

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(76.9604, 0.3441, 0.3371)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(76.9604, 0.3441, 0.3371)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDCD4
RGB	255, 220, 212
RGB Percent	100%, 86%, 83%
CMY	0.0001, 0.1372, 0.1687
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	11°, 100%, 92%
HSV	11°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	78.7109, 77.1999, 73.0331
YIQ	229.5530, 23.4280, 4.9320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

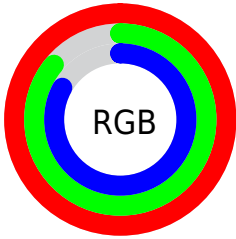
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 222, 212
Decimal	16768212
CIE Lab	90.41, 10.86, 8.40
CIE LCh	90, 13.727, 37.728
Yxy	77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958292 (0xFFFFDCD4)
YUV	229.5530, -8.6536, 22.3170
Hunter-Lab	87.8635, 6.1450, 12.2219

# Details

The Yxy color **77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87.7120, 0.2868, 0.3206**, and the grayscale version is **78.8359, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **41.3504, 0.3516, 0.3395** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7958, 0.3676, 0.3424**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.1648, 0.3241, 0.3322**.

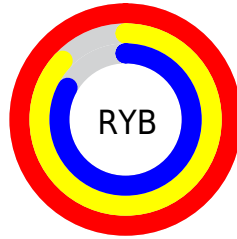
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (86%)

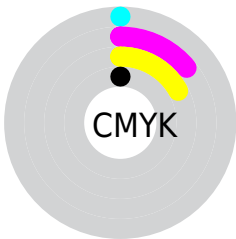
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (83%)

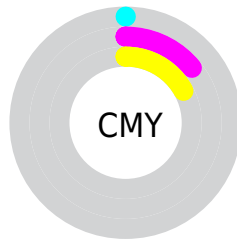


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 77.1999, 0.3438,  
0.3372

 77.1999, 0.3438,  
0.3372


485.4453, 0.3295,  
0.3336

 57.4170, 0.3471,  
0.3380


129.4216, 0.3388,  
0.3360

 41.3401, 0.3511,  
0.3389


162.6292, 0.3369,  
0.3355

 28.5849, 0.3562,  
0.3400


201.0804, 0.3352,  
0.3351

 18.7670, 0.3628,  
0.3414

245.1597, 0.3338,  
0.3347

 11.5021, 0.3718,  
0.3432

295.2514, 0.3325,  
0.3344

 6.4056, 0.3848,  
0.3455

351.7400, 0.3314,

 3.0932, 0.4049,

0.3341

0.3485

415.0099, 0.3304,  
0.3339

■ 1.1806, 0.4438,  
0.3552

■ 0.0458, 0.8708,  
0.1292

■ 77.1999, 0.3438,  
0.3372

■ 77.1999, 0.3438,  
0.3372

■ 65.7958, 0.3676,  
0.3424

■ 90.1648, 0.3241,  
0.3322

■ 55.8832, 0.3963,  
0.3477

99.9967, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 47.4032, 0.4302,  
0.3526

■ 40.2889, 0.4689,  
0.3565

■ 34.4677, 0.5110,  
0.3585

■ 29.8605, 0.5529,  
0.3576

■ 26.3788, 0.5897,  
0.3534

■ 23.9212, 0.6163,  
0.3461

■ 23.3365, 0.6227,  
0.3438

# Harmonies

## Analogous

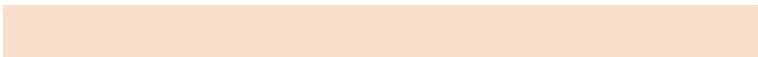
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.1999, 0.3354, 0.3232



77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372



77.1999, 0.3436, 0.3495

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372



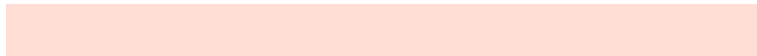
77.1999, 0.3042, 0.3481



77.1999, 0.2905, 0.3020

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



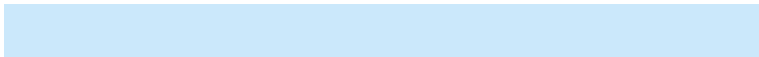
77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372



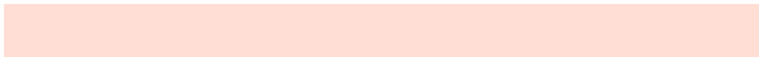
87.7120, 0.2868, 0.3206

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.1999, 0.2827, 0.3077



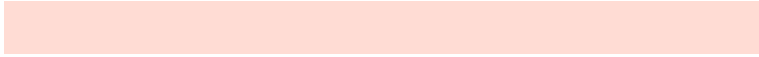
77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372



