

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(70.9434, 0.3232, 0.2899)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(70.9434, 0.3232, 0.2899)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCCF3
RGB	255, 204, 243
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 95%
CMY	0.0001, 0.1999, 0.0472
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	314°, 100%, 90%
HSV	314°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	78.9999, 70.9168, 94.2871
YIQ	223.6950, 17.8770, 22.9410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

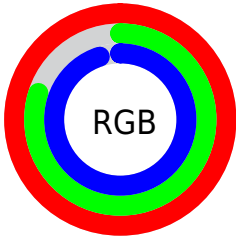
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 204, 243
Decimal	16764147
CIE Lab	87.44, 24.23, -12.28
CIE LCh	87, 27.162, 333.125
Yxy	70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954227 (0xFFFFCCF3)
YUV	223.6950, 9.5174, 27.4545
Hunter-Lab	84.2121, 20.0808, -7.4349

# Details

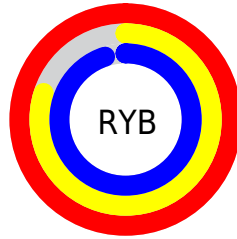
The Yxy color **70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **89.3073, 0.3035, 0.3710**, and the grayscale version is **74.2336, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **37.4063, 0.3257, 0.2822** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.4163, 0.3302, 0.2705**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.4196, 0.3177, 0.3101**.

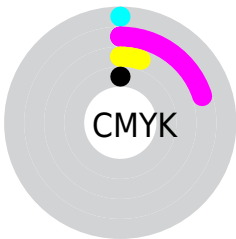
# Distribution



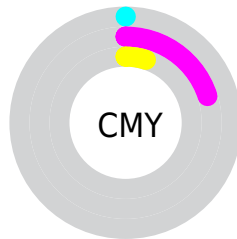
- Red (100%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 70.9168, 0.3235,  
0.2904

 70.9168, 0.3235,  
0.2904


463.7625, 0.3188,  
0.3078

 52.2743, 0.3245,  
0.2866


120.5153, 0.3219,  
0.2963

 37.2238, 0.3258,  
0.2819


152.2400, 0.3213,  
0.2987

 25.3808, 0.3273,  
0.2760


189.0943, 0.3207,  
0.3007

 16.3610, 0.3292,  
0.2685

231.4625, 0.3202,  
0.3024

 9.7800, 0.3317,  
0.2586

279.7290, 0.3198,  
0.3040

 5.2533, 0.3351,  
0.2447


334.2783, 0.3194,


 2.3966, 0.3398,


0.3054


0.2243


395.4947, 0.3191,  
0.3066


 0.8242, 0.3468,  
0.1912


 0.0000, 0.3695,  
0.0000

 70.9168, 0.3235,  
0.2904


 70.9168, 0.3235,  
0.2904

 59.4163, 0.3302,  
0.2705


 84.4196, 0.3177,  
0.3101

 49.8122, 0.3378,  
0.2510

99.9955, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 42.0030, 0.3462,  
0.2327

99.9963, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 35.8740, 0.3552,  
0.2169

■ 31.2971, 0.3647,  
0.2044

■ 28.1258, 0.3744,  
0.1962

■ 26.1853, 0.3838,  
0.1928

■ 25.1905, 0.3929,  
0.1938

■ 25.1894, 0.3929,  
0.1938

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.9168, 0.2905, 0.2771



70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904



70.9168, 0.3550, 0.3128

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904



70.9168, 0.3613, 0.3839



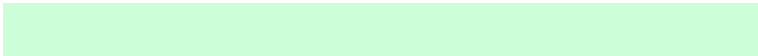
70.9168, 0.2541, 0.3129

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904



89.3073, 0.3035, 0.3710

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.9168, 0.2712, 0.3444



70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904



70.9168, 0.3326, 0.3873

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



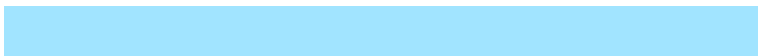
70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904



70.9168, 0.3772, 0.3658



70.9168, 0.2996, 0.3727



70.9168, 0.2519, 0.2882



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904



70.9168, 0.3701, 0.3307



70.9168, 0.2996, 0.3727



70.9168, 0.2583, 0.3230

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.9199, 0.3235, 0.2904



90.3934, 0.3156, 0.3177



64.9989, 0.2873, 0.2748



19.1340, 0.3159, 0.3165



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.9199, 0.3235, 0.2904



66.0796, 0.3261, 0.2824



69.4927, 0.3422, 0.3153



18.2228, 0.3174, 0.3110



13.1887, 0.3915, 0.1930



1.3010, 0.3817, 0.1876



# Inverse Universe

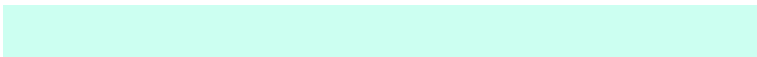
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.9199, 0.3235, 0.2904



66.0796, 0.3261, 0.2824



90.7217, 0.2898, 0.3432



18.2228, 0.3174, 0.3110



13.1887, 0.3915, 0.1930



1.3010, 0.3817, 0.1876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

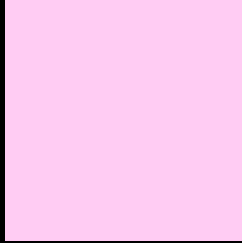
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

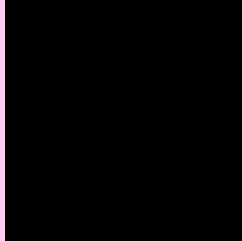
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904

### Protanopia

71.4672, 0.2884, 0.2929

### Deuteranopia

70.9283, 0.3069, 0.2997



## Tritanopia

70.7029, 0.3347, 0.3118

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904

## Protanomaly

71.0861, 0.3003, 0.2916

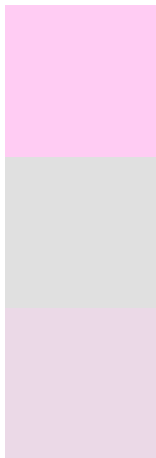
## Deuteranomaly

71.0293, 0.3128, 0.2962

## Tritanomaly

70.7948, 0.3305, 0.3038

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904

## Achromatopsia

74.5404, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

73.0574, 0.3163, 0.3144

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 204, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 204, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 204, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 204, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 204, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 204, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 204, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204,  
243) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 70.9168, 0.3235, 0.2904 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 204, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
204, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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