

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(71.2066, 0.2333, 0.3597)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(71.2066, 0.2333, 0.3597)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02F6DE
RGB	2, 246, 222
RGB Percent	1%, 96%, 87%
CMY	0.9940, 0.0353, 0.1295
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.10, 0.04
HSL	174°, 99%, 49%
HSV	174°, 99%, 96%
XYZ	46.1561, 71.1919, 80.4073
YIQ	170.3080, -137.7200, -59.1920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

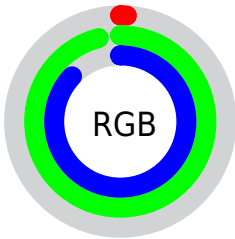
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	2, 130, 246
Decimal	194270
CIE Lab	87.58, -53.45, -2.19
CIE LCh	88, 53.496, 182.350
Yxy	71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278384350 (0xFF02F6DE)
YUV	170.3080, 25.4842, -147.6061
Hunter-Lab	84.3753, -50.0113, 2.5610

# Details

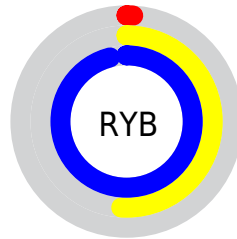
The Yxy color **71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **19.6983, 0.6300, 0.3248**, and the grayscale version is **40.2055, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.5219, 0.2436, 0.3288**, and **39.1852, 0.2349, 0.3657** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.1768, 0.2334, 0.3602**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.5365, 0.2338, 0.3567**.

# Distribution



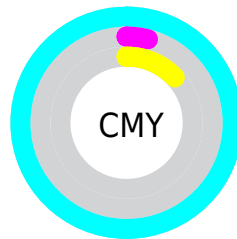
- Red (1%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 71.1919, 0.2334,  
0.3600

 71.1919, 0.2334,  
0.3600


464.7240, 0.2697,  
0.3461


 52.4988, 0.2253,  
0.3631


 120.9069, 0.2459,  
0.3553


 37.4028, 0.2153,  
0.3668


 152.6977, 0.2508,  
0.3534


 25.5195, 0.2029,  
0.3714


 189.6231, 0.2550,  
0.3518

 16.4645, 0.1870,  
0.3772

 232.0675, 0.2587,  
0.3503

 9.8535, 0.1660,  
0.3847

 280.4155, 0.2619,  
0.3491

 5.3019, 0.1373,  
0.3945

335.0513, 0.2648,

 2.4255, 0.0920,

0.3480

0.4095

396.3593, 0.2674,  
0.3470

■ 0.8389, 0.0000,  
0.4394

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 71.1919, 0.2334,  
0.3600

■ 71.1919, 0.2334,  
0.3600

■ 71.1768, 0.2334,  
0.3602

■ 71.5365, 0.2338,  
0.3567

■ 72.1442, 0.2358,  
0.3533

■ 73.0906, 0.2396,  
0.3498

■ 74.4227, 0.2454,  
0.3465

■ 76.1798, 0.2532,  
0.3431

■ 78.3966, 0.2627,  
0.3399

■ 81.1041, 0.2737,  
0.3368

■ 84.3305, 0.2861,  
0.3340

■ 88.1021, 0.2995,  
0.3313

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1919, 0.2860, 0.4213



71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600



71.1919, 0.2035, 0.2949

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600



71.1919, 0.2671, 0.2332



71.1919, 0.4385, 0.3922

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600



19.6983, 0.6300, 0.3248

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.1919, 0.4356, 0.3432



71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600



71.1919, 0.3302, 0.2567

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600



71.1919, 0.2216, 0.2297



71.1919, 0.3944, 0.2955



71.1919, 0.4052, 0.4327



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600



71.1919, 0.1982, 0.2619



71.1919, 0.3944, 0.2955



71.1919, 0.4420, 0.3762

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.1946, 0.2334, 0.3600



87.7897, 0.2730, 0.3370



66.1340, 0.3020, 0.5981



18.5140, 0.2681, 0.3383



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.1946, 0.2334, 0.3600



77.2307, 0.2334, 0.3603



27.9087, 0.1864, 0.1907



18.7281, 0.2994, 0.3313



38.0033, 0.2332, 0.3597



3.3481, 0.2321, 0.3554



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.6983, 0.6300, 0.3248



21.3304, 0.6313, 0.3251



28.5790, 0.5713, 0.3841



16.5089, 0.3278, 0.3267



10.5025, 0.6288, 0.3238

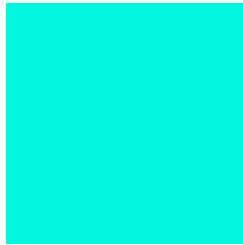


0.9318, 0.6057, 0.3110



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

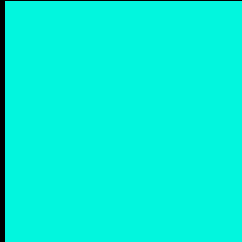
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

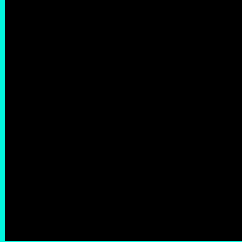
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600.

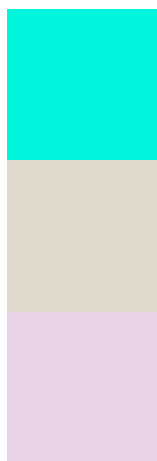


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.1984, 0.2334, 0.3600

### Protanopia

69.8808, 0.3260, 0.3422

### Deuteranopia

69.6253, 0.3159, 0.3090



## Tritanopia

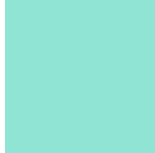
71.1358, 0.2341, 0.3085

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.1984, 0.2334, 0.3600



## Protanomaly

66.0296, 0.2696, 0.3502



## Deuteranomaly

65.2469, 0.2637, 0.3252



## Tritanomaly

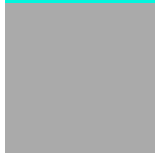
70.5055, 0.2305, 0.3263

# Monochromacy



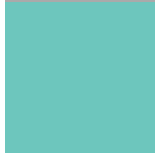
## Original Color

71.1984, 0.2334, 0.3600



## Achromatopsia

40.1978, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

47.3135, 0.2579, 0.3419

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 246, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 246, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 246, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 246, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 246, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 246, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 246, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 246, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 246, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 246,  
222) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 71.1919, 0.2334, 0.3600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 246, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 246,  
222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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