

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(71.3774, 0.2532, 0.3018)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(71.3774, 0.2532, 0.3018)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99E7FF
RGB	153, 231, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 91%, 100%
CMY	0.4001, 0.0941, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	194°, 100%, 80%
HSV	194°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	59.7629, 71.1441, 105.2168
YIQ	210.4140, -54.1920, -9.0720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

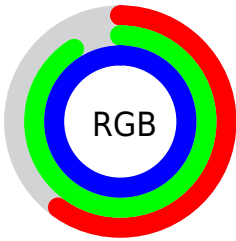
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	153, 197, 255
Decimal	10086399
CIE Lab	87.55, -18.01, -19.19
CIE LCh	88, 26.312, 226.819
Yxy	71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288276479 (0xFF99E7FF)
YUV	210.4140, 21.9809, -50.3521
Hunter-Lab	84.3470, -21.1334, -14.9171

# Details

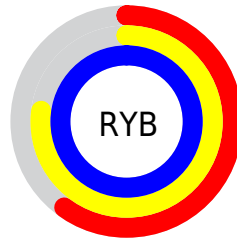
The Yxy color **71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.9921, 0.4042, 0.3545**, and the grayscale version is **64.6110, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.5889, 0.2866, 0.3289**, and **37.2240, 0.2397, 0.2941** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.6234, 0.2403, 0.2931**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.3113, 0.2671, 0.3091**.

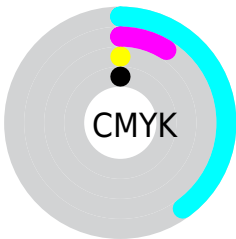
# Distribution



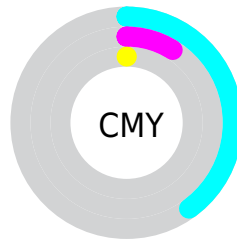
- Red (60%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 71.1441, 0.2531,  
0.3013


 71.1441, 0.2531,  
0.3013

464.5570, 0.2801,  
0.3147

 52.4598, 0.2471,  
0.2981


 120.8389, 0.2624,  
0.3060

 37.3717, 0.2397,  
0.2942


 152.6182, 0.2660,  
0.3078

 25.4954, 0.2306,  
0.2891


189.5312, 0.2691,  
0.3094

 16.4465, 0.2188,  
0.2823

231.9624, 0.2719,  
0.3107

 9.8407, 0.2034,  
0.2730

280.2962, 0.2743,  
0.3119

 5.2935, 0.1821,  
0.2593

334.9170, 0.2765,

 2.4205, 0.1515,

0.3129

0.2376

396.2091, 0.2784,  
0.3139

■ 0.8364, 0.0866,  
0.2039

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 71.1441, 0.2531,  
0.3013

■ 71.1441, 0.2531,  
0.3013

■ 65.6234, 0.2403,  
0.2931

■ 77.3113, 0.2671,  
0.3091

■ 60.7119, 0.2290,  
0.2846

■ 84.1551, 0.2819,  
0.3163

■ 56.3712, 0.2195,  
0.2758

■ 91.7061, 0.2972,  
0.3230

■ 52.5565, 0.2120,  
0.2670

99.9921, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 49.2147, 0.2065,  
0.2582

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 46.2621, 0.2027,  
0.2495

# Harmonies

## Analogous

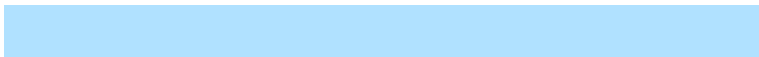
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.1441, 0.2633, 0.3297



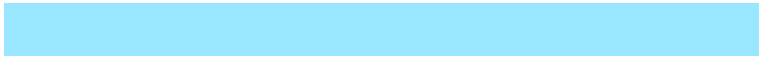
71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



71.1441, 0.2578, 0.2824

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



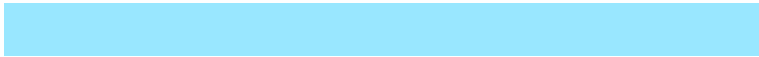
71.1441, 0.3379, 0.3007



71.1441, 0.3482, 0.3857

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



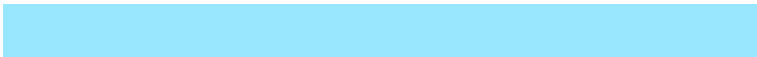
54.9921, 0.4042, 0.3545

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.1441, 0.3700, 0.3740



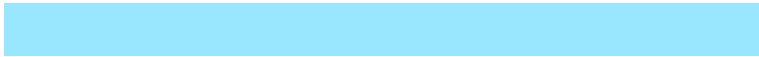
71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



