

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(73.4378, 0.2683, 0.4858)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(73.4378, 0.2683, 0.4858)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FF8D
RGB	0, 255, 141
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 55%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0000, 0.4471
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.45, 0.00
HSL	153°, 100%, 50%
HSV	153°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	40.5631, 73.4431, 37.2358
YIQ	165.7590, -115.3860, -89.5140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

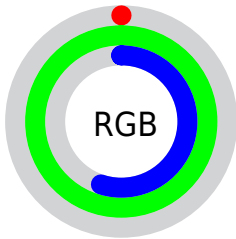
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 164, 255
Decimal	65421
CIELab	88.66, -74.67, 40.58
CIELCh	89, 84.987, 151.475
Yxy	73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255501 (0xFF00FF8D)
YUV	165.7590, -12.2062, -145.3706
Hunter-Lab	85.6989, -65.4854, 34.2281

# Details

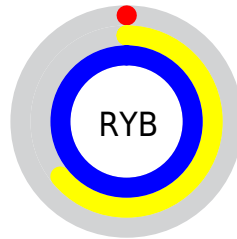
The Yxy color **73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF99**. The color can be described as dark saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **22.4749, 0.5229, 0.2654**, and the grayscale version is **38.1122, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.1504, 0.2684, 0.4025**, and **40.6538, 0.2771, 0.5174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.0132, 0.2653, 0.4689**.

# Distribution



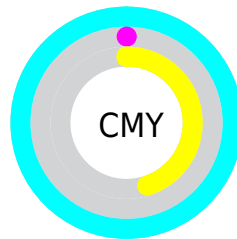
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 73.4431, 0.2682,  
0.4856

 73.4431, 0.2682,  
0.4856

472.5491, 0.2923,  
0.4068


 54.3384, 0.2618,  
0.5050


 124.1060, 0.2773,  
0.4571


 38.8722, 0.2533,  
0.5297


 156.4330, 0.2806,  
0.4463


 26.6603, 0.2418,  
0.5618


 193.9362, 0.2834,  
0.4372

 17.3183, 0.2256,  
0.6050

 237.0000, 0.2858,  
0.4294

 10.4617, 0.2014,  
0.6650

 286.0088, 0.2878,  
0.4226

 5.7061, 0.1644,  
0.7541

341.3470, 0.2895,

 2.6672, 0.0500,

0.4167

0.9500

403.3990, 0.2910,  
0.4114

■ 0.9606, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 73.4431, 0.2682,  
0.4856


■ 74.0132, 0.2653,  
0.4689


■ 74.8969, 0.2641,  
0.4515


■ 76.1800, 0.2650,  
0.4338


■ 77.9155, 0.2679,  
0.4161

 80.1477, 0.2726,  
0.3989

 82.9156, 0.2789,  
0.3825

 86.2540, 0.2864,  
0.3672

 90.1949, 0.2947,  
0.3532

 94.7678, 0.3035,  
0.3404

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.4431, 0.3610, 0.5182



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



73.4431, 0.1927, 0.3792

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



73.4431, 0.1776, 0.1842



73.4431, 0.5033, 0.3386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



22.4749, 0.5229, 0.2654

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.4431, 0.4376, 0.2744



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



73.4431, 0.2395, 0.1902

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



73.4431, 0.1494, 0.2086



73.4431, 0.3340, 0.2219



73.4431, 0.5023, 0.4081



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



73.4431, 0.1621, 0.3042



73.4431, 0.3340, 0.2219



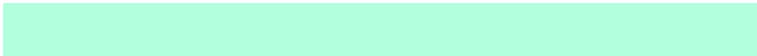
73.4431, 0.4883, 0.3164

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



86.2540, 0.2864, 0.3672



75.1479, 0.3287, 0.5772



18.1453, 0.2831, 0.3735



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



70.8732, 0.2203, 0.3130



20.3363, 0.3040, 0.3398



38.4061, 0.2675, 0.4829



3.7615, 0.2621, 0.4637

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.4749, 0.5229, 0.2654



21.5415, 0.6376, 0.3319



18.1221, 0.3224, 0.3184



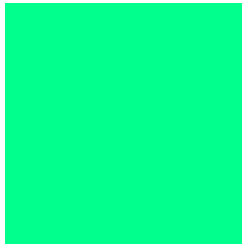
11.7727, 0.5189, 0.2632



1.1679, 0.4907, 0.2477

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

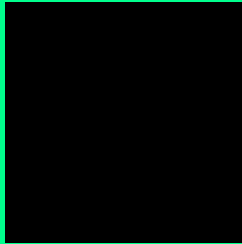
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856.



# Color Blindness Simulation

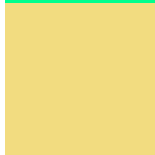
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



### Protanopia

71.6222, 0.3923, 0.4251



### Deuteranopia

71.7131, 0.3770, 0.3745



## Tritanopia

72.8047, 0.2428, 0.3089

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



## Protanomaly

66.8413, 0.3195, 0.4573



## Deuteranomaly

65.6714, 0.3105, 0.4170



## Tritanomaly

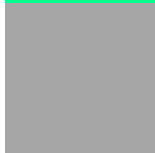
71.2619, 0.2465, 0.3675

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856



## Achromatopsia

38.1326, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

45.8867, 0.2750, 0.3916

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 73.4431, 0.2682, 0.4856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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