

Converting Colors

$Yxy(76.8460, 0.3126, 0.3289)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(76.8460, 0.3126, 0.3289)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E3E3
RGB	227, 227, 227
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1099, 0.1098, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	174°, 0%, 89%
HSV	174°, 0%, 89%
XYZ	73.0094, 76.8151, 83.6561
YIQ	227.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	227, 227, 227
Decimal	14935011
CIE Lab	90.24, -0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	90, 0.013, 259.964
Yxy	76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293125091 (0xFFE3E3E3)
YUV	227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	87.6442, -4.6834, 4.7589

Details

The Yxy color $76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $76.8074, 0.3127, 0.3290$, and the grayscale version is $76.8166, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290$, and $41.2543, 0.3127, 0.3290$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $73.2472, 0.2987, 0.3314$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $80.8778, 0.3272, 0.3268$.

Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (89%)

Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)


Magenta (11%)


Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 76.8151, 0.3127,
0.3290

 76.8151, 0.3127,
0.3290

484.1334, 0.3127,
0.3290

 57.1011, 0.3127,
0.3290

128.8784, 0.3127,
0.3290

 41.0864, 0.3127,
0.3290

161.9966, 0.3127,
0.3290

 28.3866, 0.3127,
0.3290


200.3516, 0.3127,
0.3290

 18.6173, 0.3127,
0.3290

244.3279, 0.3127,
0.3290

 11.3941, 0.3127,
0.3290

294.3098, 0.3127,
0.3290

 6.3326, 0.3127,
0.3290

350.6818, 0.3127,

 3.0483, 0.3126,

0.3290

413.8282, 0.3127,
0.3290

0.3290

1.1570, 0.3126,
0.3289

0.0262, 0.3088,
0.3256

76.8151, 0.3127,
0.3290

76.8151, 0.3127,
0.3290

73.2472, 0.2987,
0.3314

80.8778, 0.3272,
0.3268

70.1453, 0.2854,
0.3340

81.9953, 0.3294,
0.3247

67.4926, 0.2731,
0.3368

82.1203, 0.3280,
0.3225

65.2674, 0.2621,
0.3399

82.2468, 0.3265,
0.3204

63.4464, 0.2527,
0.3430

82.3748, 0.3251,
0.3182

62.0041, 0.2451,
0.3463

82.5045, 0.3236,
0.3161

60.9117, 0.2393,
0.3496

82.6357, 0.3222,
0.3140

60.1368, 0.2356,
0.3529

82.7685, 0.3207,
0.3119

59.6405, 0.2336,
0.3562

82.9028, 0.3193,
0.3098

Harmonies

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3128, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8074, 0.3127, 0.3290

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



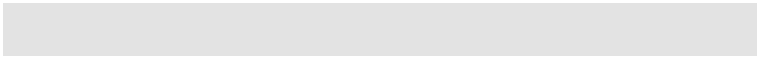
76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3128, 0.3290

Square

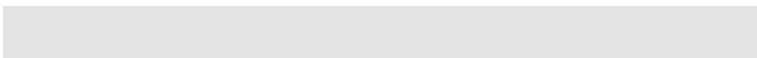
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



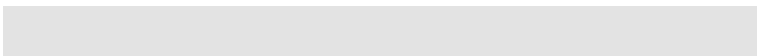
76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3128, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3128, 0.3290



76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.8184, 0.3127, 0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8175, 0.3127, 0.3290



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.8184, 0.3127, 0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8129, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290



34.6226, 0.2331, 0.3590



2.5655, 0.2317, 0.3542

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.8074, 0.3127, 0.3290

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290



76.8129, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.5655, 0.6287, 0.3237



0.7146, 0.6020, 0.3090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290.

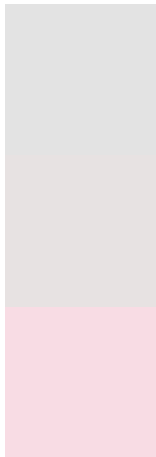


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Protanopia

76.8726, 0.3162, 0.3290

Deuteranopia

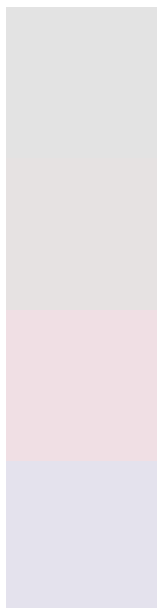
76.7443, 0.3275, 0.3209



Tritanopia

76.9192, 0.3046, 0.3113

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Protanomaly

76.7067, 0.3155, 0.3290

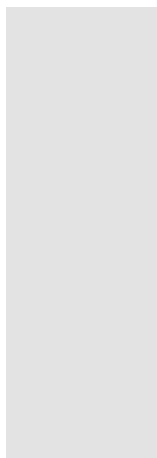
Deuteranomaly

76.9021, 0.3214, 0.3239

Tritanomaly

77.0011, 0.3071, 0.3175

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatopsia

76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 227, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 227, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 227, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 227, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 227, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 227, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 227, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 227, 227); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 227, 227); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 227, 227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 227, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
227, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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