

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(73.4871, 0.2714, 0.2995)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(73.4871, 0.2714, 0.2995)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCE4FF
RGB	188, 228, 255
RGB Percent	74%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.2629, 0.1059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.26, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	204°, 100%, 87%
HSV	204°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	66.5317, 73.3982, 105.3030
YIQ	219.1180, -32.5070, -0.0830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

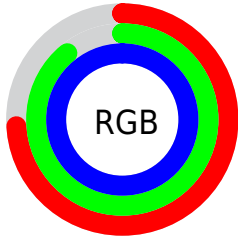
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	188, 213, 255
Decimal	12379391
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.64, -7.07, -17.37
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	89, 18.759, 247.848
Y <sub>xy</sub>	73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290569471 (0xFFBCE4FF)
YUV	219.1180, 17.6898, -27.2905
Hunter-Lab	85.6727, -11.3079, -12.9042

# Details

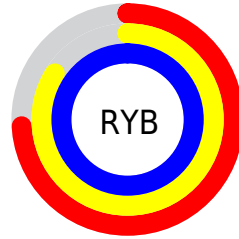
The Yxy color **73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **73.4714, 0.3624, 0.3569**, and the grayscale version is **70.8123, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.1525, 0.3066, 0.3290**, and **38.9509, 0.2620, 0.2932** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.9580, 0.2556, 0.2860**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.7465, 0.2872, 0.3116**.

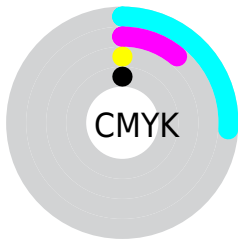
# Distribution



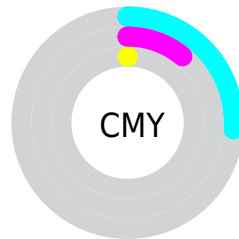
- Red (74%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 73.3982, 0.2713,  
0.2993

■ 73.3982, 0.2713,  
0.2993

472.3937, 0.2902,  
0.3131

■ 54.3016, 0.2671,  
0.2961

■ 124.0423, 0.2778,  
0.3041

■ 38.8429, 0.2619,  
0.2922

156.3587, 0.2803,  
0.3060

■ 26.6375, 0.2554,  
0.2873

193.8504, 0.2825,  
0.3076

■ 17.3012, 0.2471,  
0.2808

236.9020, 0.2844,  
0.3090

■ 10.4494, 0.2359,  
0.2720

285.8977, 0.2861,  
0.3102

■ 5.6980, 0.2204,  
0.2594

341.2219, 0.2876,

■ 2.6623, 0.1973,

0.3113

0.2401

403.2592, 0.2890,  
0.3123

0.9581, 0.1596,  
0.2077

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

73.3982, 0.2713,  
0.2993

73.3982, 0.2713,  
0.2993

64.9580, 0.2556,  
0.2860

82.7465, 0.2872,  
0.3116

57.3895, 0.2405,  
0.2717

93.0358, 0.3030,  
0.3226

50.6540, 0.2264,  
0.2567

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

44.7090, 0.2137,  
0.2410

■ 39.5069, 0.2029,  
0.2252

■ 34.9930, 0.1942,  
0.2094

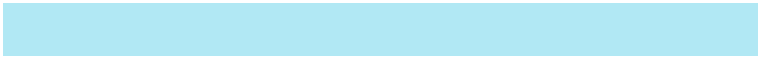
■ 31.1004, 0.1877,  
0.1941

■ 29.7781, 0.1857,  
0.1886

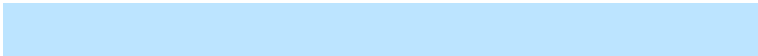
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.3982, 0.2712, 0.3154



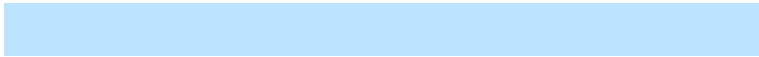
73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993



73.3982, 0.2820, 0.2917

# Triad

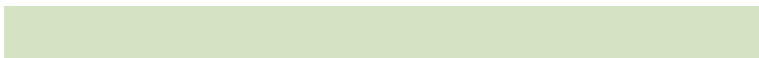
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993



