

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(74.1056, 0.2712, 0.4796)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(74.1056, 0.2712, 0.4796)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2EFF90
RGB	46, 255, 144
RGB Percent	18%, 100%, 56%
CMY	0.8199, 0.0000, 0.4354
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.44, 0.00
HSL	148°, 100%, 59%
HSV	148°, 82%, 100%
XYZ	41.9163, 74.1145, 38.4709
YIQ	179.8550, -88.9330, -78.8290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

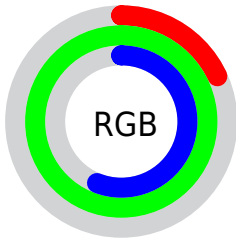
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	46, 188, 255
Decimal	3080080
CIELab	88.98, -71.90, 39.60
CIELCh	89, 82.086, 151.154
Yxy	74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281270160 (0xFF2EFF90)
YUV	179.8550, -17.6765, -117.3908
Hunter-Lab	86.0898, -63.7471, 33.7679

# Details

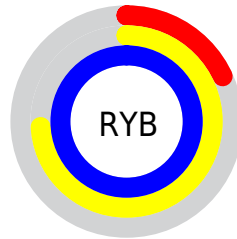
The Yxy color **74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF99**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **25.6405, 0.4463, 0.2369**, and the grayscale version is **45.6773, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.2327, 0.2724, 0.3975**, and **40.7052, 0.2757, 0.5125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2966, 0.2734, 0.4996**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.3276, 0.2712, 0.4588**.

# Distribution



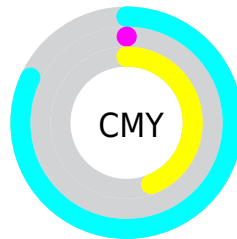
- Red (18%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 74.1145, 0.2713,  
0.4797

 74.1145, 0.2713,  
0.4797


474.8685, 0.2937,  
0.4041

 54.8878, 0.2653,  
0.4983


 125.0581, 0.2798,  
0.4524


 39.3119, 0.2575,  
0.5218

 157.5438, 0.2829,  
0.4421

 27.0024, 0.2468,  
0.5524


 195.2178, 0.2854,  
0.4333

 17.5750, 0.2317,  
0.5936

 238.4647, 0.2876,  
0.4258

 10.6453, 0.2091,  
0.6510

287.6689, 0.2895,  
0.4193

 5.8289, 0.1739,  
0.7348

343.2146, 0.2911,

 2.7413, 0.0810,

0.4136

0.9190

405.4863, 0.2925,  
0.4086

■ 0.9982, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 74.1145, 0.2713,  
0.4797

■ 74.1145, 0.2713,  
0.4797

■ 73.2966, 0.2734,  
0.4996


■ 75.3276, 0.2712,  
0.4588


■ 72.8661, 0.2762,  
0.5145


■ 76.9996, 0.2731,  
0.4377

■ 79.1744, 0.2767,  
0.4169


■ 81.8924, 0.2819,  
0.3969

 85.1899, 0.2883,  
0.3783

 89.0999, 0.2955,  
0.3611

 93.6529, 0.3032,  
0.3455

 98.8772, 0.3111,  
0.3316

 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.1145, 0.3614, 0.5111



74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



74.1145, 0.1975, 0.3787

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



74.1145, 0.1812, 0.1885



74.1145, 0.4961, 0.3386

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



25.6405, 0.4463, 0.2369

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.1145, 0.4321, 0.2758



74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



74.1145, 0.2413, 0.1939

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



74.1145, 0.1539, 0.2131



74.1145, 0.3324, 0.2247



74.1145, 0.4968, 0.4063



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



74.1145, 0.1672, 0.3067



74.1145, 0.3324, 0.2247



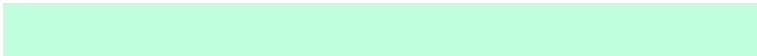
74.1145, 0.4813, 0.3169

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.1119, 0.2713, 0.4797



87.8571, 0.2933, 0.3661



78.9281, 0.3481, 0.5469



18.5100, 0.2907, 0.3721



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.1119, 0.2713, 0.4797



72.9655, 0.2755, 0.5108



78.8783, 0.2301, 0.3372



20.3100, 0.3051, 0.3419



38.1037, 0.2754, 0.5115



3.7319, 0.2694, 0.4899



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.6405, 0.4463, 0.2369



23.2000, 0.4823, 0.2440



23.4640, 0.5957, 0.3261



18.1483, 0.3211, 0.3164



12.0594, 0.4833, 0.2436

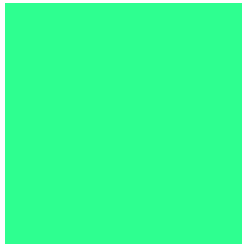


1.1963, 0.4596, 0.2306



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

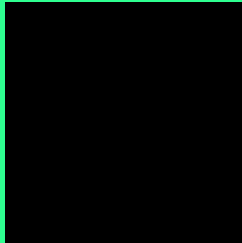
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797.

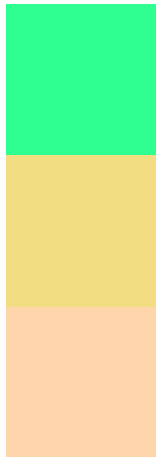


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797

### Protanopia

72.2288, 0.3900, 0.4231

### Deuteranopia

72.3317, 0.3745, 0.3724



## Tritanopia

73.2746, 0.2452, 0.3090

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



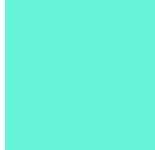
## Protanomaly

68.7133, 0.3293, 0.4491



## Deuteranomaly

68.2310, 0.3202, 0.4112



## Tritanomaly

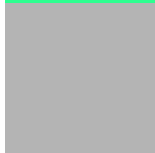
72.3744, 0.2525, 0.3656

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797



## Achromatopsia

45.6411, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

52.2410, 0.2852, 0.3856

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 255, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 255, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 255, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 255, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 255, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 255, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 255, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 255, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 255, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 255,  
144) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 74.1145, 0.2713, 0.4797 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 255, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 255,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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