

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(77.1328, 0.3166, 0.3283)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(77.1328, 0.3166, 0.3283)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8E2E3
RGB	232, 226, 227
RGB Percent	91%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.0905, 0.1136, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.02, 0.09
HSL	350°, 11%, 90%
HSV	350°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	74.3211, 77.0946, 83.6288
YIQ	227.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

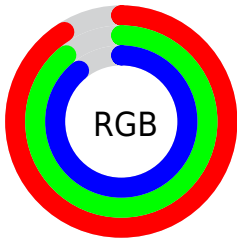
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 226, 227
Decimal	15262435
CIE Lab	90.37, 2.17, 0.23
CIE LCh	90, 2.181, 6.027
Yxy	77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293452515 (0xFFE8E2E3)
YUV	227.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887
Hunter-Lab	87.8035, -2.5653, 4.9915

# Details

The Yxy color `77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `79.6132, 0.3093, 0.3300`, and the grayscale version is `77.5088, 0.3127, 0.3290`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290`, and `41.3345, 0.3164, 0.3277` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `64.3118, 0.3319, 0.3239`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `91.7111, 0.3035, 0.3318`.

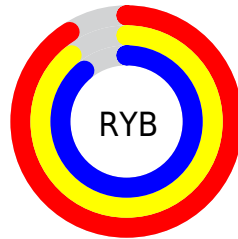
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (89%)

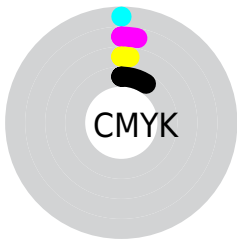
Blue (89%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)

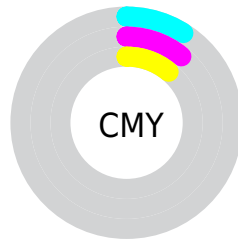


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.0946, 0.3162,  
0.3280

■ 77.0946, 0.3162,  
0.3280

485.0865, 0.3146,  
0.3285

■ 57.3305, 0.3166,  
0.3279

129.2730, 0.3156,  
0.3282

■ 41.2707, 0.3170,  
0.3278

162.4561, 0.3154,  
0.3282

■ 28.5306, 0.3176,  
0.3276

200.8811, 0.3153,  
0.3283

■ 18.7260, 0.3183,  
0.3274

244.9322, 0.3151,  
0.3283

■ 11.4725, 0.3193,  
0.3271

294.9939, 0.3149,  
0.3284

■ 6.3856, 0.3207,  
0.3267

351.4506, 0.3148,

■ 3.0809, 0.3229,

0.3284

0.3260

414.6867, 0.3147,  
0.3284

■ 1.1741, 0.3268,  
0.3248

■ 0.0404, 0.5718,  
0.2530

■ 77.0946, 0.3162,  
0.3280

■ 77.0946, 0.3162,  
0.3280

■ 64.3118, 0.3319,  
0.3239

■ 91.7111, 0.3035,  
0.3318

■ 53.2806, 0.3514,  
0.3195

■ 95.8836, 0.2987,  
0.3290

■ 43.9276, 0.3755,  
0.3151

■ 36.1704, 0.4050,  
0.3108

■ 29.9195, 0.4401,  
0.3072

■ 25.0765, 0.4803,  
0.3050

■ 21.5316, 0.5234,  
0.3049

■ 19.1581, 0.5651,  
0.3077

■ 17.8041, 0.6000,  
0.3134

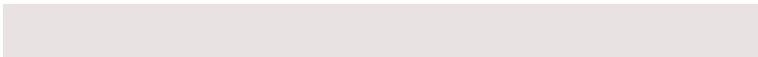
# Harmonies

## Analogous

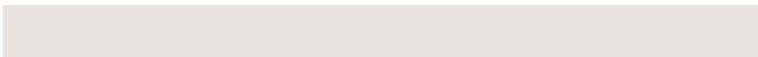
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.0946, 0.3139, 0.3260



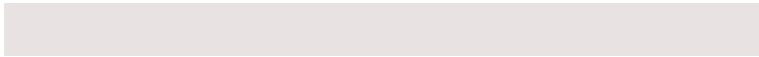
77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280



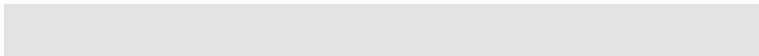
77.0946, 0.3176, 0.3303

# Triad

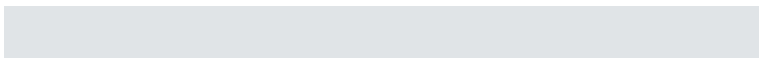
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280



77.0946, 0.3141, 0.3333



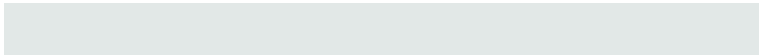
77.0946, 0.3078, 0.3258

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



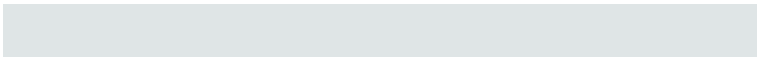
77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280



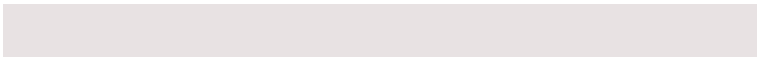
79.6132, 0.3093, 0.3300

# Split Complementary

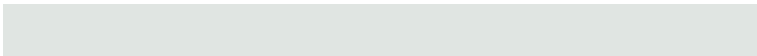
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.0946, 0.3079, 0.3277