71.1441, 0.3643, 0.3251

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



71.1441, 0.3054, 0.2832



71.1441, 0.3762, 0.3516

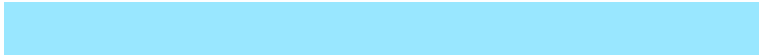


71.1441, 0.3174, 0.3810



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



71.1441, 0.2688, 0.2770



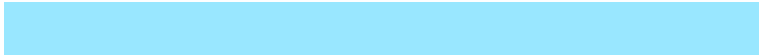
71.1441, 0.3762, 0.3516



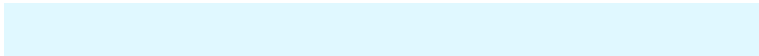
71.1441, 0.3568, 0.3834

# Sweetspot

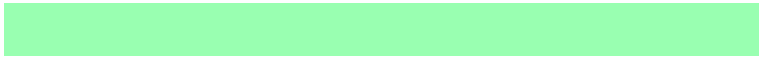
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.1447, 0.2531, 0.3013



90.1451, 0.2941, 0.3217



81.4557, 0.2951, 0.4232



19.0789, 0.2921, 0.3208



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

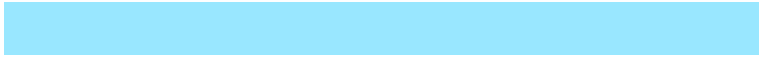


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

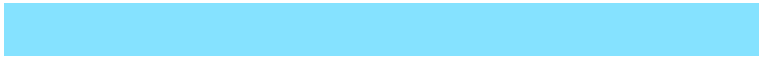


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.1447, 0.2531, 0.3013



66.6825, 0.2428, 0.2948



46.7064, 0.2433, 0.2391



19.7146, 0.2980, 0.3233



24.4137, 0.2031, 0.2510



2.5436, 0.2058, 0.2609



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8046, 0.3377, 0.2509



43.4284, 0.3444, 0.2361



78.9325, 0.3829, 0.4047



18.2230, 0.3174, 0.3110



13.1925, 0.3913, 0.1929

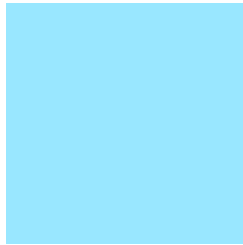


1.3013, 0.3815, 0.1875



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

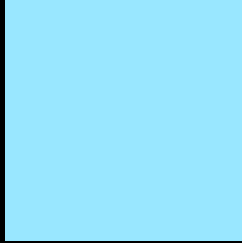
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013.

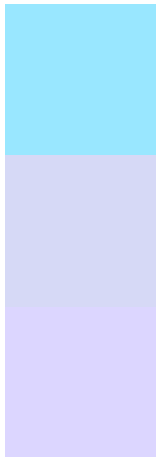


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013

### Protanopia

70.5757, 0.2920, 0.2979

### Deuteranopia

70.5288, 0.2904, 0.2860



## Tritanopia

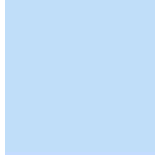
71.2908, 0.2552, 0.3080

# Trichromacy



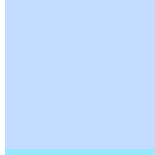
## Original Color

71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



## Protanomaly

70.2886, 0.2764, 0.2991



## Deuteranomaly

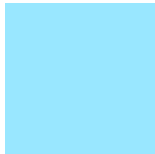
70.1422, 0.2753, 0.2908



## Tritanomaly

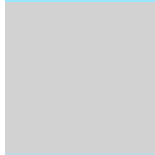
71.4169, 0.2542, 0.3058

# Monochromacy



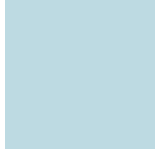
## Original Color

71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013



## Achromatopsia

64.4480, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

66.4526, 0.2876, 0.3197

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 231, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 231, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 231, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 231, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 231, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 231, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 231, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 231, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 231, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 231,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 71.1441, 0.2531, 0.3013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 231, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
231, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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