

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEE1DE
RGB	222, 225, 222
RGB Percent	87%, 88%, 87%
CMY	0.1292, 0.1177, 0.1294
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.12
HSL	119°, 5%, 88%
HSV	119°, 1%, 88%
XYZ	70.2493, 74.6539, 79.8226
YIQ	223.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

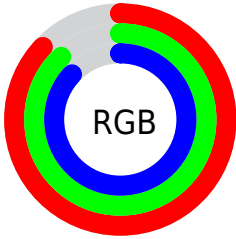
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	222, 225, 225
Decimal	14606814
CIE Lab	89.23, -1.51, 1.09
CIE LCh	89, 1.866, 144.081
Yxy	74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292796894 (0xFFDEE1DE)
YUV	223.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444
Hunter-Lab	86.4025, -6.0755, 5.7069

# Details

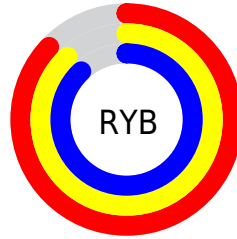
The Yxy color **74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.6826, 0.3128, 0.3258**, and the grayscale version is **74.3767, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **39.7550, 0.3125, 0.3332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.2607, 0.3116, 0.3584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.6731, 0.3134, 0.3094**.

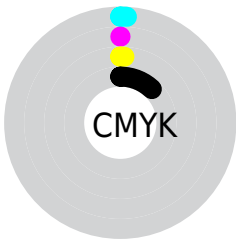
# Distribution



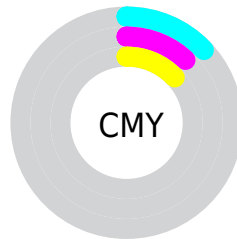
- Red (87%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.6539, 0.3126,  
0.3322

■ 74.6539, 0.3126,  
0.3322

476.7271, 0.3127,  
0.3307

■ 55.3294, 0.3126,  
0.3325

125.8223, 0.3126,  
0.3317

■ 39.6655, 0.3126,  
0.3329

158.4350, 0.3126,  
0.3315

■ 27.2778, 0.3125,  
0.3335

196.2459, 0.3126,  
0.3313

■ 17.7820, 0.3125,  
0.3342

239.6394, 0.3126,  
0.3312

■ 10.7936, 0.3125,  
0.3351

288.9999, 0.3126,  
0.3310

■ 5.9282, 0.3124,  
0.3365

344.7117, 0.3127,

■ 2.8015, 0.3123,

0.3309

407.1594, 0.3127,  
0.3308

0.3386

■ 1.0290, 0.3121,  
0.3425

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 74.6539, 0.3126,  
0.3322

■ 74.6539, 0.3126,  
0.3322

■ 70.2607, 0.3116,  
0.3584

■ 79.6731, 0.3134,  
0.3094

■ 66.4599, 0.3105,  
0.3881

■ 82.3230, 0.3141,  
0.2999

■ 63.2290, 0.3092,  
0.4209

■ 60.5407, 0.3077,  
0.4560

■ 58.3651, 0.3061,  
0.4919

■ 56.6697, 0.3045,  
0.5262

■ 55.4182, 0.3030,  
0.5562

■ 54.5690, 0.3017,  
0.5792

■ 54.0729, 0.3007,  
0.5936

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.6539, 0.3148, 0.3329



74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322



74.6539, 0.3104, 0.3307

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322



74.6539, 0.3090, 0.3255



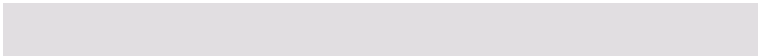
74.6539, 0.3166, 0.3293

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322



73.6826, 0.3128, 0.3258

# Split Complementary

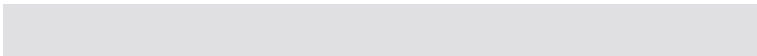
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.6539, 0.3150, 0.3274



74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322



74.6539, 0.3106, 0.3252

# Square

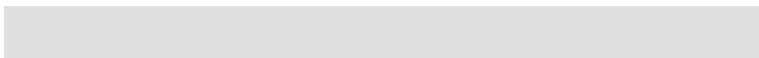
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322



74.6539, 0.3084, 0.3268



74.6539, 0.3128, 0.3259



74.6539, 0.3171, 0.3312



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322



74.6539, 0.3093, 0.3294



74.6539, 0.3128, 0.3259



74.6539, 0.3161, 0.3287

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.6571, 0.3126, 0.3322

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



75.0963, 0.3146, 0.3321



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.6571, 0.3126, 0.3322



98.7369, 0.3125, 0.3339



74.7268, 0.3116, 0.3307



16.0719, 0.3125, 0.3336



31.0497, 0.3004, 0.5997



2.1560, 0.3015, 0.5988



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.6826, 0.3128, 0.3258



96.7732, 0.3129, 0.3241



73.6124, 0.3138, 0.3274



15.7721, 0.3129, 0.3244



12.0234, 0.3168, 0.1519

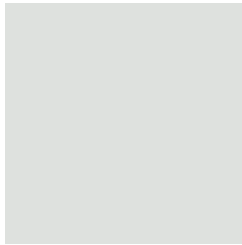


0.8371, 0.3175, 0.1523



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

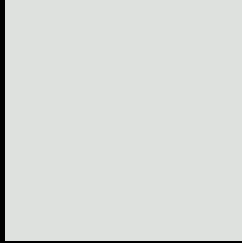
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

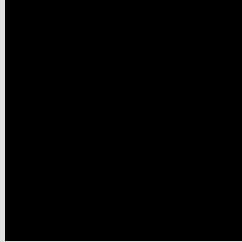
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

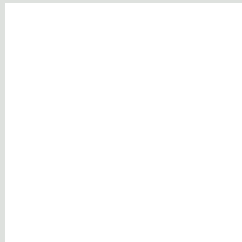


**Yxy 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322.

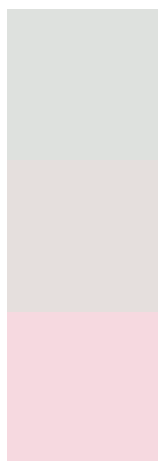


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322

### Protanopia

74.6538, 0.3183, 0.3311

### Deuteranopia

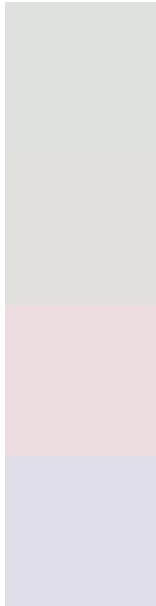
74.6004, 0.3291, 0.3219



## Tritanopia

74.5414, 0.3032, 0.3100

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322

## Protanomaly

74.7005, 0.3161, 0.3322

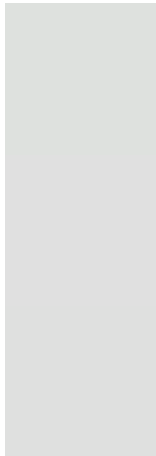
## Deuteranomaly

74.5186, 0.3229, 0.3259

## Tritanomaly

74.5058, 0.3070, 0.3184

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322

## Achromatopsia

74.5404, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

74.3270, 0.3127, 0.3301

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 225, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 225, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 225, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 225, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 225, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 225, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 225, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 225, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 225, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 225,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 74.6539, 0.3126, 0.3322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 225, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
225, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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