77.1999, 0.2904, 0.3344

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372



77.1999, 0.3205, 0.3564



77.1999, 0.2826, 0.3195



77.1999, 0.3044, 0.3033

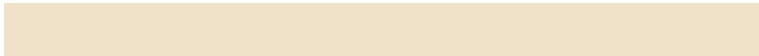


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



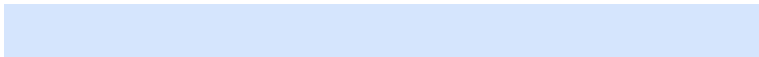
77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372



77.1999, 0.3387, 0.3551



77.1999, 0.2826, 0.3195



77.1999, 0.2871, 0.3031

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.2034, 0.3438, 0.3372



92.7665, 0.3209, 0.3313



75.0610, 0.3200, 0.2945



19.6452, 0.3221, 0.3317



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

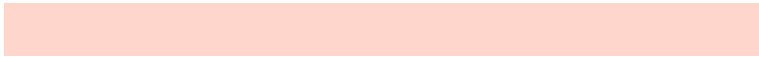


# Same Dimension

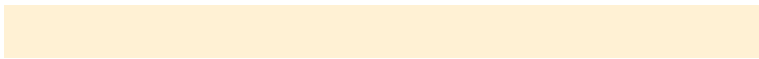
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.2034, 0.3438, 0.3372



73.4686, 0.3508, 0.3388



89.1389, 0.3403, 0.3582



18.5353, 0.3290, 0.3335



12.3518, 0.6204, 0.3456

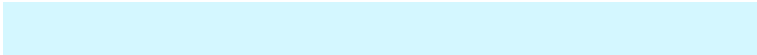


1.3421, 0.6003, 0.3615

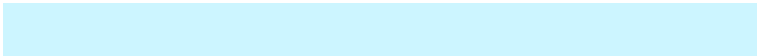


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.7120, 0.2868, 0.3206



85.6549, 0.2821, 0.3189



75.3929, 0.2857, 0.2980



19.8711, 0.2980, 0.3245



27.4028, 0.2078, 0.2680

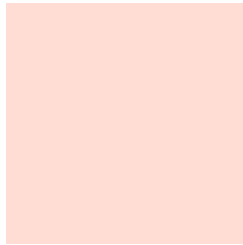


2.8103, 0.2099, 0.2757



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

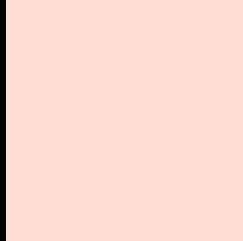
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

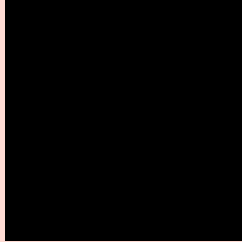
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

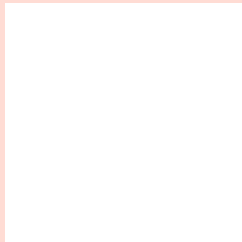
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372.

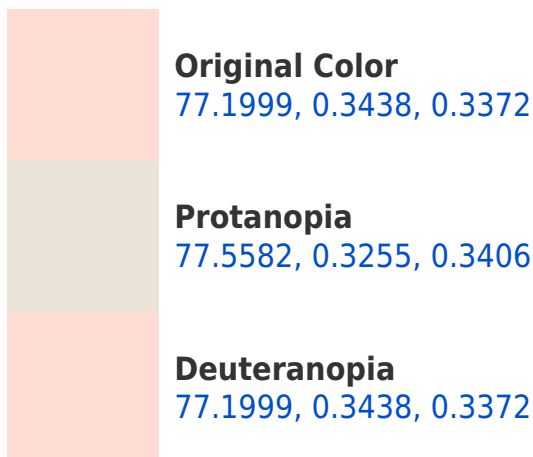


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

77.2860, 0.3293, 0.3141

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372

## Protanomaly

77.0949, 0.3316, 0.3384

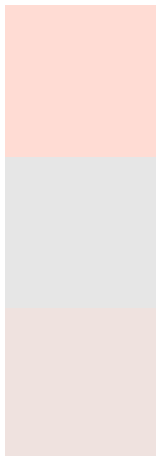
## Deuteranomaly

77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372

## Tritanomaly

77.3593, 0.3348, 0.3231

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372

## Achromatopsia

79.1298, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

78.0711, 0.3238, 0.3321

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 220, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 220, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 220, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 220, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 220, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 220, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 220, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 220, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 220, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 220,  
212) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $Yxy\ 77.1999, 0.3438, 0.3372$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 220, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
220, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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