

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(70.6087, 0.4156, 0.5029)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(70.6087, 0.4156, 0.5029)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0E218
RGB	224, 226, 24
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 9%
CMY	0.1215, 0.1137, 0.9064
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.89, 0.11
HSL	61°, 81%, 49%
HSV	61°, 89%, 89%
XYZ	58.1038, 70.3060, 11.3636
YIQ	202.3740, 63.6500, -63.2460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

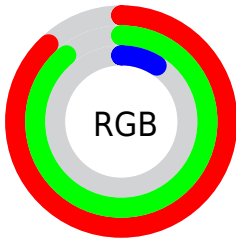
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	24, 226, 26
Decimal	14737944
CIE Lab	87.15, -20.25, 83.68
CIE LCh	87, 86.091, 103.602
Yxy	70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292928024 (0xFFE0E218)
YUV	202.3740, -87.9384, 18.9660
Hunter-Lab	83.8487, -23.0418, 50.6588

# Details

The Yxy color **70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC00**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **6.3562, 0.1552, 0.0682**, and the grayscale version is **59.8328, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.6431, 0.3998, 0.4729**, and **37.0183, 0.4123, 0.5109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.2112, 0.4175, 0.5065**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.4804, 0.4116, 0.4958**.

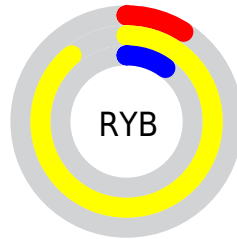
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (89%)

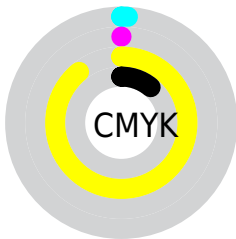
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (10%)

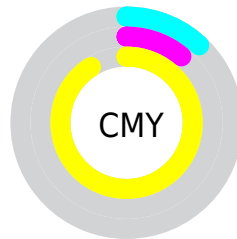


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (91%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 70.3060, 0.4157,  
0.5030

 70.3060, 0.4157,  
0.5030


461.6237, 0.3773,  
0.4274


 51.7760, 0.4209,  
0.5172


 119.6450, 0.4051,  
0.4789


 36.8266, 0.4253,  
0.5328


 151.2229, 0.4001,  
0.4689


 25.0733, 0.4279,  
0.5493


 187.9188, 0.3955,  
0.4599

 16.1316, 0.4298,  
0.5702

 230.1173, 0.3912,  
0.4519

 9.6174, 0.4186,  
0.5814

 278.2026, 0.3873,  
0.4448

 5.1460, 0.4021,  
0.5979

 332.5591, 0.3837,


 2.3332, 0.3754,


0.4384


0.6246


393.5714, 0.3803,  
0.4326


 0.7912, 0.2457,  
0.7543


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 70.3060, 0.4157,  
0.5030


 70.3060, 0.4157,  
0.5030

 70.2112, 0.4175,  
0.5065

 70.4804, 0.4116,  
0.4958

 70.2064, 0.4176,  
0.5066


 70.7455, 0.4050,  
0.4843


 71.1175, 0.3957,  
0.4685


 71.6073, 0.3842,  
0.4490

 72.2243, 0.3710,  
0.4267

 72.9772, 0.3566,  
0.4025

 73.8737, 0.3416,  
0.3773

 74.9211, 0.3266,  
0.3522

 76.1261, 0.3119,  
0.3277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.3060, 0.4885, 0.4382



70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030



70.3060, 0.3226, 0.5218

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030



70.3060, 0.1442, 0.2388



70.3060, 0.3788, 0.2390

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030



6.3562, 0.1552, 0.0682

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.3060, 0.2732, 0.1974



70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030



70.3060, 0.1538, 0.1915

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030



70.3060, 0.1688, 0.3319



70.3060, 0.1958, 0.1802



70.3060, 0.4757, 0.2983



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030



70.3060, 0.2602, 0.4847



70.3060, 0.1958, 0.1802



70.3060, 0.3421, 0.2227

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.3093, 0.4157, 0.5030



96.2033, 0.3532, 0.3968



16.8821, 0.6225, 0.3299



20.5110, 0.3583, 0.4054



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.3093, 0.4157, 0.5030



92.3072, 0.4176, 0.5066



58.8145, 0.3412, 0.5604



16.0223, 0.3266, 0.3522



40.0549, 0.4176, 0.5066



2.7786, 0.4179, 0.5064



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.3562, 0.1552, 0.0682



7.2362, 0.1502, 0.0601



10.4934, 0.2127, 0.0992



13.2497, 0.2982, 0.3048



3.1438, 0.1503, 0.0602

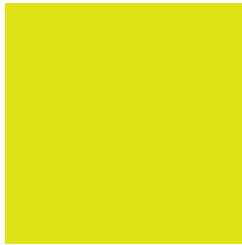


0.2202, 0.1513, 0.0607



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

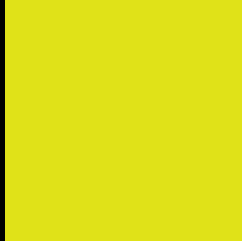
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030

### Protanopia

70.3100, 0.4386, 0.4858

### Deuteranopia

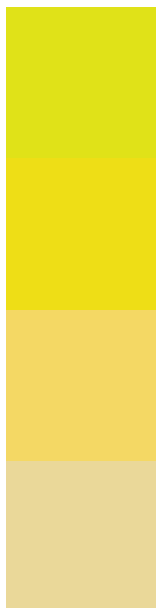
69.8621, 0.3961, 0.3978



## Tritanopia

69.9900, 0.3225, 0.3113

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030

## Protanomaly

70.4776, 0.4299, 0.4924

## Deuteranomaly

69.2649, 0.4127, 0.4455

## Tritanomaly

68.9041, 0.3709, 0.3978

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030

## Achromatopsia

59.0619, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

62.0963, 0.3644, 0.4160

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 226, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 226, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 226, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 226, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 226, 24) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 226, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 226, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 226, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 226, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 226,  
24) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 70.3060, 0.4157, 0.5030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 226, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
226, 24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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