

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(76.8738, 0.4036, 0.4321)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(76.8738, 0.4036, 0.4321)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE279
RGB	255, 226, 121
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 47%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1137, 0.5257
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.53, 0.00
HSL	47°, 100%, 74%
HSV	47°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	71.8870, 77.0332, 29.1501
YIQ	222.7010, 50.9890, -26.5070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

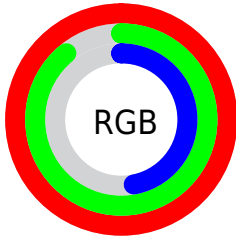
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	158, 255, 121
Decimal	16769657
CIE Lab	90.34, -2.79, 54.44
CIE LCh	90, 54.510, 92.938
Yxy	77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959737 (0xFFFFE279)
YUV	222.7010, -50.1386, 28.3262
Hunter-Lab	87.7686, -7.3943, 41.7463

# Details

The Yxy color **77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **33.0735, 0.2180, 0.1958**, and the grayscale version is **73.9013, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.9146, 0.3597, 0.4066**, and **41.2789, 0.4214, 0.4533** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.5390, 0.4208, 0.4482**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.7934, 0.3856, 0.4144**.

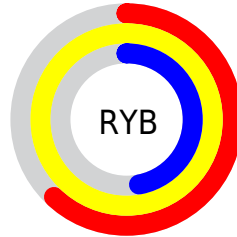
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

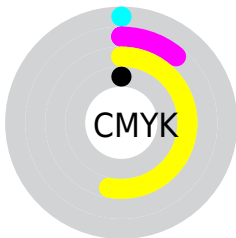
Blue (47%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (47%)

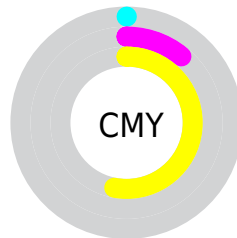


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 77.0332, 0.4037,  
0.4326

 77.0332, 0.4037,  
0.4326


484.8772, 0.3641,  
0.3869


 57.2801, 0.4117,  
0.4420


 129.1863, 0.3907,  
0.4175

 41.2302, 0.4210,  
0.4531


 162.3552, 0.3854,  
0.4114

 28.4990, 0.4317,  
0.4660


 200.7648, 0.3808,  
0.4060

 18.7021, 0.4438,  
0.4809

244.7995, 0.3767,  
0.4013

 11.4553, 0.4566,  
0.4974

294.8437, 0.3730,  
0.3971

 6.3739, 0.4768,  
0.5232

351.2818, 0.3697,

 3.0738, 0.4738,

0.3933

414.4981, 0.3668,  
0.3900

0.5262

■ 1.1704, 0.4687,  
0.5313

■ 0.0373, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 77.0332, 0.4037,  
0.4326

■ 77.0332, 0.4037,  
0.4326

■ 73.5390, 0.4208,  
0.4482

■ 80.7934, 0.3856,  
0.4144

■ 70.2902, 0.4362,  
0.4601

■ 84.8260, 0.3673,  
0.3945

■ 67.2727, 0.4491,  
0.4675

■ 89.1448, 0.3494,  
0.3740

■ 64.4669, 0.4589,  
0.4701

■ 93.7606, 0.3324,  
0.3536

62.4986, 0.4645,  
0.4693

98.6835, 0.3166,  
0.3339

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

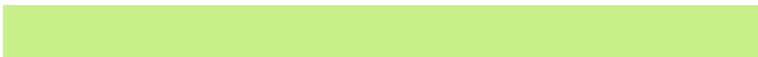
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.0332, 0.4373, 0.3928



77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326



77.0332, 0.3475, 0.4468

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326



77.0332, 0.2039, 0.2941



77.0332, 0.3314, 0.2578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326



33.0735, 0.2180, 0.1958

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.0332, 0.2685, 0.2341



77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326



77.0332, 0.2007, 0.2495

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326



77.0332, 0.2331, 0.3584



77.0332, 0.2229, 0.2302



77.0332, 0.3949, 0.2967

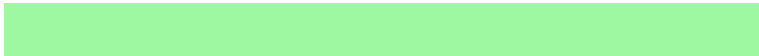


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326



77.0332, 0.3055, 0.4335



77.0332, 0.2229, 0.2302



77.0332, 0.3094, 0.2480

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



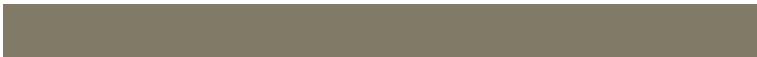
77.0353, 0.4037, 0.4326



92.1438, 0.3382, 0.3606



37.1227, 0.4324, 0.2996



19.5185, 0.3416, 0.3648



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.0353, 0.4037, 0.4326



73.3947, 0.4215, 0.4488



87.6535, 0.3629, 0.4690



20.3847, 0.3275, 0.3475



32.8853, 0.4636, 0.4701



3.3596, 0.4576, 0.4749



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.0735, 0.2180, 0.1958



25.3438, 0.1987, 0.1648



28.2444, 0.2368, 0.1708



18.0145, 0.2979, 0.3098



5.3837, 0.1562, 0.0821



0.6757, 0.1616, 0.1018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

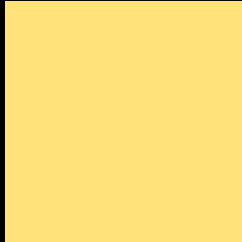
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326

### Protanopia

77.3765, 0.3996, 0.4356

### Deuteranopia

76.9214, 0.3641, 0.3690



## Tritanopia

77.0600, 0.3321, 0.3181

# Trichromacy

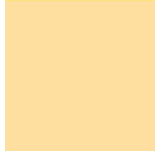


## Original Color

77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326

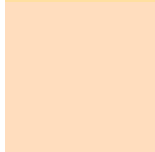
## Protanomaly

77.0141, 0.4008, 0.4344



## Deuteranomaly

76.5734, 0.3800, 0.3933



## Tritanomaly

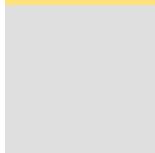
76.6906, 0.3594, 0.3608

# Monochromacy



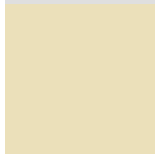
## Original Color

77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326



## Achromatopsia

73.7910, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

74.5186, 0.3464, 0.3699

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 226, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 226, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 226, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 226, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 226, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 226, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 226, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 226, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226,  
121) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $Yxy$  77.0332, 0.4037, 0.4326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 226, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
226, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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