

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(76.3301, 0.2425, 0.3884)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(76.3301, 0.2425, 0.3884)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	18FFD1
RGB	24, 255, 209
RGB Percent	9%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.9044, 0.0000, 0.1805
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	168°, 100%, 55%
HSV	168°, 90%, 100%
XYZ	47.6494, 76.3176, 72.5253
YIQ	180.6870, -122.9100, -63.2780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

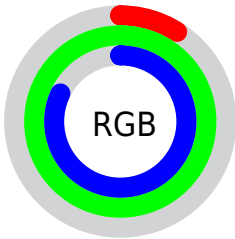
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	24, 152, 255
Decimal	1638353
CIELab	90.01, -59.72, 8.10
CIELCh	90, 60.272, 172.272
Yxy	76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279828433 (0xFF18FFD1)
YUV	180.6870, 13.9583, -137.4145
Hunter-Lab	87.3599, -55.5193, 11.9300

# Details

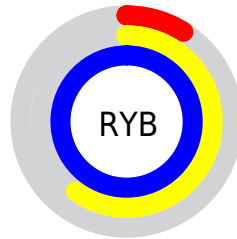
The Yxy color **76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **22.3766, 0.5848, 0.3065**, and the grayscale version is **46.0678, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.8049, 0.2450, 0.3288**, and **42.2991, 0.2442, 0.3991** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.8841, 0.2432, 0.3954**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.0530, 0.2434, 0.3811**.

# Distribution



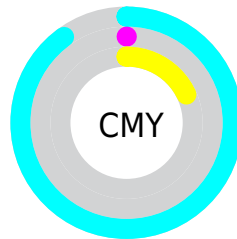
- Red (9%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.3176, 0.2425,  
0.3884


 76.3176, 0.2425,  
0.3884


482.4342, 0.2749,  
0.3603


 56.6930, 0.2352,  
0.3949

 128.1758, 0.2537,  
0.3786

 40.7588, 0.2262,  
0.4031


 161.1781, 0.2580,  
0.3748

 28.1307, 0.2148,  
0.4134


 199.4084, 0.2618,  
0.3715

 18.4242, 0.2002,  
0.4271

 243.2512, 0.2651,  
0.3687

 11.2550, 0.1807,  
0.4460

293.0907, 0.2680,  
0.3662

 6.2386, 0.1536,  
0.4734


349.3115, 0.2705,

 2.9907, 0.1120,


0.3640


412.2979, 0.2728,  
0.3621

0.5176


 1.1269, 0.0000,  
0.6379


 0.0007, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 76.3176, 0.2425,  
0.3884


 76.3176, 0.2425,  
0.3884

 75.8841, 0.2432,  
0.3954


 77.0530, 0.2434,  
0.3811


 78.1535, 0.2462,  
0.3737


 79.6746, 0.2511,  
0.3664

 81.6602, 0.2578,  
0.3592

 84.1487, 0.2663,  
0.3524

 87.1743, 0.2763,  
0.3459

 90.7683, 0.2875,  
0.3398

 94.9594, 0.2995,  
0.3343

99.7747, 0.3122,  
0.3292

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.3176, 0.3053, 0.4471



76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



76.3176, 0.2014, 0.3131

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



76.3176, 0.2434, 0.2212



76.3176, 0.4545, 0.3789

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



22.3766, 0.5848, 0.3065

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.3176, 0.4371, 0.3255



76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



76.3176, 0.3070, 0.2398

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



76.3176, 0.2027, 0.2250



76.3176, 0.3802, 0.2767



76.3176, 0.4293, 0.4284



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



76.3176, 0.1896, 0.2714



76.3176, 0.3802, 0.2767



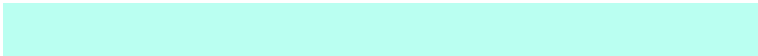
76.3176, 0.4537, 0.3610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.3206, 0.2425, 0.3884



88.3443, 0.2800, 0.3438



72.9080, 0.3096, 0.5864



18.6606, 0.2763, 0.3459



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

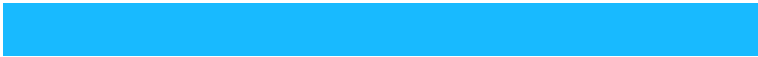
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.3206, 0.2425, 0.3884



75.8850, 0.2432, 0.3954



42.4593, 0.2005, 0.2368



20.4157, 0.3007, 0.3338



39.6734, 0.2428, 0.3941



3.8779, 0.2405, 0.3858



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.3766, 0.5848, 0.3065



21.4980, 0.6117, 0.3143



29.2569, 0.5760, 0.3714



18.0463, 0.3263, 0.3243



11.2498, 0.6081, 0.3124

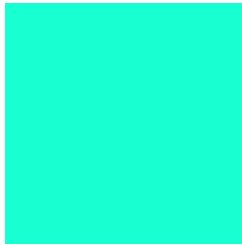


1.1100, 0.5783, 0.2960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

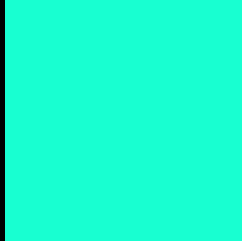
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

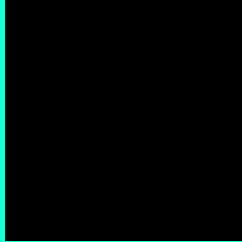
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884.

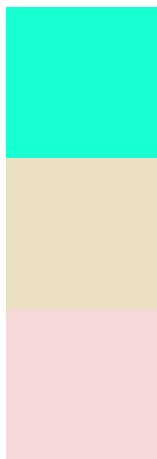


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884

### Protanopia

74.8237, 0.3415, 0.3623

### Deuteranopia

74.5919, 0.3355, 0.3291



## Tritanopia

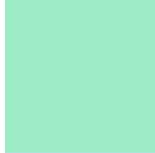
75.3798, 0.2503, 0.3116

# Trichromacy



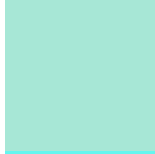
## Original Color

76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



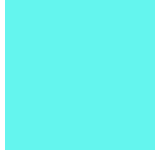
## Protanomaly

70.8093, 0.2852, 0.3731



## Deuteranomaly

70.2224, 0.2818, 0.3493



## Tritanomaly

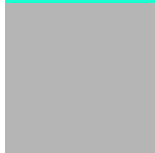
74.1872, 0.2425, 0.3373

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884



## Achromatopsia

46.2077, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

53.1584, 0.2670, 0.3524

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(24, 255, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(24, 255, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(24, 255, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(24, 255, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(24, 255, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(24, 255, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(24, 255, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(24, 255, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 255, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(24, 255,  
209) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 76.3176, 0.2425, 0.3884 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(24, 255, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(24, 255,  
209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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