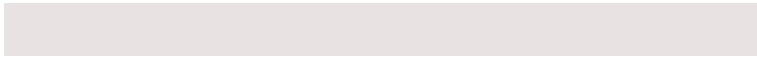
77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280



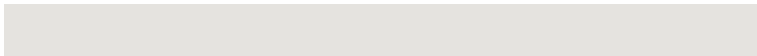
77.0946, 0.3115, 0.3321

# Square

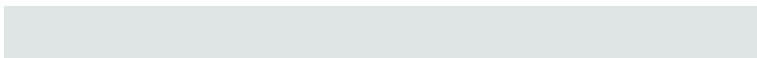
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



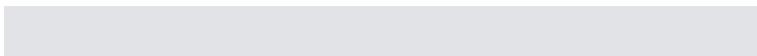
77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280



77.0946, 0.3164, 0.3334



77.0946, 0.3093, 0.3300

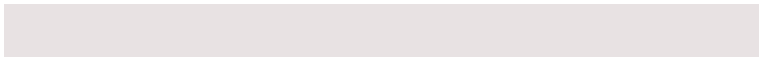


77.0946, 0.3091, 0.3247

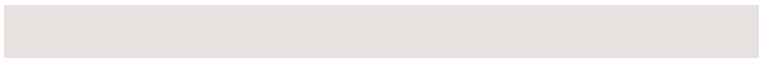


# Rectangle

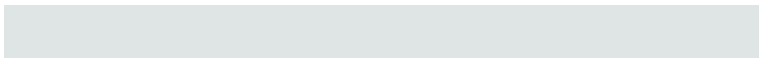
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



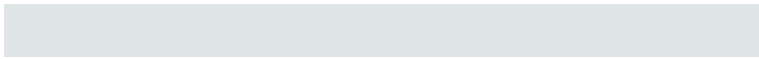
77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280



77.0946, 0.3178, 0.3317



77.0946, 0.3093, 0.3300



77.0946, 0.3077, 0.3263

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.0979, 0.3162, 0.3280



98.2471, 0.3141, 0.3286



77.2105, 0.3123, 0.3228



21.0474, 0.3140, 0.3286



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

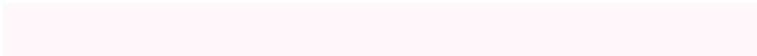


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.0979, 0.3162, 0.3280



94.8102, 0.3169, 0.3278



78.1205, 0.3167, 0.3311



15.9600, 0.3180, 0.3275



9.6134, 0.6161, 0.3168



0.7220, 0.5790, 0.2963



# Inverse Universe

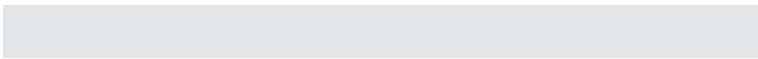
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.0979, 0.3162, 0.3280



94.8102, 0.3169, 0.3278



78.5676, 0.3088, 0.3269



15.9600, 0.3180, 0.3275



9.6134, 0.6161, 0.3168

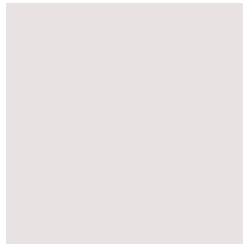


0.7220, 0.5790, 0.2963



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

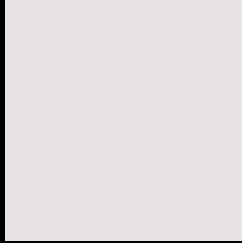
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

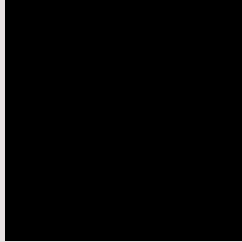
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

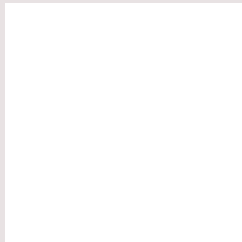
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280.

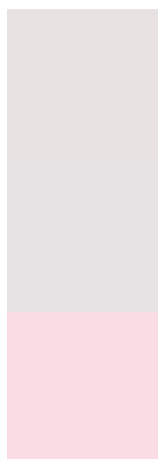


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280

### Protanopia

76.9277, 0.3155, 0.3280

### Deuteranopia

76.9276, 0.3282, 0.3209



## Tritanopia

77.1546, 0.3087, 0.3115

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280

## Protanomaly

76.9277, 0.3155, 0.3280

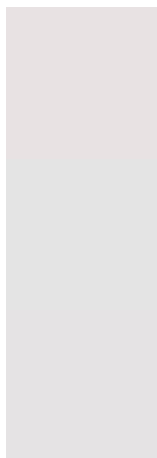
## Deuteranomaly

76.8987, 0.3237, 0.3229

## Tritanomaly

77.2302, 0.3112, 0.3176

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280

## Achromatopsia

77.5822, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

77.1976, 0.3135, 0.3280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 226, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 226, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 226, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 226, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 226, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 226, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 226, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 226, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 226, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 226,  
227) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 77.0946, 0.3162, 0.3280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 226, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
226, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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