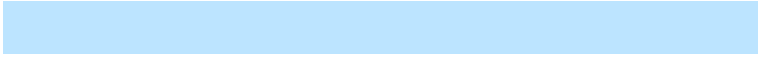
73.3982, 0.3443, 0.3209



73.3982, 0.3232, 0.3674

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993



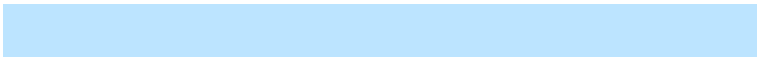
73.4714, 0.3624, 0.3569

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.3982, 0.3435, 0.3676



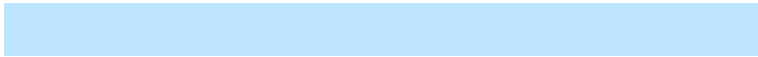
73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993



73.3982, 0.3561, 0.3401

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993



73.3982, 0.3239, 0.3043



73.3982, 0.3557, 0.3572

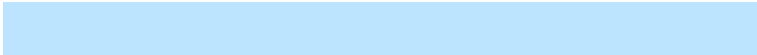


73.3982, 0.3006, 0.3558



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993



73.3982, 0.2940, 0.2920



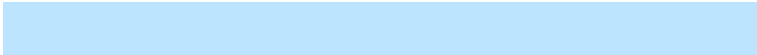
73.3982, 0.3557, 0.3572



73.3982, 0.3305, 0.3688

# Sweetspot

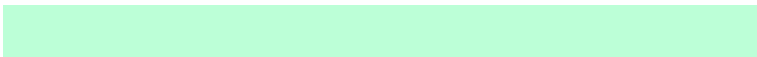
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.3984, 0.2713, 0.2993



91.2043, 0.3003, 0.3208



87.1027, 0.2948, 0.3736



19.1823, 0.2979, 0.3192



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

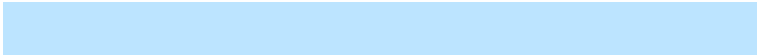


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

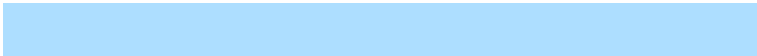


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.3984, 0.2713, 0.2993



68.4669, 0.2623, 0.2919



56.7914, 0.2677, 0.2611



19.1823, 0.2979, 0.3192



15.8602, 0.1864, 0.1911



1.7586, 0.1912, 0.2084



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.8155, 0.3363, 0.2885



56.5822, 0.3430, 0.2794



92.2071, 0.3541, 0.3889



18.1693, 0.3200, 0.3149



12.3291, 0.4555, 0.2283

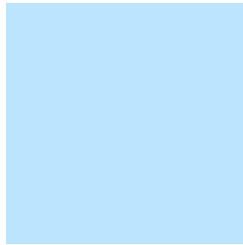


1.2221, 0.4359, 0.2175



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

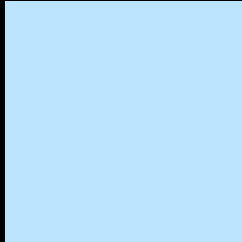
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

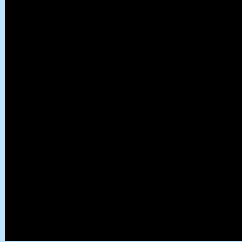
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

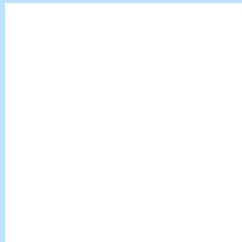
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993

### Protanopia

72.9940, 0.2923, 0.2973

### Deuteranopia

73.0145, 0.2945, 0.2897



## Tritanopia

73.2550, 0.2740, 0.3078

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993

**Protanomaly**

73.0690, 0.2841, 0.2979

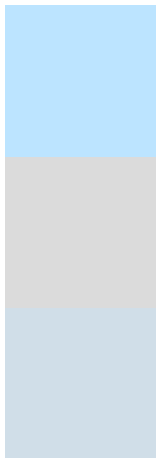
**Deuteranomaly**

72.9300, 0.2855, 0.2930

**Tritanomaly**

73.5685, 0.2730, 0.3046

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993

**Achromatopsia**

70.8376, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

71.4786, 0.2967, 0.3180

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 228, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 228, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 228,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 73.3982, 0.2713, 0.2993 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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