

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(76.3882, 0.2669, 0.3073)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(76.3882, 0.2669, 0.3073)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3EBFF
RGB	179, 235, 255
RGB Percent	70%, 92%, 100%
CMY	0.2982, 0.0784, 0.0001
CMYK	0.30, 0.08, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	196°, 100%, 85%
HSV	196°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	66.3358, 76.2204, 105.7996
YIQ	220.5360, -39.7960, -5.6520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

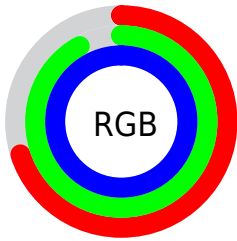
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	179, 211, 255
Decimal	11791359
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	89.96, -13.22, -15.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	90, 20.296, 229.364
Yxy	76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289981439 (0xFFB3EBFF)
YUV	220.5360, 16.9908, -36.4271
Hunter-Lab	87.3043, -17.1541, -10.7375

# Details

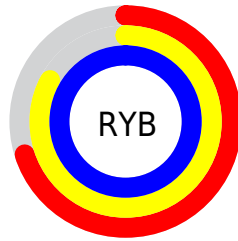
The Yxy color **76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **65.3101, 0.3738, 0.3500**, and the grayscale version is **71.8582, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.5729, 0.3011, 0.3290**, and **40.6025, 0.2571, 0.3015** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.7013, 0.2529, 0.2982**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.4514, 0.2821, 0.3150**.

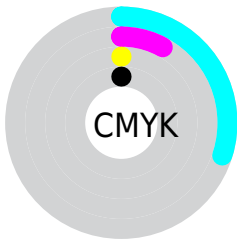
# Distribution



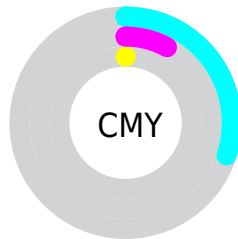
- Red (70%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.2204, 0.2671,  
0.3069

 76.2204, 0.2671,  
0.3069

482.1018, 0.2877,  
0.3173

 56.6133, 0.2625,  
0.3045


 128.0384, 0.2741,  
0.3106

 40.6948, 0.2570,  
0.3015


161.0181, 0.2769,  
0.3120

 28.0807, 0.2500,  
0.2976


199.2240, 0.2793,  
0.3132

 18.3865, 0.2411,  
0.2926

243.0406, 0.2814,  
0.3142

 11.2278, 0.2293,  
0.2857

292.8523, 0.2832,  
0.3152

 6.2203, 0.2130,  
0.2757

349.0435, 0.2849,

 2.9795, 0.1892,

0.3160

0.2600

411.9985, 0.2864,  
0.3167

1.1210, 0.1508,  
0.2330

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

76.2204, 0.2671,  
0.3069

76.2204, 0.2671,  
0.3069

69.7013, 0.2529,  
0.2982

83.4514, 0.2821,  
0.3150

63.8523, 0.2397,  
0.2890

91.4153, 0.2975,  
0.3224

58.6410, 0.2280,  
0.2794

99.9983, 0.3127,  
0.3290

54.0278, 0.2181,  
0.2695

■ 49.9676, 0.2101,  
0.2595

■ 46.4069, 0.2042,  
0.2496

■ 43.2613, 0.2000,  
0.2399

■ 43.2057, 0.1999,  
0.2397

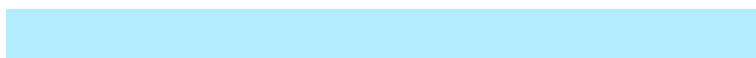
# Harmonies

## Analogous

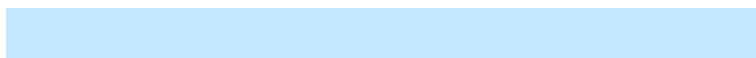
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.2204, 0.2741, 0.3279



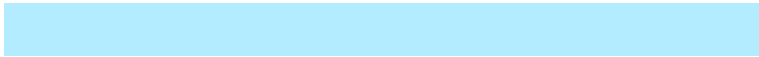
76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069



76.2204, 0.2717, 0.2930

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069



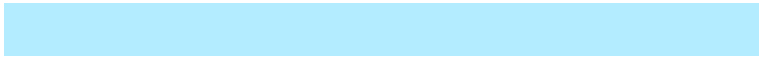
76.2204, 0.3337, 0.3089



76.2204, 0.3379, 0.3717

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069



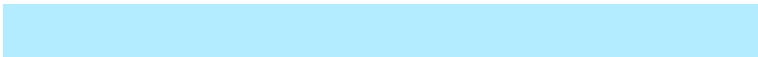
65.3101, 0.3738, 0.3500

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.2204, 0.3550, 0.3645



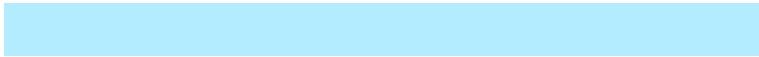
76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069



