

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(76.1258, 0.2548, 0.3288)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(76.1258, 0.2548, 0.3288)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CF3F3
RGB	140, 243, 243
RGB Percent	55%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.4506, 0.0471, 0.0470
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	180°, 81%, 75%
HSV	180°, 42%, 95%
XYZ	59.0562, 76.1477, 96.3889
YIQ	212.2030, -61.3880, -21.8360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

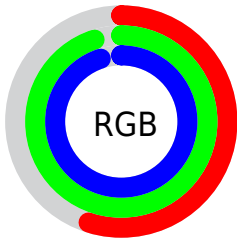
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	140, 192, 243
Decimal	9237491
CIE Lab	89.93, -29.93, -9.40
CIE LCh	90, 31.371, 197.442
Yxy	76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287427571 (0xFF8CF3F3)
YUV	212.2030, 15.1829, -63.3220
Hunter-Lab	87.2626, -31.9074, -4.4069

# Details

The Yxy color **76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **39.7440, 0.4235, 0.3294**, and the grayscale version is **65.9241, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.8821, 0.2800, 0.3289**, and **40.4550, 0.2420, 0.3272** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.2625, 0.2453, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.5051, 0.2665, 0.3288**.

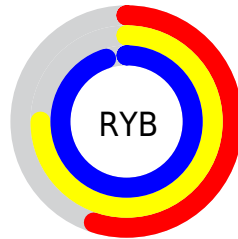
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (95%)

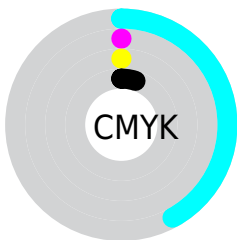
Blue (95%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (95%)

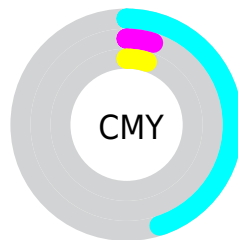


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.1477, 0.2550,  
0.3288


 76.1477, 0.2550,  
0.3288

481.8532, 0.2810,  
0.3295

 56.5536, 0.2492,  
0.3285


 127.9357, 0.2639,  
0.3291

 40.6470, 0.2422,  
0.3281


 160.8984, 0.2674,  
0.3292

 28.0433, 0.2334,  
0.3275


199.0860, 0.2704,  
0.3293

 18.3583, 0.2222,  
0.3265


242.8831, 0.2731,  
0.3294

 11.2076, 0.2075,  
0.3249

292.6740, 0.2754,  
0.3294

 6.2066, 0.1872,  
0.3220

348.8430, 0.2775,

 2.9711, 0.1578,

0.3294

0.3162

411.7746, 0.2793,  
0.3294

■ 1.1167, 0.0876,  
0.3114

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 76.1477, 0.2550,  
0.3288

■ 76.1477, 0.2550,  
0.3288

■ 74.2625, 0.2453,  
0.3288

■ 78.5051, 0.2665,  
0.3288

■ 72.8095, 0.2374,  
0.3287

■ 81.3539, 0.2795,  
0.3289


■ 71.7570, 0.2316,  
0.3287

■ 84.7230, 0.2938,  
0.3289

■ 71.0648, 0.2276,  
0.3287

■ 88.6366, 0.3090,  
0.3290


 70.6846, 0.2254,  
0.3287

 91.8438, 0.3205,  
0.3290

 70.5477, 0.2246,  
0.3287

 91.8472, 0.3205,  
0.3290

 91.8505, 0.3205,  
0.3290

 91.8539, 0.3205,  
0.3290

 91.8573, 0.3205,  
0.3291

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.1477, 0.2814, 0.3645



76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



76.1477, 0.2437, 0.2958

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



76.1477, 0.3048, 0.2765



76.1477, 0.3791, 0.3815

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



39.7440, 0.4235, 0.3294

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.1477, 0.3870, 0.3553



76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



76.1477, 0.3426, 0.2967

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



76.1477, 0.2711, 0.2683



76.1477, 0.3735, 0.3248



76.1477, 0.3530, 0.3953



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



76.1477, 0.2457, 0.2800



76.1477, 0.3735, 0.3248



76.1477, 0.3840, 0.3737

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.1507, 0.2550, 0.3288



94.2410, 0.2928, 0.3289



71.5892, 0.3065, 0.4608



19.9844, 0.2896, 0.3289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.1507, 0.2550, 0.3288



83.0771, 0.2464, 0.3288



49.5592, 0.2444, 0.2646



18.7572, 0.2981, 0.3290



38.7145, 0.2246, 0.3287



3.4028, 0.2246, 0.3287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.3113, 0.3176, 0.2251



43.1326, 0.3185, 0.2062



58.4570, 0.3981, 0.3849



16.7683, 0.3138, 0.3057



14.0076, 0.3210, 0.1542

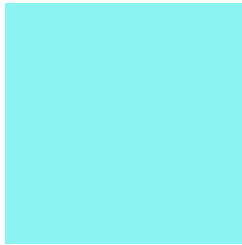


1.2312, 0.3210, 0.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

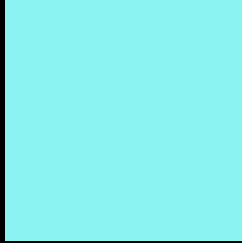
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

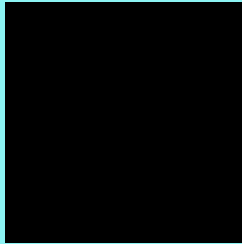
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288.

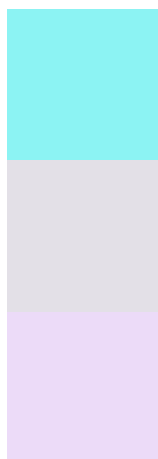


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288

### Protanopia

75.4117, 0.3103, 0.3216

### Deuteranopia

75.2732, 0.3057, 0.2994



## Tritanopia

75.8427, 0.2578, 0.3097

# Trichromacy



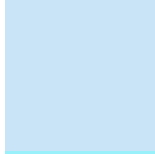
## Original Color

76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



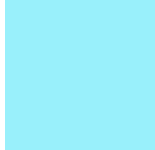
## Protanomaly

74.7521, 0.2868, 0.3245



## Deuteranomaly

74.5581, 0.2841, 0.3094



## Tritanomaly

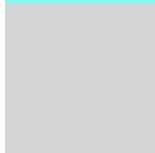
76.0575, 0.2566, 0.3163

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288



## Achromatopsia

65.8375, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

68.5422, 0.2877, 0.3289

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 243, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 243, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 243, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 243, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 243, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 243, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 243, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 243, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 243, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 243,  
243) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 76.1477, 0.2550, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 243, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
243, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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