904, 0.3547, 0.3496

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322



70.5904, 0.3098, 0.3597



70.5904, 0.2786, 0.2957

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322



89.0919, 0.2835, 0.3258

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.5904, 0.2724, 0.3064



70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322



70.5904, 0.2900, 0.3438

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322



70.5904, 0.3309, 0.3665



70.5904, 0.2765, 0.3239



70.5904, 0.2939, 0.2939



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



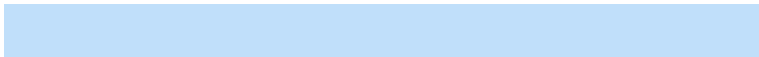
70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322



70.5904, 0.3511, 0.3590



70.5904, 0.2765, 0.3239



70.5904, 0.2755, 0.2983

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.5936, 0.3503, 0.3322



90.2319, 0.3228, 0.3299



71.7277, 0.3167, 0.2833



19.0954, 0.3240, 0.3301



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.5936, 0.3503, 0.3322



66.5507, 0.3596, 0.3329



83.1441, 0.3458, 0.3562



18.1663, 0.3293, 0.3305



11.3661, 0.6358, 0.3334

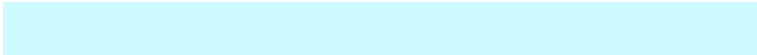


1.1668, 0.6260, 0.3412



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.0919, 0.2835, 0.3258



88.2421, 0.2783, 0.3251



75.0915, 0.2820, 0.3002



20.2787, 0.2980, 0.3275



36.2071, 0.2194, 0.3097



3.5810, 0.2200, 0.3120



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

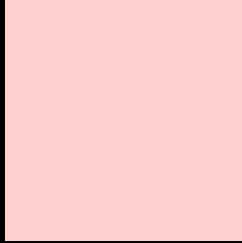
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

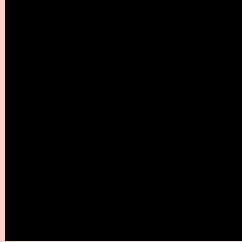
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322

### Protanopia

70.8035, 0.3232, 0.3378

### Deuteranopia

70.3606, 0.3436, 0.3364



## Tritanopia

70.6231, 0.3394, 0.3139

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322

## Protanomaly

70.4801, 0.3333, 0.3355

## Deuteranomaly

70.4093, 0.3461, 0.3354

## Tritanomaly

70.7919, 0.3437, 0.3210

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322

## Achromatopsia

72.3055, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

71.3417, 0.3259, 0.3301

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 208, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 208, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 208, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 208, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 208, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 208, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 208, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 208, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 208, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 208,  
205) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 70.5904, 0.3503, 0.3322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 208, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
208, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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