

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(71.8918, 0.2926, 0.5733)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(71.8918, 0.2926, 0.5733)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FF40
RGB	0, 255, 64
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 25%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0000, 0.7488
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.75, 0.00
HSL	135°, 100%, 50%
HSV	135°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	36.6848, 71.8902, 16.8003
YIQ	156.9810, -90.6690, -113.4610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

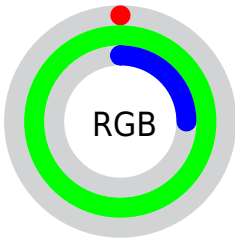
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 204, 255
Decimal	65344
CIELab	87.92, -83.87, 71.89
CIELCh	88, 110.467, 139.396
Yxy	71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255424 (0xFF00FF40)
YUV	156.9810, -45.8396, -137.6723
Hunter-Lab	84.7881, -71.1485, 47.6037

# Details

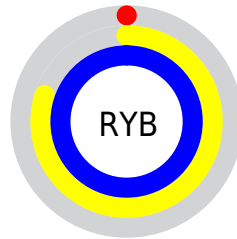
The Yxy color **71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF33**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **25.0192, 0.3985, 0.1969**, and the grayscale version is **33.9515, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.8016, 0.3026, 0.4964**, and **39.4799, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.8908, 0.2926, 0.5734**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.3599, 0.2897, 0.5554**.

# Distribution



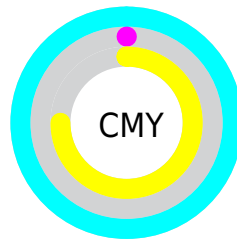
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (75%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 71.8902, 0.2926,  
0.5734


 71.8902, 0.2926,  
0.5734


467.1593, 0.3119,  
0.4507


 53.0690, 0.2852,  
0.6021

 121.9004, 0.3017,  
0.5298


 37.8578, 0.2745,  
0.6372


 153.8582, 0.3045,  
0.5131


 25.8724, 0.2585,  
0.6801


 190.9636, 0.3066,  
0.4988

 16.7282, 0.2344,  
0.7328

 233.6011, 0.3083,  
0.4865

 10.0409, 0.1988,  
0.8012

 282.1550, 0.3095,  
0.4758

 5.4261, 0.1410,  
0.8590


337.0098, 0.3105,


 2.4994, 0.0000,


0.4664

1.0000


398.5497, 0.3113,  
0.4581


 0.8763, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 71.8902, 0.2926,  
0.5734


 71.8902, 0.2926,  
0.5734


 71.8908, 0.2926,  
0.5734


 72.3599, 0.2897,  
0.5554


 73.1880, 0.2877,  
0.5327

 74.4659, 0.2873,  
0.5064


 76.2510, 0.2884,  
0.4780

 78.5921, 0.2908,  
0.4491

 81.5317, 0.2942,  
0.4209

 85.1084, 0.2984,  
0.3944

 89.3573, 0.3030,  
0.3701

 94.3110, 0.3079,  
0.3483

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.8902, 0.4052, 0.5509



71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



71.8902, 0.1903, 0.4604

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



71.8902, 0.1305, 0.1578



71.8902, 0.5349, 0.3005

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



25.0192, 0.3985, 0.1969

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.8902, 0.4214, 0.2312



71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



71.8902, 0.1849, 0.1536

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



71.8902, 0.1123, 0.1997



71.8902, 0.2847, 0.1790



71.8902, 0.5607, 0.3774



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



71.8902, 0.1438, 0.3492



71.8902, 0.2847, 0.1790



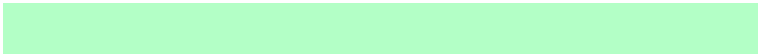
71.8902, 0.5048, 0.2763

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.8908, 0.2926, 0.5734



85.1084, 0.2984, 0.3944



82.6288, 0.3749, 0.5405



17.8768, 0.2966, 0.4053



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.8908, 0.2926, 0.5734



75.2926, 0.2482, 0.4135



20.2430, 0.3081, 0.3473



37.5845, 0.2919, 0.5708



3.6761, 0.2860, 0.5496

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.0192, 0.3985, 0.1969



21.6273, 0.5976, 0.3065



18.2178, 0.3177, 0.3114



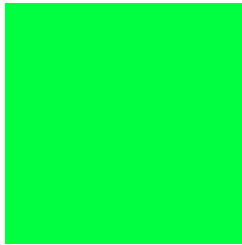
13.0983, 0.3969, 0.1960



1.2929, 0.3863, 0.1902

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

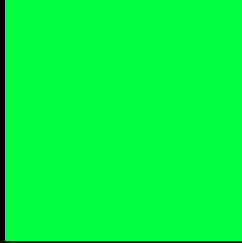
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

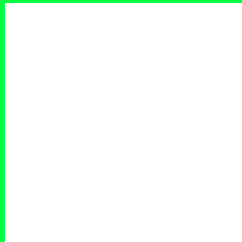
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734.



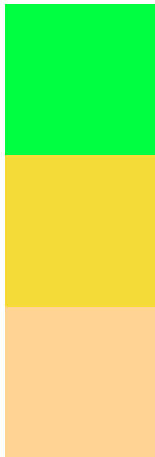
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734

### Protanopia

70.3513, 0.4306, 0.4758

### Deuteranopia

69.9551, 0.3939, 0.3948



## Tritanopia

71.4332, 0.2385, 0.3075

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



## Protanomaly

65.0866, 0.3531, 0.5305



## Deuteranomaly

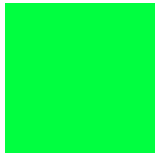
63.9039, 0.3345, 0.4690



## Tritanomaly

69.6630, 0.2568, 0.4069

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734



## Achromatopsia

33.7164, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

42.2793, 0.2918, 0.4422

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 64) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 64)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 71.8902, 0.2926, 0.5734 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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