

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	22
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	25
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	28

# Color

**Yxy(75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FFCD
RGB	0, 255, 205
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 80%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0000, 0.1960
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	168°, 100%, 50%
HSV	168°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	46.7782, 75.9278, 69.9553
YIQ	173.0550, -135.9300, -69.6100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

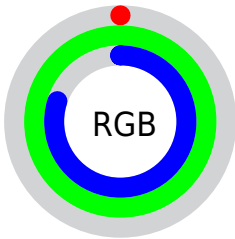
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 141, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">65485</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">89.83, -61.38, 9.88</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">90, 62.171, 170.855</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278255565 (0xFF00FFCD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">173.0550, 15.7489, -151.7692</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">87.1366, -56.6635, 13.3962</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**, and the color name is **sea green (crayola)**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **21.4902, 0.6125, 0.3148**, and the grayscale version is **41.7893, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.5219, 0.2436, 0.3288**, and **42.1669, 0.2462, 0.4063** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.9285, 0.2428, 0.3941**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.3869, 0.2422, 0.3870**.

# Distribution



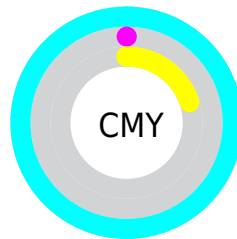
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 75.9278, 0.2428,  
0.3941

 75.9278, 0.2428,  
0.3941


481.1005, 0.2752,  
0.3631


 56.3733, 0.2354,  
0.4014


 127.6248, 0.2540,  
0.3832


 40.5023, 0.2264,  
0.4104


 160.5362, 0.2584,  
0.3790

 27.9304, 0.2149,  
0.4221


 198.6686, 0.2622,  
0.3754

 18.2732, 0.2001,  
0.4375

 242.4065, 0.2654,  
0.3723

 11.1463, 0.1802,  
0.4588

 292.1342, 0.2683,  
0.3696

 6.1653, 0.1525,  
0.4901


348.2362, 0.2709,

 2.9459, 0.1081,

0.3672

0.5420

411.0968, 0.2731,  
0.3650

 1.1035, 0.0000,  
0.6910


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 75.9278, 0.2428,  
0.3941


 75.9278, 0.2428,  
0.3941

 75.9285, 0.2428,  
0.3941

 76.3869, 0.2422,  
0.3870

 77.1307, 0.2432,  
0.3798

 78.2449, 0.2461,  
0.3725

 79.7815, 0.2511,  
0.3654

■ 81.7841, 0.2580,  
0.3584

■ 84.2908, 0.2666,  
0.3517

■ 87.3358, 0.2766,  
0.3453

■ 90.9501, 0.2879,  
0.3394

■ 95.1626, 0.3000,  
0.3340

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.9278, 0.3081, 0.4532



75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



75.9278, 0.1994, 0.3158

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



75.9278, 0.2387, 0.2178



75.9278, 0.4592, 0.3772

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



21.4902, 0.6125, 0.3148

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9278, 0.4392, 0.3225



75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



75.9278, 0.3032, 0.2359

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



75.9278, 0.1983, 0.2228



75.9278, 0.3789, 0.2730



75.9278, 0.4347, 0.4289



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



75.9278, 0.1865, 0.2720



75.9278, 0.3789, 0.2730



75.9278, 0.4578, 0.3588

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.9285, 0.2428, 0.3941



87.3358, 0.2766, 0.3453



72.2238, 0.3060, 0.5953



18.4042, 0.2722, 0.3479



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

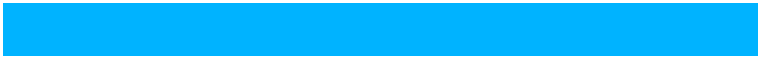


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.9285, 0.2428, 0.3941



39.2601, 0.1961, 0.2260



20.4168, 0.3006, 0.3337



39.6959, 0.2425, 0.3929



3.8799, 0.2402, 0.3847

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.4902, 0.6125, 0.3148



26.4981, 0.5995, 0.3622



18.0453, 0.3263, 0.3244



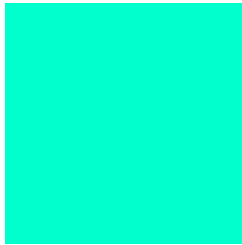
11.2455, 0.6090, 0.3129



1.1094, 0.5794, 0.2966

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

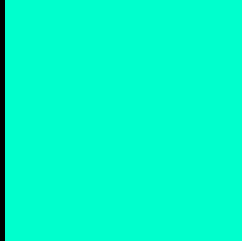
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

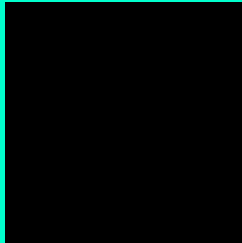
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941.



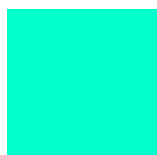
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941.



# Color Blindness Simulation

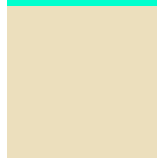
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



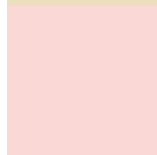
### Original Color

75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



### Protanopia

74.2823, 0.3452, 0.3655



### Deuteranopia

74.1065, 0.3385, 0.3311



## Tritanopia

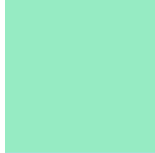
75.2029, 0.2494, 0.3116

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



## Protanomaly

69.8408, 0.2828, 0.3789



## Deuteranomaly

68.5659, 0.2781, 0.3521



## Tritanomaly

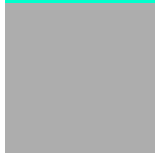
73.5929, 0.2400, 0.3386

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941



## Achromatopsia

41.7885, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

49.5297, 0.2618, 0.3548

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 75.9278, 0.2428, 0.3941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**



**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor