

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(75.2339, 0.2928, 0.3272)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(75.2339, 0.2928, 0.3272)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAE6E8
RGB	202, 230, 232
RGB Percent	79%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.2079, 0.0980, 0.0900
CMYK	0.13, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	184°, 40%, 85%
HSV	184°, 13%, 91%
XYZ	67.2194, 74.9764, 87.3003
YIQ	221.8560, -17.3300, -5.3140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

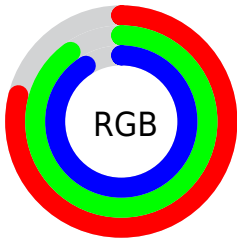
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	202, 216, 232
Decimal	13297384
CIE Lab	89.38, -8.76, -4.11
CIE LCh	89, 9.674, 205.129
Yxy	74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291487464 (0xFFCAE6E8)
YUV	221.8560, 5.0010, -17.4137
Hunter-Lab	86.5889, -12.9601, 0.8351

# Details

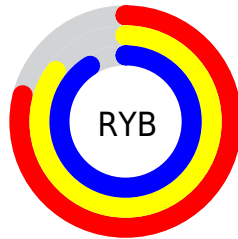
The Yxy color **74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **64.6176, 0.3361, 0.3313**, and the grayscale version is **72.9142, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **39.7026, 0.2889, 0.3260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.1136, 0.2785, 0.3248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.3400, 0.3081, 0.3285**.

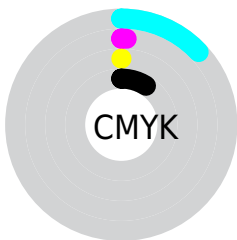
# Distribution



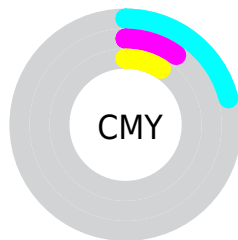
- Red (79%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.9764, 0.2929,  
0.3267

■ 74.9764, 0.2929,  
0.3267

477.8365, 0.3020,  
0.3278

■ 55.5936, 0.2908,  
0.3264

126.2790, 0.2960,  
0.3271

■ 39.8771, 0.2883,  
0.3261

158.9675, 0.2973,  
0.3273

■ 27.4428, 0.2851,  
0.3256

196.8600, 0.2983,  
0.3274

■ 17.9060, 0.2810,  
0.3250

240.3409, 0.2992,  
0.3275

■ 10.8825, 0.2754,  
0.3241

289.7946, 0.3000,  
0.3276

■ 5.9879, 0.2674,  
0.3228

345.6055, 0.3008,

■ 2.8377, 0.2551,

0.3277

408.1580, 0.3014,  
0.3278

0.3205

1.0476, 0.2334,  
0.3161

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

74.9764, 0.2929,  
0.3267

74.9764, 0.2929,  
0.3267

71.1136, 0.2785,  
0.3248

79.3400, 0.3081,  
0.3285

67.7205, 0.2651,  
0.3227

84.2152, 0.3238,  
0.3301

64.7769, 0.2531,  
0.3205

86.3404, 0.3282,  
0.3317

62.2575, 0.2427,  
0.3182

87.2412, 0.3280,  
0.3332


 60.1344, 0.2342,  
0.3159


 88.1499, 0.3279,  
0.3348


 58.3763, 0.2275,  
0.3136


 89.0665, 0.3277,  
0.3363


 56.9473, 0.2229,  
0.3113

 89.9911, 0.3276,  
0.3378

 55.8035, 0.2200,  
0.3090

 90.9238, 0.3274,  
0.3393

 55.1207, 0.2187,  
0.3075

 91.8644, 0.3272,  
0.3408

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.9764, 0.3005, 0.3372



74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267



74.9764, 0.2905, 0.3171

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267



74.9764, 0.3136, 0.3132



74.9764, 0.3318, 0.3472

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267



64.6176, 0.3361, 0.3313

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.9764, 0.3355, 0.3404



74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267



74.9764, 0.3249, 0.3209

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267



74.9764, 0.3023, 0.3095



74.9764, 0.3329, 0.3308



74.9764, 0.3230, 0.3492



# Rectangle

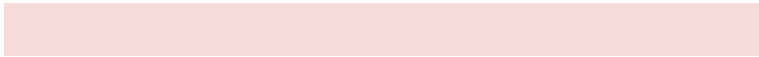
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267



