

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3AFFC5
RGB	58, 255, 197
RGB Percent	23%, 100%, 77%
CMY	0.7731, 0.0000, 0.2275
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	162°, 100%, 61%
HSV	162°, 77%, 100%
XYZ	47.5761, 76.4508, 65.0673
YIQ	189.4850, -98.7940, -59.8020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

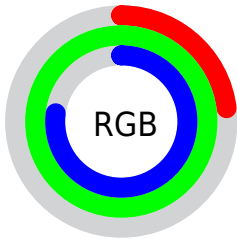
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	58, 174, 255
Decimal	3866565
CIELab	90.07, -60.19, 14.42
CIELCh	90, 61.896, 166.532
Yxy	76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282056645 (0xFF3AFFC5)
YUV	189.4850, 3.7049, -115.3123
Hunter-Lab	87.4361, -55.8871, 17.0835

# Details

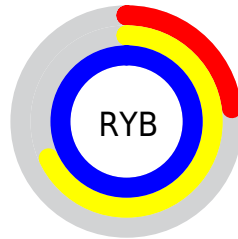
The Yxy color **76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **25.5307, 0.5076, 0.2824**, and the grayscale version is **51.1770, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.7441, 0.2501, 0.3299**, and **41.9157, 0.2502, 0.4208** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.5285, 0.2509, 0.4156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7593, 0.2543, 0.3930**.

# Distribution



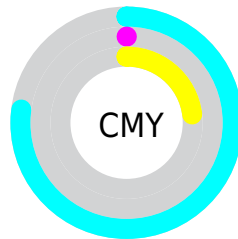
- Red (23%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.4508, 0.2516,  
0.4043

 76.4508, 0.2516,  
0.4043


482.8895, 0.2803,  
0.3681


 56.8022, 0.2450,  
0.4129

 128.3639, 0.2616,  
0.3915


 40.8465, 0.2368,  
0.4237

 161.3973, 0.2655,  
0.3865

 28.1991, 0.2264,  
0.4376


 199.6611, 0.2688,  
0.3823

 18.4758, 0.2127,  
0.4563

 243.5396, 0.2717,  
0.3787

 11.2922, 0.1941,  
0.4823

293.4173, 0.2743,  
0.3755

 6.2637, 0.1676,  
0.5212


349.6786, 0.2765,


 3.0061, 0.1251,

0.3728


0.5858


412.7079, 0.2785,  
0.3703


 1.1349, 0.0000,  
0.8465


 0.0076, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 76.4508, 0.2516,  
0.4043


 76.4508, 0.2516,  
0.4043


 75.5285, 0.2509,  
0.4156


 77.7593, 0.2543,  
0.3930

 74.9412, 0.2522,  
0.4267

 79.5163, 0.2590,  
0.3818

 74.8139, 0.2527,  
0.4297

 81.7596, 0.2655,  
0.3711

 84.5263, 0.2736,  
0.3609

■ 87.8499, 0.2830,  
0.3513

■ 91.7609, 0.2934,  
0.3424

■ 96.2876, 0.3044,  
0.3344

■ 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.4508, 0.3184, 0.4569



76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



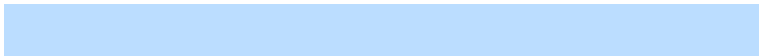
76.4508, 0.2046, 0.3267

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



76.4508, 0.2317, 0.2177



76.4508, 0.4583, 0.3691

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



25.5307, 0.5076, 0.2824

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.4508, 0.4318, 0.3150



76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



76.4508, 0.2929, 0.2326

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



76.4508, 0.1953, 0.2262



76.4508, 0.3679, 0.2670



76.4508, 0.4398, 0.4216



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



76.4508, 0.1889, 0.2808



76.4508, 0.3679, 0.2670



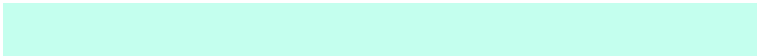
76.4508, 0.4546, 0.3509

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.4465, 0.2516, 0.4043



89.4607, 0.2874, 0.3474



75.6065, 0.3231, 0.5570



18.8575, 0.2837, 0.3506



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.4465, 0.2516, 0.4043



75.1592, 0.2515, 0.4220



57.0090, 0.2163, 0.2787



20.3850, 0.3019, 0.3361



39.1193, 0.2522, 0.4279



3.8281, 0.2487, 0.4152



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.5307, 0.5076, 0.2824



22.3862, 0.5626, 0.2916



30.1679, 0.5523, 0.3598



18.0750, 0.3248, 0.3220



11.3970, 0.5789, 0.2963

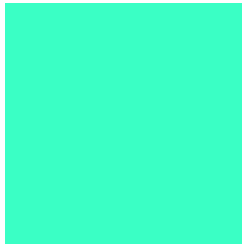


1.1278, 0.5469, 0.2786



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

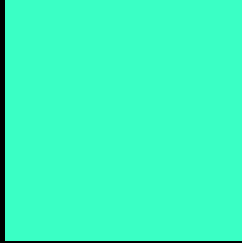
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

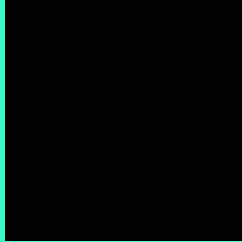
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043.

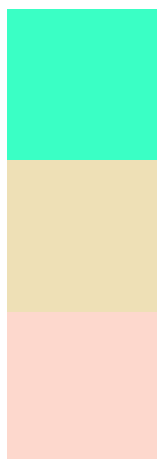


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043

### Protanopia

74.8659, 0.3514, 0.3739

### Deuteranopia

74.4022, 0.3481, 0.3404



## Tritanopia

75.6512, 0.2516, 0.3117

# Trichromacy



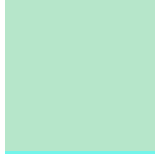
## Original Color

76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



## Protanomaly

71.7752, 0.3004, 0.3871



## Deuteranomaly

70.8030, 0.2979, 0.3621



## Tritanomaly

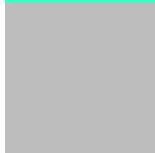
74.8227, 0.2490, 0.3422

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043



## Achromatopsia

50.8881, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

57.0570, 0.2770, 0.3568

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 255, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 255, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 255, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 255, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 255, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 255, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 255, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 255, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 255, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 255,  
197) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 76.4508, 0.2516, 0.4043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 255, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 255,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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