76.2204, 0.3527, 0.3281

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



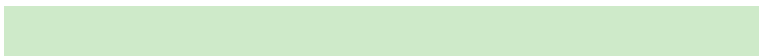
76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069



76.2204, 0.3095, 0.2948



76.2204, 0.3606, 0.3483

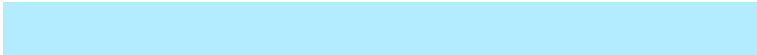


76.2204, 0.3145, 0.3667



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069



76.2204, 0.2808, 0.2891



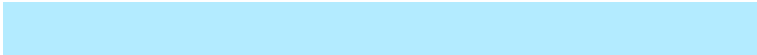
76.2204, 0.3606, 0.3483



76.2204, 0.3446, 0.3706

# Sweetspot

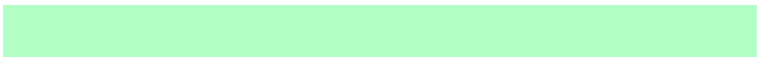
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.2234, 0.2671, 0.3069



92.1208, 0.2988, 0.3230



85.1557, 0.2985, 0.3940



19.4576, 0.2965, 0.3219



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

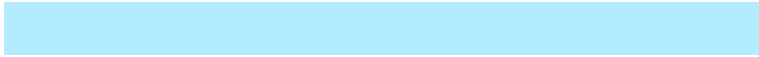


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

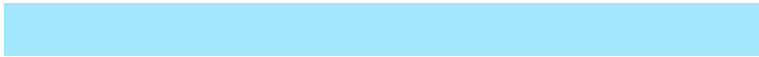


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.2234, 0.2671, 0.3069



72.1262, 0.2582, 0.3016



57.1637, 0.2623, 0.2639



19.6271, 0.2980, 0.3226



22.8376, 0.2004, 0.2413



2.4017, 0.2035, 0.2525



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.4741, 0.3317, 0.2727



53.2896, 0.3367, 0.2609



84.4796, 0.3630, 0.3865



18.2142, 0.3178, 0.3116



13.0334, 0.4010, 0.1983

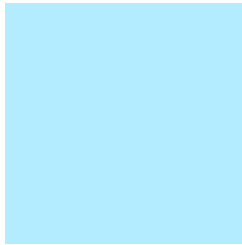


1.2870, 0.3898, 0.1921



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

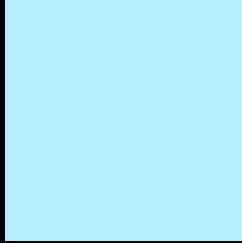
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

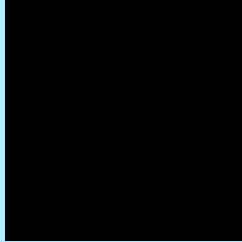
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069.

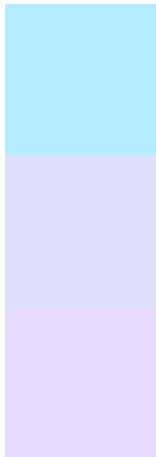


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069

### Protanopia

75.7766, 0.2969, 0.3039

### Deuteranopia

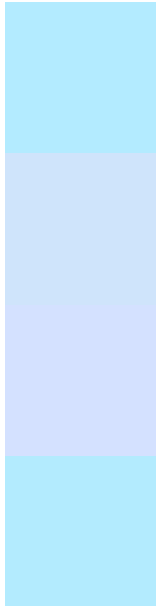
75.3953, 0.2979, 0.2932



## Tritanopia

76.1561, 0.2676, 0.3079

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069

**Protanomaly**

75.7172, 0.2850, 0.3044

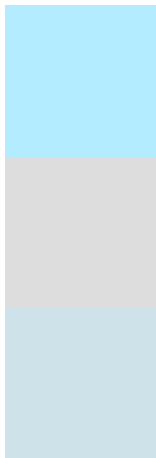
**Deuteranomaly**

75.0675, 0.2857, 0.2973

**Tritanomaly**

76.1561, 0.2676, 0.3079

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069

**Achromatopsia**

72.3055, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

73.3977, 0.2948, 0.3213

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 235, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 235, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 235, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 235, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 235, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 235, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 235, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 235, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 235, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 235,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 76.2204, 0.2671, 0.3069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 235, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
235, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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