

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75F0F0
RGB	117, 240, 240
RGB Percent	46%, 94%, 94%
CMY	0.5410, 0.0588, 0.0588
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	180°, 80%, 70%
HSV	180°, 51%, 94%
XYZ	54.2290, 72.3934, 93.5522
YIQ	203.2230, -73.3080, -26.0760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

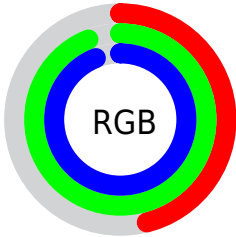
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">117, 179, 240</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7729392</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">88.16, -34.25, -10.55</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 35.843, 197.122</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285919472 (0xFF75F0F0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">203.2230, 18.1311, -75.6176</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">85.0843, -35.1295, -5.6317</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **32.5464, 0.4607, 0.3294**, and the grayscale version is **59.7963, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.2050, 0.2691, 0.3289**, and **38.3946, 0.2317, 0.3288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.9403, 0.2383, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.2782, 0.2562, 0.3288**.

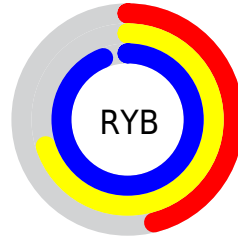
# Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (94%)

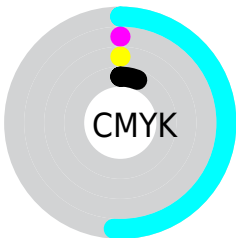
Blue (94%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (94%)

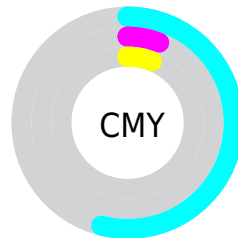


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 72.3934, 0.2463,  
0.3288


 72.3934, 0.2463,  
0.3288


468.9097, 0.2764,  
0.3296


 53.4801, 0.2396,  
0.3284


 122.6157, 0.2566,  
0.3292

 38.1862, 0.2314,  
0.3279


 154.6934, 0.2607,  
0.3294

 26.1272, 0.2212,  
0.3270


 191.9282, 0.2642,  
0.3295

 16.9188, 0.2082,  
0.3257

234.7042, 0.2672,  
0.3295

 10.1766, 0.1910,  
0.3234

283.4060, 0.2699,  
0.3296

 5.5162, 0.1674,  
0.3194

338.4179, 0.2723,

 2.5532, 0.1336,

0.3296

400.1244, 0.2745,  
0.3296

0.3111

0.9032, 0.0077,  
0.3156

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

72.3934, 0.2463,  
0.3288

72.3934, 0.2463,  
0.3288

70.9403, 0.2383,  
0.3288

74.2782, 0.2562,  
0.3288

69.8773, 0.2322,  
0.3288


76.6161, 0.2679,  
0.3289

69.1691, 0.2280,  
0.3287

79.4369, 0.2811,  
0.3289


68.7698, 0.2256,  
0.3287

82.7655, 0.2955,  
0.3290

 68.6096, 0.2247,  
0.3287

 86.6254, 0.3108,  
0.3290

 89.8718, 0.3226,  
0.3290

 89.8720, 0.3226,  
0.3290

 89.8722, 0.3226,  
0.3290

 89.8724, 0.3226,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

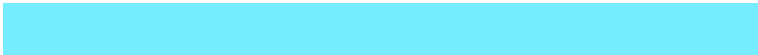
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.3934, 0.2765, 0.3710



72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



72.3934, 0.2334, 0.2904

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



72.3934, 0.3028, 0.2686



72.3934, 0.3898, 0.3890

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



32.5464, 0.4607, 0.3294

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.3934, 0.3991, 0.3582



72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



72.3934, 0.3469, 0.2915

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



72.3934, 0.2642, 0.2592



72.3934, 0.3831, 0.3233



72.3934, 0.3595, 0.4062

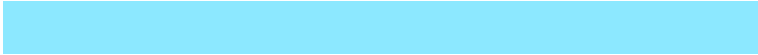


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



72.3934, 0.2355, 0.2724



72.3934, 0.3831, 0.3233



72.3934, 0.3956, 0.3797

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.3962, 0.2463, 0.3288



93.4531, 0.2899, 0.3289



67.3916, 0.3050, 0.4928



19.8296, 0.2868, 0.3289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.3962, 0.2463, 0.3288



81.4166, 0.2383, 0.3288



42.1277, 0.2303, 0.2482



17.9290, 0.2981, 0.3290



37.5579, 0.2247, 0.3287



3.1245, 0.2247, 0.3287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.5515, 0.3185, 0.2061



37.4890, 0.3193, 0.1877



51.8618, 0.4212, 0.3959



16.0314, 0.3138, 0.3057



13.5848, 0.3209, 0.1542

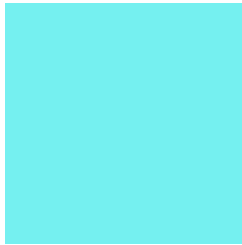


1.1301, 0.3209, 0.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

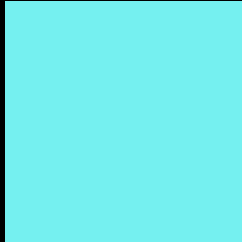
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

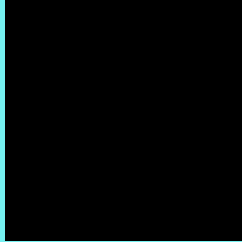
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288.

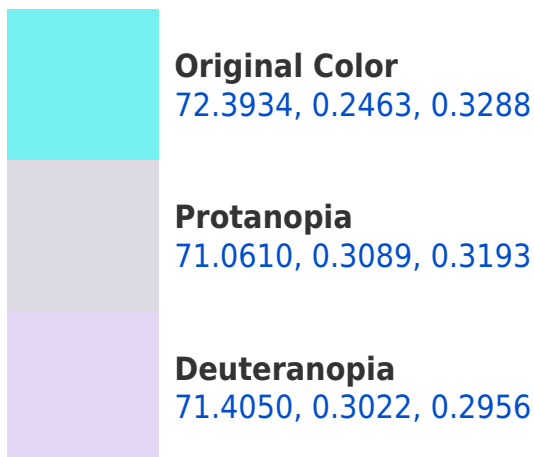


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

72.5342, 0.2442, 0.3078

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



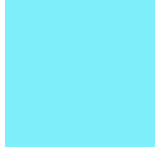
## Protanomaly

70.2862, 0.2808, 0.3220



## Deuteranomaly

69.9984, 0.2768, 0.3054



## Tritanomaly

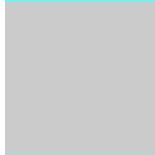
72.4112, 0.2446, 0.3146

# Monochromacy



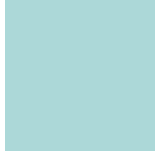
## Original Color

72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288



## Achromatopsia

59.7202, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

62.8403, 0.2825, 0.3289

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 240, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 240, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 240, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 240, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 240, 240) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 240, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 240, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 240, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 240, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 240,  
240) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 72.3934, 0.2463, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 240, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
240, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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