74.9764, 0.2921, 0.3124



74.9764, 0.3329, 0.3308



74.9764, 0.3337, 0.3454

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.9795, 0.2929, 0.3267



97.6774, 0.3065, 0.3283



74.6477, 0.3099, 0.3608



20.8159, 0.3053, 0.3282



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

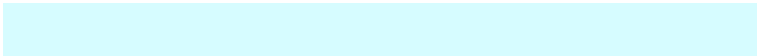


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.9795, 0.2929, 0.3267



91.3191, 0.2883, 0.3261



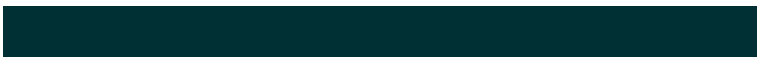
66.9863, 0.2925, 0.3099



16.1607, 0.2982, 0.3274



30.6646, 0.2188, 0.3078



2.3165, 0.2198, 0.3111



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.1080, 0.3157, 0.2992



76.4981, 0.3164, 0.2918



72.0957, 0.3339, 0.3474



14.5975, 0.3148, 0.3074



12.2933, 0.3386, 0.1639

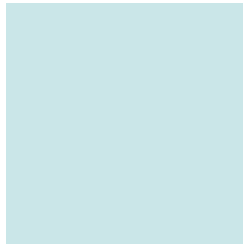


0.9135, 0.3357, 0.1623



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

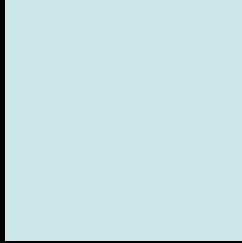
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

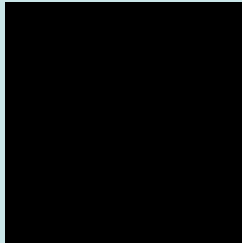
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

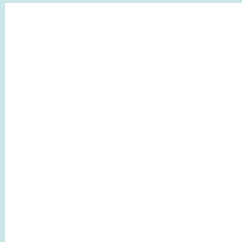
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267.

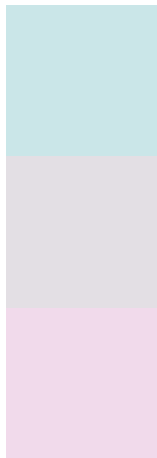


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267

### Protanopia

74.7077, 0.3123, 0.3237

### Deuteranopia

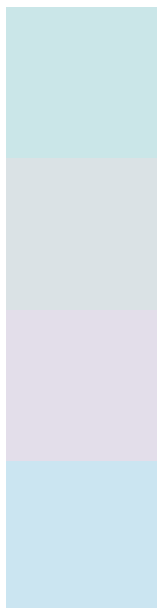
74.8417, 0.3178, 0.3116



## Tritanopia

74.9780, 0.2860, 0.3095

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267

## Protanomaly

74.9553, 0.3053, 0.3257

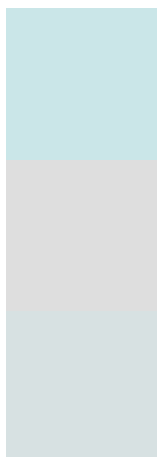
## Deuteranomaly

74.5140, 0.3084, 0.3163

## Tritanomaly

75.0860, 0.2883, 0.3159

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267

## Achromatopsia

73.0461, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

73.7885, 0.3052, 0.3279

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 230, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 230, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 230, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 230, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 230, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 230, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 230, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 230, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 230, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 230,  
232) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 74.9764, 0.2929, 0.3267 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 230, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
230, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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