

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(71.5752, 0.3066, 0.3874)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(71.5752, 0.3066, 0.3874)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | B3E9B9                       |
| RGB         | 179, 233, 185                |
| RGB Percent | 70%, 91%, 73%                |
| CMY         | 0.2979, 0.0863, 0.2745       |
| CMYK        | 0.23, 0.00, 0.21, 0.09       |
| HSL         | 127°, 55%, 81%               |
| HSV         | 127°, 23%, 91%               |
| XYZ         | 56.4898, 71.3643, 56.6928    |
| YIQ         | 211.3820, -16.7760, -26.3760 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

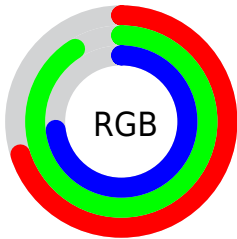
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                    |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 179, 228, 233                   |
| Decimal                             | 11790777                        |
| CIELab                              | 87.66, -26.43, 17.83            |
| CIELCh                              | 88, 31.883, 146.001             |
| Yxy                                 | 71.3643, 0.3061,<br>0.3867      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4289980857<br>(0xFFB3E9B9)      |
| YUV                                 | 211.3820, -13.0063,<br>-28.3990 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 84.4774, -28.4729,<br>19.3446   |

# Details

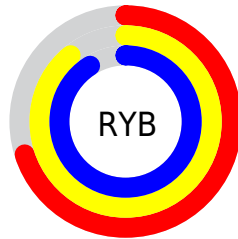
The Yxy color **71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **55.1217, 0.3201, 0.2774**, and the grayscale version is **65.5075, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.7037, 0.3090, 0.3429**, and **37.4702, 0.3035, 0.4013** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.0088, 0.3033, 0.4165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.3225, 0.3090, 0.3598**.

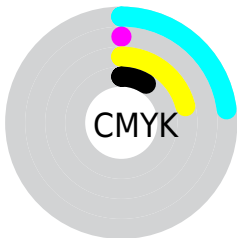
# Distribution



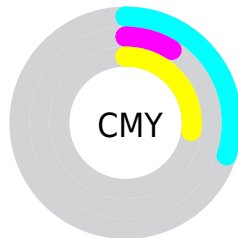
- Red (70%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 71.3643, 0.3061,  
0.3867

 71.3643, 0.3061,  
0.3867

465.3259, 0.3097,  
0.3589

 52.6395, 0.3051,  
0.3933


 121.1523, 0.3075,  
0.3768

 37.5151, 0.3039,  
0.4017


152.9843, 0.3080,  
0.3730

 25.6066, 0.3021,  
0.4126


189.9543, 0.3084,  
0.3698

 16.5295, 0.2996,  
0.4271

232.4465, 0.3087,  
0.3670

 9.8996, 0.2957,  
0.4478

280.8453, 0.3090,  
0.3646

 5.3325, 0.2891,  
0.4790


335.5353, 0.3093,

 2.4436, 0.2764,

0.3625


0.5316


396.9007, 0.3095,  
0.3606


 0.8482, 0.1595,  
0.8405


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 71.3643, 0.3061,  
0.3867


 71.3643, 0.3061,  
0.3867


 68.0088, 0.3033,  
0.4165


 75.3225, 0.3090,  
0.3598

 65.2178, 0.3006,  
0.4485

 79.9015, 0.3118,  
0.3359

 62.9629, 0.2984,  
0.4815

 85.1295, 0.3146,  
0.3151

 61.2095, 0.2969,  
0.5138

 86.7580, 0.3137,  
0.3078

■ 59.9190, 0.2961,  
0.5433

■ 59.0470, 0.2963,  
0.5677

■ 58.5403, 0.2973,  
0.5854

■ 58.3516, 0.2981,  
0.5933

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.3643, 0.3444, 0.3986



71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



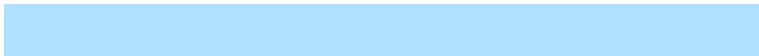
71.3643, 0.2710, 0.3558

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



71.3643, 0.2520, 0.2691



71.3643, 0.3820, 0.3335

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



55.1217, 0.3201, 0.2774

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.3643, 0.3542, 0.3032



71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



71.3643, 0.2785, 0.2671

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



71.3643, 0.2412, 0.2867



71.3643, 0.3157, 0.2795



71.3643, 0.3897, 0.3646



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



71.3643, 0.2538, 0.3305



71.3643, 0.3157, 0.2795



71.3643, 0.3746, 0.3230

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.3673, 0.3061, 0.3867



95.7897, 0.3108, 0.3448



77.9628, 0.3437, 0.3875



20.4292, 0.3106, 0.3462



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

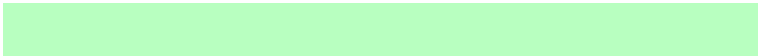


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.3673, 0.3061, 0.3867



85.4446, 0.3047, 0.4012



72.5885, 0.2906, 0.3543



16.8892, 0.3101, 0.3506



33.1187, 0.2977, 0.5919



2.6096, 0.2929, 0.5743



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.1217, 0.3201, 0.2774



62.0967, 0.3219, 0.2662



53.7729, 0.3418, 0.3051



15.2834, 0.3155, 0.3083



12.4038, 0.3509, 0.1707

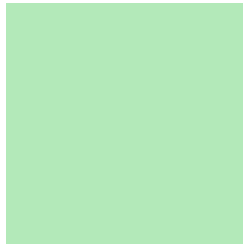


0.9822, 0.3462, 0.1681



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

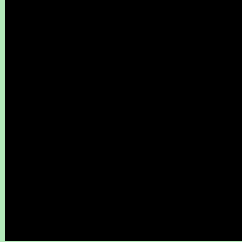
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

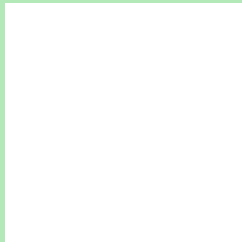
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867.

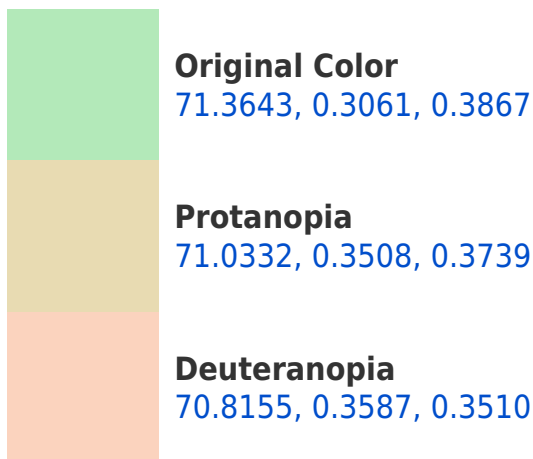


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

71.1403, 0.2782, 0.3088

# Trichromacy



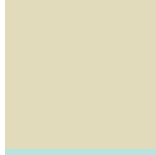
## Original Color

71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



## Protanomaly

70.7936, 0.3333, 0.3779



## Deuteranomaly

70.3014, 0.3384, 0.3634



## Tritanomaly

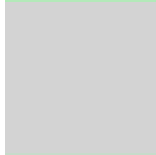
71.0750, 0.2879, 0.3359

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867



## Achromatopsia

65.1406, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

67.0694, 0.3096, 0.3488

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 233, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 233, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 233, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 233, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 233, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 233, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 233, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 233, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 233, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 233,  
185) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 71.3643, 0.3061, 0.3867 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 233, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
233, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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